

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLIX] No 7 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

Just a Few Days Left

in which to take advantage of the

GREAT BARGAINS AT OUR JAN'Y. SALE

We are clearing out all

Fall and Winter Footwear at Less Than Cost Prices.

There are some genuine bargains left which you cannot afford to pass by.

This week we placed on sale a line of Women's Dongola Blucher, regular \$3.00, and \$3.50 for \$2.49.

These Shoes are on exhibition in our west window.

We have a few pairs of Men's Felt Boots left, some with Felt Soles, some with Leather Soles, in Laced and Congress Styles. Prices less than cost. Be sure and inspect these bargains and save money.

ROYAL - SHOE - STORE,

Napanee, - Ontario.

S. G. HAWLEY, Manager.

SEASONABLE GOODS

ALL THE YEAR THROUGH



KINDEL DAVENPORT

Most comfortable bed at night and couch by day.

Sold at = \$29.00

Electric and Gas Portable Lamps, beautiful art glass, at the low price of \$4.00.

Call and examine our beautiful Nordheimer Piano.

Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

Napanee.

WALLPAPER !

OSTEOPATHY
"Health Without Drugs."

NEBULA HYPOTHESIS.

One of the Most Interesting Propositions of Science.

WHAT IT ACTUALLY MEANS.

That the Sun, Planets and All Matter Were Once a Vast Mass of Incandescent Gas All Jumbled Together in an Enormous Chaotic Cloud.

Everybody has heard the phrase, the nebula hypothesis, but what is it?

In a few words this is the meaning of "nebula hypothesis." That the sun, the planets and all that is in them were at one time in the inconceivably remote past a vast mass of chaotic, incandescent gas all jumbled together in an enormous nebula, or cloud.

To begin with, the first conception that science has dared to make, however, takes us one step further back. Without mentioning the origin of matter itself science conceives that in the beginning all matter was uniformly distributed throughout space - that there were no stars, no planets, no satellites, but that all space was filled with the matter we now have divided up into very fine particles some distance apart. The consistency of such material was perforce very thin indeed, much more rarefied than the highest vacuum we can obtain now by air pumps. From this state to the nebulous state the theory has a missing link, one that can only be satisfied by supposing divine command, for it assumes, in the words of Professor Todd, that "gradually centers of attraction formed and these centers pulled in toward themselves other particles. As a result of the inward falling of matter toward these centers, the collision of its particles and their friction upon each other the material masses grew hotter and hotter. Nebulae seeming to fill the entire heavens were formed - luminous fire mist, like the filmy objects still seen in the sky, though vaster and exceedingly numerous." This process is supposed to have gone on for countless ages, faster in some regions than in others. Many million nebulae were formed and set in rotation around their own axes. This happily can be explained by science. Whenever particles are attracted toward a center and are kept from falling directly to this center a whirlpool is formed, rotating in one direction. An example of this, though humble and not exactly analogous, is the rotation of water in a basin when the stopper is pulled out of the bottom. Gravity attracts the water immediately above the hole, which starts flowing out, thus leaving a space to be filled. The rest of the water rushes in from all sides to do this, and the whirlpool is the result.

Now each of these whirling nebulae became exceedingly hot, and each formed what is known as a star or sun, our sun being one. The earth and other planets had not then come into separate existence, of course, as

County Council 25

County Council Chambers,
Napanee, Jan. 25th, 1910.

Council met this day at 2 p.m., pursuant to statutes, the Clerk, Mr. W. G. Wilson, presiding.

The following County Councillors, having first filed their declarations of qualifications and of office, took their seats:

Adolphustown - C. F. Allison, Reeve.

Amherst Island - John Richards, Reeve.

Bath - G. A. Wartman, Reeve, Camden - John W. Reid, Reeve;

W. J. Allen, Deputy-Reeve. Denbigh, A. and A. - John Irish, Reeve.

Ernesttown - Clark Walker, Reeve; R. W. Longmore, Deputy-Reeve.

North Fredericksburgh - Chas. W. Hambly, Reeve.

South Fredericksburgh - Arthur B. Loyst, Reeve.

Kaladar, A. & E. - Robt. J. Campbell, Reeve.

Napanee - A. Alexander, Reeve. Newburgh - M. Ryan, Reeve.

Richmond - Chas. Anderson, Reeve. Sheffield - Smith Gilmour, Reeve.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Allison, that Smith Gilmour, Reeve of Sheffield, be elected Warden for the year 1910. Carried unanimously.

Mr. Edgar, ex-Warden, escorted Mr. Gilmour to the chair, after which Judge Madden administered the oath of declaration.

In his opening address the Warden-elect sincerely thanked his colleagues for the honor conferred upon him and upon his municipality, and asked for the hearty co-operation of all members of the Council. Among the important matters that would come up this year he mentioned the heating of the Court House, our County Road system, etc.

Ex-Wardens C. Edgar, L. L. Gallagher and Jas. Reid were asked to take a seat inside the circle, which they did. They also congratulated Mr. Gilmour upon his election to the highest office in the gift of the County Council, and referred to important matters that would come before them this year.

Mr. Edgar particularly asked the Council to look after the finances and not issue debentures this year.

Mr. Gallagher referred to the splendid financial condition of the County at present, compared with a few years ago. He did not think the public would condemn our County Road system, as he believed it to be just as good as in any other County. In reference to the matter of heating the Court House, he believed that the time was at hand when this matter should be attended to. By cutting down the County Road expenditure from \$15,000 to \$12,000, it would nearly pay for the system, which would be safer and cheaper than having a lot of stoves in operation. He also suggested the advisability of lengthening the County Council Chambers about ten feet, in order to allow more room for spectators.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Reid, that Messrs. Chas. Anderson, C. W. Hambly, John W. Reid, Clark Walker and A. B. Loyst be a special committee to strike the Standing Committees for the ensuing

Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

Napanee.

WALLPAPER !

This is a subject we think we can talk on with authority. For 15 weeks the past summer we travelled for the largest wall-paper factory in Canada and by studying the subject, and the plans of other merchants, feel that we can offer some good suggestions to our customers.

We have already put in stock

OVER 3 TONS OF NEW PAPER.

and when our stock is complete, which it will be in about two weeks, we can offer the very

Best Line we have Ever Had

In addition to our very large stock on hand we have the sample books of V. E. Ashdown & Co., Toronto's largest dealers; J. A. Holland & Co., Montreal; The Reg. N. Boxer Co., English and German Papers, and will be able to give you paper up to \$10 per roll.

Don't think you have to go to Toronto or Montreal for the best—you can get it right here, at

A. E. PAUL'S,

The Wallpaper Man.

COLLIER'S

Feed Mill and Evaporator

Grinding Every Day.

Feed Ground at
5c per 100 lbs.

D. S. COLLIER,

Near Reindeer Dock.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

CASH ASSETS EXCEED
\$55,000,000.

Policy-holders of the above Company are hereby notified that the Agency has been transferred from D. L. Green to D. McClew, Napanee. All matters of transfer or endorsement, etc. in connection with existing Policies or any new business will be promptly attended to by

D. McCLEW, Agent, Napanee.
OFFICE—Grange Block, John St.
P. O. Box 186.

Wallace's for Kodaks and Supplies.

Remember if it isn't an Eastman it isn't a Kodak. You can get all the supplies in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store. We do developing and printing and intend carrying a larger supply than kept in Napanee heretofore.

OSTEOPATHY

"Health Without Drugs."

Dr. Robert Garside Ashcroft and Dr. Edna Earle Ashcroft, 405 Princess Street, Kingston, Ont., Phone 117. Treatments at Napanee by appointment. \$5-6 m

FOR SALE.

- 1 good driving mare.
- 1 cutter.
- 2 buggies.
- 2 sets of single harness, Robes, blankets.
- Also one large parlor cook stove and range, nearly new.

Can be seen at

F. C. LLOYD'S,

South Napanee.

All outstanding accounts must be paid by February 4th, or placed in solicitor's hands for collection.

GREAT

FEBRUARY - SALE

20 to 30 Per Cent.
off all Goods.

Big Bargains !

Come in.

Sale starts Feb. 1st

Everything goes in this sale to make room for spring stock.

M. MAKER, opposite
Royal Hotel.

T. A. Huffman, Druggist,

—and—

Wallace's Drug Store

Another agency Mr. Huffman had and we did not mention

Grippura

(The famous Grippe Cure)

James Colling, who used to teach here in our Collegiate Institute, and afterwards principal at Cobourg, says: "One dose cured me. I gave it to five other teachers and they all declare that it broke up the attack of grippa."

Anything you have been in the habit of getting at Huffman's you can now get at
WALLACE'S, Napanee.

Kodak Supplies.

Cameras, films, developing powder, etc. Films developed by experienced hands at reasonable prices, at The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.—Fred L. Hooper.

Performance of Chimes of Normandy begins at 8 o'clock. Be sure and support the singers of our town.

above the hole, which starts flowing out, thus leaving a space to be filled. The rest of the water rushes in from all sides to do this, and the whirlpool is the result.

Now each of these whirling nebulae became exceedingly hot, and each formed what is known as a star or sun, our sun being one. The earth and other planets had not then come into separate existence, of course, as it is supposed that they were thrown off later from the sun.

Our sun in its nebulous form and rotating swiftly on its axis gradually flattened at its poles on account of centrifugal motion. This phenomenon is entirely familiar to those who have seen a ball of clay on a potter's wheel gradually flatten. The motion was so swift and the mass so nebulous that the sun to be took the shape of a disk. As time went on the outer part became cool and somewhat rigid, while the inner part continued its cooling and contracting. Thus the inner part drew away from the outer, leaving a ring of matter whirling around on the outside. This breaking off of the ring is supposed to be hastened by the inability of the outside to keep up the swift motion of the central mass, both on account of the slight cohesion and of the centrifugal force. But this particular part of the argument has nothing to stand on if the first law of motion is true.

In the successive stages of the sun's contraction this process was repeated over and over again, until several rings were whirling around the central orb. They would necessarily be in the same plane. Now, these rings, not being uniform in mass or thickness, would each gradually accumulate toward the densest portion until they, too, would form a ball which would subsequently flatten, and if the substance continued nebulous and the ball was large enough they would also slough rings.

Of course the rings the sun discarded have become the planets, which, as required by the theory, are all very nearly in the same plane. The rings that the planets formed have become moons or satellites. So we are driven to conclude that our sun at one time filled all the space from his present position to the farthest planet in the solar system.

From this theory there is another thing that we have to believe, and that is that every star in the heavens has gone through this same process and has a family of planets sailing around it, just as our sun has. It would be impossible to see these planets, of course, for it is impossible to see a star, even with the greatest telescope except as a mere point of light.

As regards the proving of this nebula hypothesis, of course it cannot be done. But everything points to its accuracy. Many nebulae are seen ever now among the stars that seem to be going through the delayed process of world forming. Around one of the planets of our own solar system, Saturn, are three rings, which are probably destined in time to become moons in the opinion of some scholars.—A. T. Hodge in New York Tribune.

Feed ground for 6 cents per hundred at the big mill.

J. R. Dafeo wishes to notify his customers and the public generally that the price for grinding feed at the big mill for the present and until further notice will be six cents per hundred pounds with one pound per hundred off for waste. The mill is equipped with two of the best grinding machines known to the trade with a capacity of twenty-five tons per day, feed ground as fine as desired and ready when you call for it.

Your patronage solicited,

E. H.

J. R. DAFOE.

likely pay for the system, which would be safer and cheaper than having a lot of stoves in operation. He also suggested the advisability of lengthening the County Council Chambers about ten feet, in order to allow more room for spectators.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Reid, that Messrs. Chas. Anderson, C. W. Hamby, John W. Reid, Clark Walker and A. B. Loyst be a special committee to strike the Standing Committees for the ensuing year. Carried.

On motion the special committee were asked to bring in their report at 10 a.m. to-morrow.

On motion the Council adjourned until to-morrow at 10 a.m., to allow the committee to strike the Standing Committees.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment.

Members all present, Warden in the chair.

Minutes of yesterday's session were read, and on motion were adopted.

The Special Committee appointed at yesterday's session to strike the Standing Committees for the year 1910, reported as follows:

Finance—Messrs. Ryan, Allen, Allison, Wartman and Walker.

County Property—Messrs. Walker, Reid, Anderson, Loyst, and Richards Roads and Bridges—Messrs. Anderson, Hamby, Wartman, Reid and Loyst.

Education and Printing—Messrs. Allen, Longmore, Alexander, Irish, and Campbell.

On motion the report of the Committee was adopted.

On motion the Council adjourned for a few minutes in order to allow the Committees to select their chairmen and secretaries, which resulted as follows:

Finance—M. Ryan, Chairman; W. J. Allen, Secretary.

County Property—C. Walker, Chairman; A. B. Loyst, Secretary.

Roads and Bridges—Chas. Anderson, Chairman; G. A. Wartman, Secretary.

Education and Printing—W. J. Allen, Chairman; A. Alexander, Secretary.

Moved by Mr. Allen, seconded by Mr. Hamby, that Messrs. Anderson, Reid and Loyst be a special committee to have charge of the Road Superintendents, machinery, etc., to act on complaints and grievances, and to see that the work is done in due season. Carried.

A communication was received from D. Guthrie, Inspector of Registry Offices, asking that the Council have abstract indexes prepared for the Village of Camden East.

After considerable discussion as to cost of same, it was moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Allison, that the matter of preparing an index for Camden East be deferred for this year, owing to the financial condition of the County at present, and that the Inspector of Registry Offices



A House on Your Hands

Did you ever figure out how small a percentage of our population pass your house, where they could see a "To Let" sign, or how large a percentage read our paper? Good tenants are not the kind that have time to waste in going around looking for signs. They look in our Want Ads.

If you have a house on your hands, a "House to Let" ad. will bring them to you.

Copyright 1910 E. W. McClellan

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THE EXPRESS.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY
finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.
M. S. MADOLE

CANADA—FRIDAY, JANUARY 28th, 1910

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

25 Per Cent.
Discount
—on—

Ready-to-Wear
Clothing

ALL THIS MONTH

\$18 and \$20 Suits made to
your measure, \$15.

\$5 and \$6 Pants on sale
Jan. 22, 24 and 25, \$3.95.

See Window Display.

J. L. BOYES,

be notified accordingly. Carried.

Mr. Minnes and Mr. Lockett, of
Kingston, were present, on behalf of
the General Hospital.

Mr. Minnes stated that the stand-
ard of efficiency in the hospital was
of the very best. Thirty-six nurses
are employed, and the average cost
per patient per day in 1909 was
\$7c. The total number of days
spent in the institution by patients
from Lennox and Addington during
the year was 2,123 at a total cost
of \$1,847.01. Of this amount the
County gave \$500.00, Township Coun-
cils \$180.00, Government grant
\$308.64, and pay patients \$70.50,
leaving a deficit of over \$700.00. He
asked the Council to increase the
grant from \$500.00 to \$600.00 if
possible.

Moved by Mr. Loyst, seconded by
Mr. Walker, that the matter of
grants to the General Hospital and
Hotel Dieu, Kingston, be left in the
hands of the Finance Committee to
report. Carried.

A communication was received from
Mr. A. W. Campbell, re work done on
County Roads. On motion the matter
was left in the hands of the
Roads and Bridges Committee.

Council adjourned until 1.30 p.m.
(Balance of report next week.)

MILLHAVEN.

Mr. Smith and family, Kingston,
have moved into his brick house which
he lately purchased.

Fredrick Finnigan, from the west,
is visiting relatives here.

Reuben Collins, of Watertown, N.
Y., visited relatives here recently.

Miss Emma Finnigan, of Parrot's
Bay, spent Sunday at J. F. Baker's.

Miss Ethel Thymson spent a few days

NAPANEE RINK LIMITED.

A meeting was held on Monday
evening of those who had subscribed
for stock in the new skating rink and
the preliminary organization was af-
fected.

Mr. J. W. Robinson was elected
chairman of the meeting and C. M.
Warner, Secretary.

It was decided to apply at once for a
Provincial Charter under the name of
"Napanee Rink Limited" and have the
Capital Stock placed at \$10,000.00 di-
vided into 1000 shares of \$10 each.

After this work had been completed
the following stock holders were named
as provisional directors: H. Daly, W.
A. Grange, J. W. Robinson, W. C.
Smith, R. G. H. Travers, J. P. Vroom-
an, T. B. Wallace, C. M. Warner,
U. M. Wilson.

This completed the business of the
evening. A general discussion with
regard to the style of rink to be erect-
ed and the location of the rink follow-
ed the business meeting. These are
important questions and all of the
stockholders are requested to make
any suggestions that come to mind in
order that the provisional directors
may make no mistakes in this work.

This Company is organized now and
it should be the aim of everyone to aid
in soliciting subscriptions for stock.
Each of the directors has a subscrip-
tion list and if our citizens will sub-
scribe for 1, 2, 5 or 10 shares, as they
can afford, it will make the enterprise
a success. We need the rink in Nap-
anee and a \$10 subscriber is helping
the work. Don't wait to be asked for
the subscription, but go to one of the
directors and put your name down.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BELL ROCK.

Surveyors have been busy for some
days running lines for the track of the
C. N. R. between Centreville and
Verona.

The crossing over the long bridge is
quite difficult on account of the high
water.

The parents as well as the pupils of
our public school are well pleased that
our popular teacher Mr. T. E. Furs
has decided to remain for another year.

Miss Goldie Sanborn has returned to
her school near Mountain Grove.

Visitors: Miss Bessie Fenwick, En-
terprise, at J. Yorke's; Miss Stella
Timmons at Mr. Dillon's, Wilkinson;
Miss Nellie Mills, Petworth, at M.
Percy's; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Perault
and Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Timmons at
John Timmon's.

Jessop's have the freshest drug stock
in Napanee. Not only the freshest,
but the best quality of drugs, at the
best prices. We guarantee every-
thing fresh and good or money
refunded. Jessop's Pharmacy.

WAGARVILLE.

The weather is very fine after the
recent storm. There was no service
on Sunday on account of bad roads.
Farmers are still busy drawing wood
and hay.

William Clark and son, Marshall,
from Dresden, are renewing old ac-
quaintances here.

Thomas Wagar, Moscow, visited at
W. McCumber's last week.

Miss Jennie Wagar visited at Ard.
Wagar's; Miss M. McCumber at W.
Goodfellow's, Parkham; Mr. T. Wagar
and Miss M. Hartman at R. Wagar's.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafoe and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock
and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of
the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared
to supply the following first-class building material:—

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile

in fact anything required in the building trade. Lumber Dressed,
and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafoe's Office
will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

DR. C. E. WILSON,
Physician, Surgeon, Accouchour.

Office—Bridge Street, opposite Western
Methodist Church. Phone No. 138.

Office Hours: 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 3
p. m. to 5 p. m.; 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

TO RENT—Store occupied by T. A.
Huffman, druggist. Apply to R. C.
CARTWRIGHT.

FOR SALE—Cheap—1 quarter-cut-oak
bedroom suite, one quarter-cut-oak side-
board, one range, all as good as new. Apply
to MRS. GEO. MAYBEE, Dundas street.

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East
Street formerly occupied by the late
Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON
WARNER & GRANGE.

WANTED—Young man to learn freight
clerk's duties. Apply to O. R. LAID-
LEY, G. T. R. station.

FOR SALE—Desirable house and lot on
Water Street. Also Frame Stores and
Brick Photo Gallery on Dundas Street, opposite
Campbell House. Apply to
M. PIZZARIELLO.

FOUND—Strayed on the
premises of Mr. W. A. Smith, Belleville
road, on Dec. 30th, a small bound. Owner may
have same by proving property and paying
charges. FRANK SMITH, Deseronto.

TEACHER WANTED.—A qualified
School Teacher for Union Section Nos. 1
and 3, South Fredericksburgh. Apply, stating
salary, to M. R. ROWSE, or A. P. YOUNG,
Trustees, Bath.

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and
Belleville districts. Many of these are
valuable farms, and at right prices. Call at
once or write for list. We can suit you, and
you will save time and money. Also some
good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN,
Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

LOST—Near Forest Mills, on December
28th, 1909, two black and tan bound
medium size, dog and bitch. Dog has scar on
inside of left front leg just above the knee,
and a little white on breast. The bitch is of a
light tan with dark colored back. Information
may be left with the proprietor of the Brisco
House.

Portable

Rand Saw Mill

DOXSEE & CO.

Ribbon Sale!

Saturday, Jan. 8th.

Our stock is too large and must be reduced
before stock-taking.

See our window for
Prices.

Millinery

Everything in Trimmed Felt and Vel-
vet—half price. All Untrimmed Felt
Hats at 50c each.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up.....\$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided
Profits.....5,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public..45,700,000
Total Assets.....58,900,000
Travellers and Commercial Letters of
Credit issued available throughout
the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.

MILLHAVEN.

Mr. Smith and family, Kingston, have moved into his brick house which he lately purchased.

Fredrick Finnigan, from the west, is visiting relatives here.

Reuben Collins, of Watertown, N. Y., visited relatives here recently.

Miss Emma Finnigan, of Parrot's Bay, spent Sunday at J. F. Baker's.

Miss Ethel Thurston spent a few days recently with friends at Parrot's Bay.

FAIR VIEW

The heavy rain on Thursday spoiled the sleighing.

Miss Maggie Lowery is very low; little hope of her recovery.

W. H. Cotman entertained some friends at dinner last week.

Edward Young sold some young cattle last week for a good price.

Mrs. Gordanier is talking of building a new bridge.

Mrs. Saugie, of the North West, was a recent visitor at Capt. Bartley's.

Stephen Bennett spent Friday at John Bennett's.

Pure Saltpetre 15c per pound, at Jessop's Pharmacy.

MARYSVILLE.

The recent rain and wind storms have spoiled the sleighing, but the snowstorm on Sunday made it good in some places.

Miss Pearl Steward, Shannonville, spent Sunday with Mrs. J. C. Meagher.

A few young ladies from the burgh spent Sunday with friends at Lonsdale.

Miss Kate Fields spent Sunday with Miss M. McGuinness.

Mr. W. Martin entertained a few of his friends on Wednesday evening.

Miss Nell McCullough and brother, Jack, spent Thursday evening with Miss Lil Drummev.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Meagher spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. J. Corrigan.

Don't forget the entertainment given in the C. M. B. A. hall on Monday evening 31st. Everybody welcome.

Ask those who have tried Jessop's Tasteless Preparation of Cod Liver Oil or their Emulsion. They will tell you how good it is.

YARKER.

Harold Freeman, recently injured by hill sliding, is all right again.

An effort is being made to have a skating rink here on Mrs. Montgomery's lot, adjacent to the river.

Walter Cummings, endeavoring to separate two fighting dogs, had his hand bitten.

William Silver doing up the wood piles with his new gasoline engine.

The old balsam tree in front of the old Shibley house has been cut down.

Misses Irwin and Patterson, attending the Holiness convention at Kingston, are home again.

The Orangemen of this section will hold their annual oyster supper in the Orange hall, Colebrook, on Tuesday.

Jacob Shibley has drawn some massive pine logs to Woodmuckett mill. They are well worth going to see as old residents here say they are the largest logs ever seen in this section.

Jav Hamilton has moved to the Bay Shore to operate a farm for Mr. Allison.

Revival services in Colebrook will be continued this week.

Miss Edith Baxter left for New York city to train as nurse.

It would be well if the high school was in Yarker instead of Newburgh as Yarker is a junction point. Trains reach here every morning in time for scholars to attend school. Now they are forced to board out, which comes heavy on the pocket of many who are hardly able to stand the expense.

Mrs. Charles Emberly is very ill.

Hugh Cambridge, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., is visiting his sister, Mrs. M. Lake.

Lice on Cattle.

At this season of the year a powder is much more convenient than a liquid for killing lice, but the point is. To get a good powder Bill Brandon's recipe is the best thing we have found yet. Made up fresh while you wait at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee.

Farmers are still drawing wood and hay.

William Clark and son, Marshall, from Dresden, are renewing old acquaintances here.

Thomas Wagar, Moscow, visited at W. McCumber's last week.

Miss Jennie Wagar visited at Ard. Wagar's; Miss M. McCumber at W. Goodfellow's, Parkham; Mr. T. Wagar at Miss M. Hartman at R. Wagar's; Mr. and Mrs. G. Raymond at Long Lake, on Sunday.

Mrs. H. Wagar and Mrs. W. Wagar visited Mrs. G. Howes.

Rumor says a wedding in the near future.

DESERONTO.

At a meeting of Craig Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 401, held on St. John's night, the following officers were installed by W. Bro. G. W. Wright: W. Bro. James Sexsmith, W. M.; W. Bro. Fred J. Frost, I. M. P.; Bro. S. A. Putman, S. W.; Bro. J. H. Wonnacott, J. W.; R. W. Bro. Rev. R. J. Craig, Chaplain; W. Bro. R. J. S. Dewar, Treasurer; Bro. W. J. McMickin, Secretary; Bro. Harry Whiting, S. D.; Bro. Wm. Stoddart, J. D.; Bro. John D. Hampton, M. of C.; Bro. Harry Whiting, Organist; Bro. Isaac Allum, S. S.; Bro. R. T. Detlor J. S.; Bro. W. J. Alexander, I. G.; W. Bro. R. N. Irvine, Tyler.

The following officers of United Empire Lodge, No. 125, S. O. E. B. S., were installed on Thursday evening, January 6: Past President, Bro. A. Goodman; President, Bro. Robert Large; Vice-President, Bro. W. G. Woodgate; Chaplain, Bro. William Parry; Secretary, Bro. J. H. Wonnacott; Treasurer, Bro. W. H. Mellow; Surgeon, Dr. Vandervoort; Committee, Bros. Herb E. Dyer, W. J. Thorical, Geo. C. Dyer, E. J. Jackson, Wm. Yates, Thos. S. Rowley; Inside Guard, Bro. W. J. Galt; Outside Guard, Bro. A. Harband, D. D. Bro. W. R. Vallance, of Belleville, was present, assisted by Bro. Thos. Waymark, Past President of Oxford Lodge, installed the officers in a very acceptable manner, after which the brethren adjourned to the supper room to partake of a sumptuous repast. The toasts were to His Majesty the King, the Supreme Lodge and the officers and members of the United Empire Lodge. The evening was interspersed with songs by Bros. Large, Rowlev and Harband.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church held a house party at the home of Mrs. VanVlack, Napanee Road, on Thursday evening, when a large crowd went from here, the busses leaving Mrs. Warden's store, and they all enjoyed a splendid gathering. A tea will be given by the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church at the home of Mrs. M. Lazier, on Thursday from three to five.

Misses Vivian Hamby, Hester Gibbard and Rena Dinner spent Wednesday with Miss Jennie Dryden.

Captain Frank Barnhardt left this week for a visit to friends in Toronto, Cleveland and Detroit.

Miss Pauline Roblin, of Belleville, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Howard Vandusen, Stanley avenue.

D. Vandusen, of Detroit, spent a few days with his brother, Howard Vandusen.

Mrs. R. E. Wilson and her two sons, Masters Edward and Ajer, are the guest of her mother, Mrs. James Whitton.

Mr. E. MacMoran, of Port Hope, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. John Wonnacott, of Belleville, is spending a few days with his son, H. Wonnacott.

Miss Purdy, nurse-in-training at the General Hospital, Kingston, spent Wednesday with her parents, Councilor and Mrs. J. R. Stalton.

The recent rains and soft weather has made the ice on the bay become somewhat soft, especially around some of the wharves, where open water could be seen.

The Picton correspondent to the Whig writes thus: "Arnold Platt, Picton, while partaking of oysters at the Oddfellow's supper Tuesday night, was the lucky finder of a large sized pearl in the stew. The pearl is said to be worth probably \$25.

inside of left front leg just above the knee, and a little white on breast. The bitch is of a light tan with dark colored back. Information may be left with the proprietor of the Brisco House.

Portable

Band Saw Mill !

Breeze & Dennison are erecting a Portable Band Saw Mill in the Village of Newburgh, which will be in operation in a couple of weeks.

From 20 to 25 per cent. more lumber is produced by this process than by the circular saw.

Parties having logs to cut are invited to give them a trial.

CHAS. WALKER,

Operator and Manager.

4-2m

ATTEND THE

PETERBOROUGH BUSINESS COLLEGE

That institution which is educating and finding positions for such a large number of young men and women.

ENTER ANY TIME NOW IS THE BEST

Individual Instruction Circulars Free

GEO. SPOTTON Pres.

J. A. McKONE Prin.

There is a Difference

in the quality of Cod Liver Oil. The "LOFOFEN BRAND" is expressed from the fresh cod livers of the fish inhabiting the region of the Lofoten Islands, off the coast of Norway. It is the best. Sold at The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.— Fred L. Hooper.

Northern Crown Bank !

Capital (authorized) = \$6,000,000

Capital (paid up) = \$2,200,000

Deposits of any amount over one dollar are received in the Savings Department, and can be withdrawn by check without unnecessary formality or delay.

MANAGERS :

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager,

Odessa Branch,
A. P. S. DONALDSON,
Manager.

Enterprise Branch,
W. F. MORGAN DEAN,
Act'g. Mgr.

Bath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.

Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price, \$300 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$300 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.00.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. 2-6m

Lax-ets 5 Sweet to Eat
A Candy Novel London.

The Farm

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

The barns which are warmest are not the most healthful for sheep. What sheep want is plenty of fresh air and freedom from cold winds and storms. They do not care how cold it is, if snow and fierce blasts do not reach them.

About eighteen or twenty inches room at the racks should be allowed each sheep, additional racks being constructed to accommodate the growing flock. Plenty of room at the grain troughs should be provided. About ten square feet of floor space is necessary for each mature sheep.

The most important day in a colt's life is when he first learns to carry a burden upon his back. A small laprobe is strapped upon him, and he is let loose, to tear up and down the fields and shake it off if he can. Then a double blanket is strapped across him like a saddle, and after awhile he can bear the weight of the saddle itself, and then the weight of a boy.

There is no time or labor expended in the dairy that brings so large a return for the investment as a proper use of the card and brush three minutes per day per cow for that period in the year when they are confined in the stable. The cow that will produce 250 pounds of butter in a year will as a rule, by the aid of the card and brush, kindly and well used, increase to 300 pounds on feed and care otherwise the same.

The heifer with the dairy form always develops into a cow with dairy form, while the ones that incline to be rounded and smooth make round, smooth cows, of very fact that the feed is largely responsible for form or that feed will make or retard dairy development; and the time is coming when less stress will be laid on how to feed heifers, on the theory that the future usefulness of heifers is impaired by improper feeding.

In feeding poultry this time of the year, and, for that matter, any time of the year, a sharp distinction should be made between food that fattens and food that makes bone, muscle, tissue and eggs. The food that makes bone and tissue is also the food that makes eggs. If fed to the young chickens, it makes them grow in size and stature, with heavy bones and strong muscles. That is the kind of frame we need in chickens, for then, when the time comes, they have a large carcass on which to lay their fat. If fattening food is given to them when they are young, they become plump and dumpy little birds, very pretty to look at and eat, but not practical for commercial purposes.

There is plenty of opposition to the idea of using common cows for building up a good herd of animals for beef purposes; but that opposition is too often of a flimsy nature. A good common cow foundation is an excellent thing. The animals are strong and hardy and they are capable of vast improvements. There will be some in the herd which may be useless. Weed them out gradually and keep on building ordinary value as milkers. These results lead away from the theory

usually safer to use that. As soon as the weather becomes warm in the spring, take out the windows and put in this wire netting, nailing it on over the outside, so if it becomes necessary during a sudden cold spell to put in the windows temporarily, this can be done without trouble. The fresh air thus admitted will be of great value to the health and comfort of the fowls.

FROM PALACE TO ALMSHOUSE

Wife of Former President of Guatemala is Destitute.

From a palace where she presided as first lady of the land to an almshouse refuge—such is the fate that has overtaken Senora Alagera Barrios, wife of a former president of Guatemala.

With an almost complete impairment of her vision, penniless and without means to earn a livelihood, Senora Barrios knocked for admittance at the Touro-Shakespeare almshouse in New Orleans New Year's day.

Her husband, Jose Maria Reno Barrios, was assassinated a short time after his accession to the presidency. Senora Barrios then went to Europe, where she remained for sometime. The fortune she inherited from her husband was dissipated through mismanagement of those in charge of it, she asserts. For several months she has lived obscurely in New Orleans.

At the office of the Guatemalan consul it was declared that if the wife of the former president would return to Guatemala to live, she would receive a pension from that government equal to the salary paid her husband. This, it was asserted, she had refused to do.

It was stated that \$30 a month was paid to her for a considerable time by the consulate under instructions from the president of Guatemala. The Guatemalan government is now bearing the expense of the education of Consuello, daughter of Barrios, at a school in London.

Mme. Barrios before her marriage was Miss Alagera Benton, a native of Virginia, but it was while living in New York that she met Gen. Barrios and married him when she was 14 years old.

FRENCH REVOLUTION RELIC.

Knife of Guillotine Used in Execution of Marie Antoinette.

The knife of the guillotine used at the execution of Louis XVI, and Marie Antoinette has been discovered in the museum of a private collector in Brussels. This gruesome relic seems well authenticated, says the London Globe.

From a note by M. Gustave Barbir in the illustration it seems that M. Dubois, director des Halles de Bruxelles, acquired it by purchase in 1843 from Mme. Roch, widow of the executor des hautes oeuvres. Up to this time Mme. Roch declared that it had never passed out of her possession. The late M. Deibler claimed it, but as he would not pay the widow refused to accede to his request. He complained to the Minister of Justice, with the result that the widow was desired to take the blade to the Archives. But as the State seemed to emulate M. Deibler's parsimony the widow stuck to her grim souvenir and sold it to M. Dubois.

The humorous side of this relic follows, but we must first complete

AN ADVENTURER'S DEATH

ROSS RAYMOND WAS A SOLDIER OF FORTUNE.

Had Splendid Abilities—Perpetrated Wonderful Frauds in Many Countries.

One of the most daring and accomplished adventurers in the world has just died in Nevada.

Convict, soldier of fortune, newspaper editor, naval officer, Ross Raymond, had he chosen to go straight, might have made an enviable position for himself, for that he was a man of remarkable ability there is no doubt.

He was known practically all over the world. In England he had served ten years in Portland prison for impersonating a nobleman. In Paris he is remembered for the feat of pretending that he was a courier of the Khedive, and in this character making off with a collection of the rarest gems. In India he traveled as a rajah with a retinue of over a hundred servants and many elephants.

Raymond was employed in 1876 as a reporter on a Chicago paper, says The London Daily Mail. He was a handsome young man, very intelligent, and did his work in a satisfactory way for a few months. Then he resigned and disappeared. At the moment his salary account was somewhat overdrawn.

"After meeting with some ups and downs," said the newspaper manager who employed him, "I received a cable message one day from Cairo advising me that a battle had been fought; that he, Raymond, had been an eye-witness, and asking if I desired a report. I replied at once that I did, and he sent me an excellent description of the battle of Tel-el-Kebir—very truthful and very graphic. For this service he refused any compensation, pleading that he was my debtor and was glad to do me a service.

SOME DARING FRAUDS.

"On one occasion he appeared in Birmingham, called on Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, and announced himself as an orchid farmer of New Jersey. Then he went to Stratford-on-Avon, to which city Mr. George W. Childs, the American philanthropist, had given a public fountain. There he announced himself as a nephew of Mr. Childs, and, after inspecting the fountain with great care, passed a number of bogus cheques and obtained several hundred pounds.

"Subsequently he appeared in Paris, called at the Hotel Bristol, and described himself as the courier of the Khedive of Egypt, who was to arrive that evening. He took an expensive suite, told the manager that it was the Khedive's birthday, and that he desired to arrange a dinner in His Highness' honor. Elaborate preparations for a dinner of twenty-four covers were made.

"Finally Raymond announced that on the Khedive's birthday it was customary for each member of his suite to make him a small gift of jewelry, and asked the manager to send for an assortment of articles appropriate to the occasion. Jewels of considerable value were brought to his room. He selected a number, and asked that they

ABOUT MOUNT ARARAT.

Local Villagers Show Exact Spot Where Noah Descended.

The region of Mount Ararat and the local traditions which still keep alive the story of the Ark having rested there were described recently in a lecture given in London before the Royal Geographical Society by Capt. Bertram Dickson, who made a series of journeys to the neighborhood while British Military Consul at Van.

The country east of the Tigris, he said, was known to the ancient Assyrians as the Mountains of Nairi and at other times the Niphates and the Mountains of Urartu, from which comes the name Ararat. The Bible historian took the account of the Ark resting on Ararat from the Chaldean legend which made it rest on the Mountains of Urartu; while local traditions, Christian, Moslem and Yezidi (or devil worshippers) alike make its resting place Jebel Judi, a striking sheer rocky wall of 7,000 feet which frowns over Mesopotamia.

Common sense also suggested that with a subsiding flood in the plains a boat would more probably run aground on the high ridge at the edge of the plain rather than on a solitary peak, miles from the plains, with many high ridges intervening. The lecturer thought himself that the local tradition had the greater element of truth.

There is a large Ziarat (Zijurat or sanctuary) at the top of Jebel Judi where every year in August is held a great fete, attended by thousands of energetic Moslems, Christians and Yezidis, who climb the steepest of trails for 7,000 feet in the terrific Summer's heat to do homage to Noah.

This mountain seems to have been held sacred at all times, and certainly it has a wonderful fascination about it, with its huge precipices and jagged, tangled crags watching over the vast Mesopotamian plain.

The local villagers can show one the exact spot where Noah descended, whilst in one village, Hassana, they showed his grave and the vineyard where he is reputed to have indulged over freely in the juice of the grape, the owner declaring that the vines have been passed from father to son ever since.

Capt. Dickson recounted some curious stories of the inhabitants of these regions, particularly the Kurds. These people, he said, claim to be the descendants of Solomon by his concubines, and though nominally one race, they are split up into numerous hostile clans, with little in common but their language and their love of a gun and cartridges.

ELECTRIC AGRICULTURE.

Experiments With Plants Growing in Charged Atmosphere.

Researches and experiments on the employment of electricity in order to hasten the growth of plants were recently commenced on the German Emperor's properties at Dahlen, near Berlin, Germany.

These experiments, which were directed by Dr. Hoechternann, showed that the growth of plants, bulbs and cereals may be advanced by charging the air above and around them with electricity. An attempt is being made at present to ascertain the difference of growth of plants when the air about them is charged with electricity and of plants growing in normal condi-

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the idea of using common cows for building up a good herd of animals for beef purposes; but that opposition is too often of a flimsy nature. A good common cow foundation is an excellent thing. The animals are strong and hardy and they are capable of vast improvements. There will be some in the herd which may be useless. Weed them out gradually, and keep on building ordinary value as milkers. These results lead away from the theory ing up with the best. Get thoroughbred bull and half the battle is won. The first cross will show some good results, and the second and third will show steady and pronounced improvements. The half-bred steers will make good beef, and they will in most cases fatten as easily and rapidly as many full-blooded steers.

FARM NOTES.

A proper selection of feeds, with a consideration of their feeding value, as well as price, will go far toward making milk production a success.

One advantage of farming is that the farmer never becomes either very rich or very poor. Extreme poverty degrades, and great riches have an equally bad effect in creating extravagant habits.

There is much work that can be done to prepare for the coming months in the way of preparing tools, machines and getting the teams ready for work, buying such tools, seeds and fertilizers as will be needed, and having all ready for the first opportunity.

The sale crops on the average farm, practising the usual four-year rotation, corn, wheat, clover, timothy, are the whole wheat (gram) crop; about half the corn (gram); and about half the timothy hay. All the other parts of the crop are returned in one form or another to the soil.

The office of potash as plant food is to help form the starch, and such crops as corn and potatoes, which contain a large amount of starch, need more potash than those that have but little starch. Light, sandy, and peaty soils, need it more than clayey soils. The murite gives a good quality of potatoes on light soils, but on heavy clay the sulphate produces the better quality.

In considering the feeding value of various forage plants for general use on the average farm, where growing animals is the prominent feature, the total available nutrient provided by the various crops under average conditions must be the basis. Especially is this the case since the additional amount of protein needed for much cows can be more cheaply obtained in mill products than in farm grains.

The lack of profit in farming to-day is due to the fact that the methods of a generation ago are not adapted to present conditions and there has not been a sufficient number of young men willing to prepare themselves and take up the business as it must be taken up to-day in order to make it profitable. There is no other business successfully conducted at present upon the lines in which it was conducted 50 years ago, and farming is no exception to the general rule.

The poultry-house may be exposed to the air in perfect safety by an expense of a few cents for wire netting. Two-inch mesh is suitable where the danger is not great from rats and weasels, but as inch-wide mesh costs little, it is

claimed it, but as he would not pay the widow refused to accede to his request. He complained to the Minister of Justice, with the result that the widow was desired to take the blade to the Archives. But as the State seemed to emulate M. Deibler's parsimony the widow stuck to her grim souvenir and sold it to M. Dubois.

The humorous side of this relic follows, but we must first complete the title. M. Roch received the knife from his predecessor, M. Hemdreich, who himself had obtained it from Henri Sanson, the last descendant of the dynasty of this name. Now, Henri Sanson was the grandson of the executioner of the hapless King and Queen.

He was dismissed from his high office on account of a scandal. The executioner, suffering from the "res augusta," had to raise a loan, and his fertility of idea succeeded where most men would have failed, and to tell the truth he pawned the guillotine. And, adds a Paris contemporary which relates the story: "La Veuve chez la Tante; cette rencontre parut intolérable." As an instance of morbid humor this is "facile princeps." The recent sale by auction of the guillotine can only be classed "proxime accessit."

THE CREAKING TEMPERATURE.

This, Mr. Gozzle Puts at About 10 Degrees.

"I don't know at just what degree of cold we strike creaking temperature. Creaking temperature," repeated Mr. Gozzle, "why that's the degree of winter cold in which wheels make that shivery, creaking sound in the snow. I say I don't know at just what degree creaking begins, but I guess it's about 10. I dropped my thermometer and broke it one day last week and so now I have to guess at how hot or cold it is, but I guess 10 would be about right."

"Yesterday morning when I went out for the paper, I always go for the paper so as to give myself a breath of fresh air before breakfast, the thermometer at the news store was 17, and no creak. This morning when I went out the thermometer was 4 above, and the wheels were creaking loudly. I suppose that if you should average these two temperatures, 17 and 4, you would come pretty close to the temperature at which creaking starts, which would be say 10; that may not be quite exact, but I guess it's close enough for all practical purposes."

"Anyhow, I know that when I wake up these days and hear the wagons going by with their wheels creaking in the snow I say to myself: 'Br-r-r!' But this is a cold morning."

APPEARANCES.

"Jedgin' people by appearance," said Uncle Eben, "is purty much like choosin' a chicken by de color of its feathers, 'stid o' weighin' it."



A turkey gobbler.—Life.

ner of twenty-four covers were made.

"Finally Raymond announced that on the Khedive's birthday it was customary for each member of his suite to make him a small gift of jewelry, and asked the manager to send for an assortment of articles appropriate to the occasion. Jewels of considerable value were brought to his room. He selected a number, and asked that they might be deposited in the hotel safe.

"When he had established confidence he requested that the jewels be sent to his room. This having been done, he gathered them together, walked out of the hotel, and took train for England. The jewels were valued at £3,000.

"In 1890 he again ventured into Birmingham, and palmed off a forged bill, ostensibly signed by George Augustus Sala. He was traced to Lincolnshire and captured. On leaving jail he returned to the United States, and because of his extraordinary capacity was appointed editor of a Philadelphia paper. In a few months, however, he was at his old tricks again.

"I SHALL SEE HIM AS HE IS."

"He appeared in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, described himself as a colonel in the British Army, and acted the part to perfection. He was taken into a leading club and feted for a week. Then it was discovered he had secured funds from almost all his newly-made acquaintances on forged cheques. He was arrested and incarcerated for a month.

"A year or two later he turned up in New York, and called upon the president of Columbia University, pretending to be the 'Professor of English Literature from Oxford University.' After obtaining money he called upon the president of one of the leading banks, impersonated a partner in a London banking house, talked most intelligently upon economics, and secured more cash. As a result of his adventure he was taken into custody.

"I was appealed to by his friends to see him in goal. I did so, and suggested that the only possible plea for him was one of insanity. I believed then, and I believe now, that it would have been the proper one. To my amazement he rose and was about to strike me. 'Never,' he said, 'will I leave a stigma of that kind upon my family.'

"He was convicted and imprisoned for another term, during which he served in most extraordinary fashion as the editor of the prison newspaper, writing editorial articles of astonishing worth. After he was liberated his health broke down, and he was finally sent to Nevada, where he died."

Raymond was attended on his death-bed by his wife. Some months ago the wife, in an interview, said, "Why have I clung to Ross all these thirty years? Because I love him. Some day, in another world, when all this insanity of sin has passed away, I shall see him as he is, a grand, big-hearted man of genius, now temporarily lost in darkness and shame."

Raymond always claimed that he was an Englishman, and the son of an army officer living in Sussex, but his real birthplace appears to have been Beaver, Pennsylvania.

Some men seem to make a specialty of missing opportunities.

Dahlen, near Berlin, Germany.

These experiments, which were directed by Dr. Hoechtermann, showed that the growth of plants, bulbs and cereals may be advanced by charging the air above and around them with electricity. An attempt is being made at present to ascertain the difference of growth of plants when the air about them is charged with electricity and of plants growing in normal conditions.

A simple and cheap method for charging the air with the necessary electricity is also being sought. The system presents, however, a defective side. The apparatus in which the current is produced is very dangerous, and if any part is broken it can be repaired only by specialists. Dr. Hoechtermann is trying to construct a simpler apparatus with which any peasant might charge the atmosphere over his fields with electricity without risk and at a very low cost.

USEFUL HINTS.

A cloth moistened with alcohol will clean piano keys.

Clean linoleum with warm water and polish with milk.

Mix stove blacking with soapy water. This will give a fine finish.

Warm dish covers as well as dishes or the meat will be chilled.

Clean soiled wallpaper with plaster of Paris tied up in a muslin bag.

Heat a lemon before squeezing it, as the juice is thus more easily obtained.

Peel onions from the roots upwards and they will not make your eyes smart.

A tablespoonful of thick cream added to cake icing will keep icing from cracking.

A teaspoonful of vinegar in boiled icing prevents it becoming hard and "crumbly."

To make cabbage crisp, shred and drop into a bowl of iced water an hour before using.

Use bacon fat for basting chickens; it is superior to anything else for the purpose.

A common crock makes a fine baking dish for young chicken, as it keeps the meat juicy.

Choose lamp wicks that are soft, and loosely woven. Soak them in vinegar and dry thoroughly before using them.

When washing woollen, especially stockings, shake thoroughly to get rid of the dust, before putting them into the water.

Grease on a wall can generally be eradicated by covering with clean blotting paper, and then passing a warm iron over it.

Soft soap made from half a pound of shaved down hard soap and two quarts of water will save the soap bill at cleaning time.

When baking apples, core the fruit and put in a clove and a little sugar. A small bit of butter on each will improve the flavor.

A dish cloth should be thoroughly well boiled in soda water once a week. This will keep it a good color, and perfectly sweet.

To be sure of smooth mayonnaise dressing add tablespoon cornstarch to beaten ingredients. Beat all well and cook in double boiler.

All the cooking utensils should be washed with soda immediately after they have been used, which will remove every trace of grease.

Clean enamelled saucepans with stone, after they have been well boiled out, and they will look like new.

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AT. HINDO CRAFT ON GANGES.

Are of Same Type They were Centuries Ago.

Notwithstanding the fact that India has for many years been under the rule of England, the conditions and manner of living have not greatly changed in many parts of it. On the Ganges River, in the north-west provinces, the tourist will see, if he approaches Benares at the right time, the same type of craft that carried pilgrims to this most sacred of Hindoo cities hundreds of years ago. These are floating palaces or magnificent galleys on which rajahs journey to Benares, and which serve as a test of their pious zeal. These galleys differ hardly an iota from the vessels used for the same purpose by rajahs who died centuries past. Incrusted with gold, silver and pearl, and decorated with tapestries embroidered with precious metals and jewels, these wonderful modern-ancient vessels lend a festive touch to the river scene. But their sumptuousness does not prevent the richest rajah who possesses one from bathing in the same water and surrounded by 500,000 poorer pilgrims, even though the sacred river is thus piously filled with myriads of microbes. And he will fill great jars with the water in which the pilgrims have washed their bodies, and drink it.

In contrast to these floating palaces are the barges of the poorer classes. The system of caste in India imposes upon the riverman the obligation of living on the water as his ancestors lived, so his shabby-looking craft is also his home. Usually he has in his floating house a small chapel dedicated to a secondary divinity, who personifies the river on which he exists.

USE BANK AS PURSE.

Evil of the British Post-Office Savings Bank.

The British Post-office Savings Bank authorities are considering how they can do away with one abuse of the bank's services, the growing habit of using the bank as a purse, paying in a shilling or two one day and drawing it out a few days after.

Thus a schoolboy paid in a shilling and drew it out again in six sums of two pence each, and a man who began last year with a balance of one shilling deposited two more two days later; he withdrew two shillings after a few days and continued in this way until he had seventy transactions with the bank during the year.

Now the total cost of the Savings Bank last year was nearly \$3,400,000, and if this is divided by the total number of transactions the average of each transaction works out to about 11 cents.

The Post-office Savings Bank authorities, who, of course, do not wish to discourage the small depositor, has sent an official intimation to the worst offenders, pointing out that the cost of running the bank has recently increased during recent years by this habit of using the bank as a current account instead of for saving money, and begging them to do their business with as few separate payments or withdrawals as possible.

GERMANS LOSING CHIVALRY.

SOLVING SMOKE PROBLEM

GAS ENGINE TO BE LOCOMOTIVE OF THE FUTURE.

Results in the Use of Less Coal—Smokeless Cities and Towns.

"The smokeless American city is coming in the very near future," says J. L. Cochrane, in the American Review of Reviews.

"This is the belief of Government scientists who are now pointing the way toward a country with an undefiled atmosphere.

"The Government's investigation of the smoke problem has been only incidental to dealing with a larger problem—the stopping of the great waste in the utilization of the fuel resources of the country, which is necessary if the country is to prosper in the future. The abatement of smoke means a conservation of the fuel supply, for the absence of smoke indicates better combustion and better combustion results in the use of less coal.

COAL MAY BE SMOKELESS.

"So far the investigations into smoke abatement have indicated clearly that each type of coal may be burned practically smokelessly in some type of furnace or with some arrangement of mechanical stoker.

"In the ultimate solution of the smoke problem in the United States there are several highly interesting factors that will play important parts according to the Government scientists.

"One of these is the gas engine, or, as the engineers call it, 'the internal combustion motor.' This engine is absolutely smokeless—smokeless because it has no chimney. Its greater economy, it is declared, may cause it to displace the steam engine within a few years, but this is not conceded by many engineers.

"Another factor is the establishment of central steam heating plants in the various cities to supply heat to the thousands of homes, and the great steam power plants, many of which are now operating smokelessly with far greater efficiency than ever before.

SMOKELESS TRAVEL.

"Still another factor is the location of immense gas producer plants at the coal mines, and the turning of this gas into electric power for long-distance transmission or the piping of the gas to substations near the great manufacturing districts, there to be burned in gas engines and also to develop power and heat for the various industries.

"With the smokeless city will come smokeless travel on the railroads, a dream which has already passed into a reality in one American city. On July 1, 1908, every smoke-emitting passenger locomotive was banished from Manhattan Island, the electric engine taking up the burden of whirling the millions of Americans to and from that marvel of modern progress, Chicago, choking and blinded with the smoke from half a thousand locomotives, is crying for the electric horse and now that New York has demonstrated the usefulness of electricity in this field, the big municipality on the shore of Lake Michigan has determined to follow its footsteps.

SALADS.

German Potato Salad.—Boil six large potatoes; when done, peel and slice while warm, and pour over the following: Cut one-half pound lean bacon in small dice and fry brown. Season potatoes with salt, pepper, and finely sliced onions. Mix thoroughly with the bacon fat and dice, then add one-half cup white vinegar. Garnish with sliced hard boiled eggs.

Cauliflower Salad.—Boil a head of white cauliflower, cool for about twenty minutes in ice water, break apart carefully, wipe dry, put in salad dish. Serve cold with mayonnaise dressing.

Cabbage Salad.—Shred one-half head medium size cabbage, and pour over it the following: Three-quarter cupful of sweet cream, one-half teaspoonful salt, sprinkle of pepper. Three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Stir thoroughly and add three tablespoonfuls of vinegar.

Potato Salad.—Slice six medium cold boiled potatoes, one on in chopped, salt and pepper to taste. two tablespoonfuls of olive oil, half cupful of vinegar. Chopped parsley may be added. Mix thoroughly. Slice two hard boiled eggs and lay on top.

Mayonnaise Dressing.—One cupful of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of flour, one teaspoonful mustard, salt and pepper, four eggs beaten separately. Add yolks first, then whites. One-half cupful of vinegar weakened to two-thirds; beat then pour in after eggs are added. Cook in double boiler, stirring all the time until thick. Two tablespoonfuls of olive oil or butter.

Fruit Salad.—One cupful of orange cut in small pieces, one cupful of bananas, one cupful of green grapes, one cupful of English walnuts. Salad dressing—One half cupful of vinegar, fill cup with cold water, add small piece of butter, three teaspoonfuls of sugar and a pinch of salt. Set on the stove. Beat the yolks of two eggs, one-quarter teaspoonful of mustard, one tablespoonful of flour. Stir into the vinegar and boil. Set off to cool. When cold, stir in one-half cup sweet cream and stir in the fruit. Serve on lettuce leaves.

Macaroni Salad.—Place the contents of a 5 cent package of macaroni in boiling salt water and boil twenty minutes. When done and cold, clip with scissors into quarter inch lengths. Cut two bunches of celery fine and chop in hard boiled eggs. When ready to serve, the macaroni, celery, and eggs should be mixed together with two pimientos chopped fine, and salt to taste. Then a boiled dressing, made as follows, should be added to make the salad the desired consistency: Beat three eggs until foamy, add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful butter, one teaspoonful salt, one cup of vinegar, one cup of milk and two tablespoonfuls flour. Stir while it cooks, and when thick remove from the fire and set away in an earthen vessel to cool. When cool, just before mixing with the salad, add one cupful cream and beat well. This makes an excellent main dish to serve twelve at luncheon, Sunday evening teas, or card parties.

Stevenson's Cup of Misery.

R. L. Stevenson, writing in 1893 to George Meredith, in an epistle quoted in his "Letters," says, with heart touching pathos:

"For fourteen years I have not had a day's real health. I have awakened

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

SEEING BY WIRE NO LONGER A DREAM.

Success of the Television Has Now Become Only a Question of Money.

Television, the art of seeing by wire, has apparently been changed from a scientific dream into an accomplished fact. According to a despatch just received from Berlin, Ernst Ruhmer, a young German electrical engineer, has finally succeeded in perfecting the first working model of a television apparatus. The apparatus is now in the custody of the Belgian Government, which is reported to be so favorably impressed that it is seriously considering the construction of an elaborate plant as the most wonderful contribution to the Brussels Exhibition planned for 1910.

THE PRINCIPLE INVOLVED

In television is not new; it lies in the well established fact that any picture may be made up of light and dark spots. Where Ruhmer has vanquished his rivals is in discovering a satisfactory application of the principle. By his invention the light and dark spots are projected upon a screen, composed of selenium cells, and, proceeding on the theory that selenium's power of transmitting electric currents varies according to the amount of light it receives. Ruhmer has also solved the problem of controlling, through selenium, the electric currents.

Ruhmer's apparatus has been set up at the Palace of Justice at Brussels. Between that city and Liege, a distance of 72 miles, there have already been successfully transmitted a variety of geometric patterns—squares, triangles, crosses and similar figures. To accomplish the seeing by wire of objects as large as a human being, a military engagement, or a large landscape scene involves, according to those familiar with the process, merely an enlargement of the apparatus, or, in other words, a corresponding increase in the number of selenium cells.

"SEEING BY WIRE."

Ruhmer is quoted in the Berlin despatch as saying, "has now become merely a question of money. The process has been perfected, but its application is necessarily extremely costly. My Belgian apparatus, for example, has only 25 selenium cells, each of which cost approximately \$75. To reproduce the head and shoulders of a person I have calculated that at least 4,000 cells would be needed, which means an outlay of some \$300,000. When one attempts to reproduce a scene, or an event, perhaps 10,000 cells would be required, so that the cost of such a piece of mechanism would amount to about \$750,000. From these figures one may see that I have in mind no such idea that television will be possible to every person who has a telephone.

"But to overcome the handicap encountered in the enormous cost of seeing by wire, I have reached the conclusion that a system of great central television exchanges might easily be established. For example, there could be exchanges in London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg, Brussels, Madrid,

out the cost of running the bank has recently increased during recent years by this habit of using the bank as a current account instead of for saving money, and begging them to do their business with as few separate payments or withdrawals as possible.

GERMANS LOSING CHIVALRY.

Disgraceful Occurrence Took Place on Berlin Streets.

One of three stylishly dressed German women who were quietly walking in Berlin the other day was suddenly seized by a middle-aged man, also well dressed, and dragged away from her companions. The poor woman begged for help, but unavailingly. When a policeman finally appeared, the man who attacked the little woman told him it was no affair of his as the woman was his wife, and he was taking her home though she did not want to go.

The policeman unconcernedly gave up the point, and walked away. A foreigner who had taken in the whole situation at a glance and endeavored to aid the woman was advised by the policeman not to interfere. In the meantime the woman was thrown into a taxicab by the man who called himself her husband and driven away.

The local newspapers are commenting on this disgraceful occurrence. The Tageblatt wants to know why the brute was not soundly whipped, and says it appears that the Germans have lost whatever sense of chivalry they once had.

Who the parties involved in the case are is not made known.

POPULATION INCREASING.

In Year 2043 Population of Globe Will be 3,200,000,000.

When will the world become crowded with people in every inhabitable part? Its population is always increasing, and at a rate now in excess of former times. During the month of September of the year just closed, New York city alone added 4,609 to the population of the world. There were 9,920 births in the city during the month, and 5,321 deaths.

At the time of the last census, 1900, it was estimated that in all the world 25 persons in each 1,000 of population died each year, and in proportion to each thousand of population 32 were born. The world was growing 7 per cent. in 10 years. Its population was doubling in 143 years. There was a world population of something like 1,600,000,000. In 2043 it would be 3,200,000,000. That would mean great crowding in many favorite spots on the face of the globe.

THE SKIN OF A UNIT.

The blunders of children are often due to bad teaching. "This," said a teacher to her class in arithmetic, "is a unit." She held up a pencil. "This book is a unit, too," she said, "and these are units." And she showed them a ruler, a flower, and an apple. Then she peeled the apple, and holding up the peel said: "Now, children, what is this?" Silence. "Come, you know what it is," she urged. A little hand went up slowly. "Well, William?" said the teacher. "Please, ma'am, the skin of a unit."

...the electric engine taking up the burden of whirling the millions of Americans to and from that marvel of modern progress, Chicago, choking and blinded with the smoke from half a thousand locomotives, is crying for the electric horse and now that New York has demonstrated the usefulness of electricity in this field, the big municipality on the shore of Lake Michigan has determined to follow its footsteps.

MILLIONS SAVED.

All of this means, according to the Government experts, that the gas engine may be the leading producer of power in the future; that we shall have smokeless engines, and that one of the most annoying problems before the American people will be solved.

Prof. Robert Heywood Fernald, consulting engineer in charge of the gas producer investigations for the Government, has given much thought to the smoke problem. The general introduction of the gas engine will, he says, in addition to making smokeless cities, eventually mean a saving of millions of dollars a year to the manufacturers of the country. Various estimates place this saving to the country's coal bill at from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000.

LOST ALL BY TALKING.

The Story of the Janitor and the Frolicsome Prince.

Janitor Moeller, of the European Court Hotel at Dresden, Germany, is a sorrowful man to-day, for not only has he forfeited the world's sympathy but also \$12,500 in good hard cash, and all through not heeding that silence is golden.

Some time ago he was, as the story went, severely maltreated by the Russian Prince Kotchubey, a cousin by marriage of the Czar. The Prince was staying at the hotel and asked for something to read. Moeller brought him a satirical German illustrated paper in which Russian customs were depicted in a manner hardly complimentary.

The infuriated Prince belabored Moeller unmercifully with his feet and fists. The story got into the papers and the Russian was condemned for his brutality. The Dresden courts fined him \$250 for assault, and the janitor, alleging that by a kick from the Prince he had been internally injured and incapacitated from work, brought a civil action which resulted in a verdict of \$12,500 in his favor.

Not satisfied with this, he further demanded an annuity. This action dragged on for a long time, and lately Moeller was overheard bragging to an acquaintance in a hotel bar that not only had he given the Prince the Russian lampoons on purpose to annoy him, but that also when the Prince attacked him he had fallen down and pretended to be badly hurt.

This was brought to the notice of the Russian Consul, who secured the witnesses of the conversation and gave information to the police. The upshot of it all is that Janitor Moeller has not only lost every chance to the comfortable annuity, but will never see anything of the \$12,500 for which he had already obtained a verdict.

Hot air is one of the many things it is better to give than to receive.

...an excellent main dish to serve twelve at luncheon, Sunday evening teas, or card parties.

Stevenson's Cup of Misery.

R. L. Stevenson, writing in 1893 to George Meredith, in an epistle quoted in his "Letters," says, with heart touching pathos:

"For fourteen years I have not had a day's real health. I have wakened sick and gone to bed weary, and I have done my work unflinchingly. I have written in bed and written out of it, written in hemorrhages, written in sickness, written torn by coughing, written when my head swam for weakness, and for so long, it seems to me, I have won my wager and recovered my glove. I am better now—have been, rightly speaking, since first I came to the Pacific—and still few are the days when I am not in some physical distress. And the battle goes on—ill or well is a trifle so that it goes. I was made for a contest, and the powers have so willed that my battlefield should be this dingy, inglorious one of the bed and the physic bottle. At least I have not failed, but I would have preferred a place of trumpeting and the open air over my head."

How to Know the Twins.

The Beverly twins, Fred and Frank, were such exact counterparts of each other that none of the neighbors could tell them apart, and even their mother sometimes had her doubts. The resemblance is accentuated by the fact that they are dressed exactly alike.

"How in the world can you yourself tell which is which, Mrs. Beverly?" asked a caller one day.

"To tell the truth," she answered, "I can't always. But if I hear a noise in the pantry and I call out, 'Fred, is that you?' and he says, 'Yes, mamma, I know it's Frank and that he's in some kind of mischief.'—Exchange.

Wonderful Cactuses.

The largest cactuses in the world are those to be found in parts of Mexico. The curious bristling plants common in greenhouses and even in botanical collections give but a poor idea of the size and beauty of this variety. It is common, for example, to find a single plant growing to a height of eight or ten feet which will weigh several hundred pounds. The cactuses grow in a bewildering variety of forms and colors. Their blossoms are correspondingly large and varied.

SUCCESS.

Noggles—"How is your boy getting along at school?"

Cheatem—"Splendidly, splendidly. I just tell you, my old friend, that boy of mine will make his way in the world, don't you fear. During the eight years he's been going to school they have had thirty-two examinations, and he's managed to dodge every one of 'em."

WASN'T CURIOUS.

"I don't think he really loves me."

"Why not?"

"I had a picture of another man on the mantel shelf the other night and he never asked me what it was."

OUT OF THE NATURAL ORDER.

"Papa, dogs always chase cats on land, don't they?"

"They do everywhere, my son."

"But, papa, do ocean greyhounds chase a sea puss?"

...mind no such idea that television will be possible to every person who has a telephone.

"But to overcome the handicap encountered in the enormous cost of seeing by wire, I have reached the conclusion that a system of great central television exchanges might easily be established. For example, there could be exchanges in London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg, Brussels, Madrid, Rome and other leading cities. These could be connected, one with the other, and then any person wishing to use the television service could go to an exchange just as one now goes to a telegraph office to file a despatch.

"Under such a system," continued the inventor, "a father remote from home, could see a new heir.

A DEATHBED SCENE.

might easily be depicted, securing to an absent relative or friend a final look at the features of the dying person. On a larger scale there is absolutely no reason why a Government might not watch the progress of a battle in which its country was a participant, or why a person could not establish "live communication" even with the military airship. In brief, the possibilities of television seem to be almost boundless. Now that the correct application of the principle has been discovered, it is chiefly a matter of devising means to reduce the cost. And as in the case of all expensive inventions, those means will be found in time.

Herr Ruhmer is only 31 years of age. Since his graduation from a technical institution, twelve years ago, he has been a practical engineer, with laboratories and factories of his own. The immediate incentive to his discovery of television was his successful experiment in "photographing sound."

NEW WOMAN IN CHINA.

Is Now Taking her Part in Work of World.

The new woman promises to be a live figure in the future of China. To-day she is practically a slave in the hands of her husband or father, with few rights that men are bound to respect. She is a cripple, hobbling about on bound feet. If she is rich and high class she is not allowed to go on the streets, and if poor the works in the fields, and does all sorts of drudgery. The average Chinese girl is uneducated and not one woman in a hundred can read and write. The new China is to be full of girls' schools, its girls' feet are to be allowed their natural growth and its women are to take their part in the work of the world. Girls are already employed in the telephone offices of Hongkong and Shanghai. They are teaching everywhere in the kindergartens and primary schools, and medical colleges have been established to fit them for trained nurses and doctors. The Viceroy of Wuchang has a school in which the boys and girls study together, and the same is true of Tuan Fung, the Viceroy of Nanking. There are several large girls' schools in Peking, and one of the Manchu princesses, a member of the imperial family, has established a girls' school in Mongolia. All the missionary establishments are now teaching girls, and the demand for educated women as wives is far greater than the supply.

THE LIGHTENING LOAD

Our Burdens Are Our Blessings When We Choose Them Wisely

"Bear ye one another's burdens."—Galatians, vi., 2.

It is an easy matter to talk dolefully of the burdens we must bear, to look out with the tearful eye and survey the whole race going on its way with bent shoulders, dropping to the vast chasm of the grave in the dim hope of a burden free life. But to use our burdens as inspiration for poems of pessimism is to miss their purpose utterly.

Man is a strange creature in this matter of burden bearing as in others. Take this man, for instance, who has been for years complaining that his load was too much for him. Now, at last, his burden has been lifted; it is gone, and what is the first thing he will do, what but go forth assiduously seeking new burdens? Men cannot be happy without them.

There is a fine art in burden bearing. Some people think it is the art of making another carry the load while you carry the tag, while others imagine it is a matter of blinding yourself to what is on your shoulders. But it is in neither of these ways. Strange to say, it is a matter of carrying the burdens we have by adding others to them.

Many a man has died of a broken life from the weight of one little burden simply because he has

BORNE IT AS A SLAVE.

while others grow ever more erect with increasing loads because they take them up gladly, eagerly choosing to bear them.

The shrill laughter of childhood mellowed into calmer, deeper joys of later years as duty comes into our vocabulary; we take up our work and discover the meanings of living. For a moment we may envy the child's care free days, but who would lose for them that enriching of our hearts that has really dropped into them from our burdens?

Look over the richest lives the world has known and how heavy have been their loads. Lincoln with the nation's woe upon him, Livingstone with a continent, and Jesus with a world. Who could bear more and yet who could give more than these? The world's stream flows richer because of the gift of their courage, hope, and love.

Their cares were not their own;

they cared for others. This is the secret of joy in every way of life. A woman never knows the joy of living, nor is her life a blessing in itself, until she bends beneath the burdens of home and motherhood. The youth suddenly rises and enriches into manhood when he takes a home on his shoulders.

Taking up the burdens of others we not only lose the sense of the weight of our own, but we turn the whole matter of burden bearing into a process of strengthening, sweetening, and enriching life. In this the best is developed; here grow the fair flowers of sympathy, gentleness, forgiveness, and mercy; all the ameliorating influences of life spring from the necessity of

COMMON HELPFULNESS.

This is the higher law of life, that we should find ourselves in serving others, that we should learn love through helpfulness and sacrifice. This is what is meant by the way of the cross, not a punishment to be borne, but a ministry to be shared, a chance to enter into other lives by taking up their loads.

This would be a cold and desolate world if we never needed one another; if there were no drafts on sympathy, pity, tenderness, and help these fair blooms would soon perish; the godlike in us could never be but for our human needs, our weaknesses, and our cares. Like dull slaves we would lie inert under our own burdens, but for the call of another's need, bidding us arise and walk with him.

Look into the faces on the street; you find depth, joy, light, and cheer never in those who care only for their own needs and ever in those who take into the area of their own lives the cares and needs of others. They have learned the secret of living, which is to share life, and the secret of lightening our loads, which is to bear the burdens of others.

You will not need to hunt for burdens; you need not become a professional uplifter. Simply keep the life hospitable to the lives of others, making living a business of sharing strength and love. Never say to yourself, I have no strength to spare. Live for the life of all and you shall find all of life.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.
JAN. 30.

Lesson V. Some Laws of the Kingdom, Matt. 5. 17-28. 33-48. Golden Text, Matt. 5. 48.

Verse 17. The law.—The Jewish way of designating the first five books of Old Testament literature.

18. One jot.—The smallest letter in the Hebrew alphabet.

19. The apparent teaching of Jesus in this verse is that the min-

his fellows. Prison can mean either general punishment or the intermediate state, from which it was thought possible to escape. The prisoner's release, as soon as he has paid the final farthing of debt, is contemplated, and this excludes the idea of hell.

38. Eye for . . . eye, . . . tooth for . . . tooth.—The justification of this law lay in the limitation it put upon the natural thirst for vengeance. This primitive idea of punishment, in degree and kind, was probably adapted to the cruder instincts of an earlier civilization (Exod. 21. 23-25).

39. Resist not . . . evil.—Jesus abrogates entirely the right of private vengeance. When a vindictive spirit is let loose it will not stay at a bare justice of like for

1-1,000 INCH IN DIAMETER.

Four Inch Square Bar of Metal Drawn to Wonderful Fineness.

The drawing of wire is an interesting operation. Bars of metal four inches square are heated and passed while hot and plastic, through rapidly revolving rolls, reducing them to wire rods which vary from one-quarter of an inch or more in diameter, according to the size of finished wire wanted. These rods, which are formed into coils as they pass through the rolls, are dipped in acid baths to remove loose scales and provide a lubricant for drawing.

The drawing consists of pulling rods while cold through holes of gradually decreasing diameter drilled in steel plate. By this process the particles of metal become elongated and strained, making the wire harder and more brittle.

It is necessary to heat or anneal it to restore it to a proper temper. When a fine diameter is required there must be repeated annealings and drawings. This may be done until the bar, which originally was four inches square and about four feet long, becomes reduced to about one one-thousandth of an inch in diameter and extends 1,300 miles in length.

Before so fine a size is reached the wire will cut into the steel of the die plate, so the usual die plates must be discarded and the drawing continued through holes drilled in diamonds.

The diameter of the holes in these diamond dies decrease by fractional parts of a thousandth of an inch. From the time the bar of metal enters the furnace nothing is added to it. The wire is made from an extra high grade of steel, worth in the bar about six cents a pound, which is much above the price of the greater bulk of steel. In the finished product the value varies from six cents to \$50 a pound.

DUTCH DINNERS.

Each Maid Receives Her Portion First and Retires.

The Dutch, when they invite one—and they are not a guest-seeking nation—are extremely hospitable, says a writer in Harper's Bazar. They make one at once welcome. Sometimes, however, when it comes to dinner, their active hospitality demands an energetic recognition.

The table is laid with piles of plates before each chair. On one's first visit the spoons and forks are of heavy silver, the knives of the finest steel and ivory. Nevertheless, one never eats with them again. When one has been shown that a family possesses them, that ends it. One eats thereafter from every-day ware.

"What would the silver be like for our children if we used it often?" an old lady asked. "What should we possess if our ancestors had been careless?"

In this house of which I am speaking the maids came in as we took our places. The host carved the great veal roast,—veal is the company meat,—and gave each maid her huge portion. They then were served with vegetables, and withdrew.

The soup, of course, came first, and the maids received their portion of that also, but in the kitchen. The door shut behind them, the unmarried daughter rose and served the guests.

HOME.

MEAT DISHES.

Chicken Shortcake.—Here is a good way to convert the remnants of a chicken stew or fricasse into a tempting and savory dish: Free the chicken from skin and bones and cut into small slivers. Put the meat on to heat in enough gravy to make it quite moist. Sift two teaspoonsful of baking powder and one-half teaspoonful of salt with one pint of flour. Rub one teaspoonful of lard and butter into the flour, then stir in three-quarters of a cup of milk. Stir the dough into a small ball and roll into a cake about an inch thick. Bake in a quick oven about fifteen minutes. When done open the edge with a knife and tear the cake in two. After spreading the hot chicken on the lower half replace the upper half. Over the whole pour a generous amount of hot chicken gravy and serve at once.

Pickled Rump Roast.—Take four pounds young rump, lard it with salt pork, rub both sides with salt and pepper, then put in a stone crock and cover with best vinegar. Let stand in the pickle for three days, take out, wipe on a clean cloth, dredge lightly with flour, roast brown in butter, then add one tablespoonful sugar, three cloves, one bay leaf, and lastly add the vinegar in which it was pickled; also an onion sliced finely. Let it simmer until tender. After removing the meat, thicken the gravy with flour as usual. This is excellent and a decided improvement on the ordinary way of serving a rump roast.

Veal Oysters.—One and one-half pounds veal from leg. Cut up into size of oysters; french them like you would pork tenderloin; sprinkle with pepper and salt, roll in flour, and fry in butter till a rich brown. Cover them with a quart of beef stock and two tablespoons of chile sauce; put on back of the stove to simmer forty minutes. Serve with either mashed or boiled potatoes.

Boneless Birds.—Cut up veal steak in pieces about two inches square, and pound each piece until it is quite flat. Dust all with salt and pepper, and lay on each piece a strip of bacon. Roll it up and tie with a string. Dip each piece in flour, and brown in a mixture of butter and drippings. When "birds" have become brown pour on enough water to cover them, let them simmer gently about two hours. Thicken gravy with a little flour.

Roasting.—When roasting never use water; it takes all the juice from the meat. Use about two tablespoonsful of lard or drippings, and baste often. When roasting turkey or large chickens take slices of bacon and tie around fowl; you will find it more juicy.

Gravy.—When meat is roasted remove from pan, let fat drip in your jar, all but two tablespoonsful; stir in this one tablespoonful flour. Do this quickly, so as not to lump; let brown for a minute, stir in slowly two cupfuls of water, milk, or cream and let boil steadily for five minutes, not too fast. If too thick of lumpy put in a little more water, a pinch of salt and pepper. Stir most of the time so not to lump.

Sausage Cakes.—Make little pats

water, let will quick and the prevent it. Kitchen cupful of saucepan ring occas not done a dark b reaches t cup of l may also —and set until dissistency bottle or away for flavoring cream, cu to color g parts a be The same the grocei at a fanc Cut Gla brush in good soap ing water soft towel Mashing ing potatc will be m

VE Turnips flower, wi contain s blood. Potatoe Spinach of vegetal and iron. Cabbage are benefi Tomato the liver. Asparag celery for and nervc Lettuce form bloc

Liver know whi cheap disl here is or winner"; of dry br and grinc pounds of one-half i and a few and leek squeeze t bread, an all togeth flour eno Drop into water, on spoon, an utes. Tak this pour crumbs fr Chicken chicken fo pieces. I Then tak and salt, and tie tl on top of take out for fifteen time. Th make gra dishes for

LOW BIR But the Many o pendium o informati

Verse 17. The law—The Jewish way of designating the first five books of Old Testament literature.

18. One jot—The smallest letter in the Hebrew alphabet.

19. The apparent teaching of Jesus in this verse is that the minute observance and inculcation of every detail of the law is strictly necessary to him who is to be a member of the kingdom of heaven. But, again, we are sure this cannot be the meaning of Jesus. It has been explained, that one of these least commandments does not refer to the law as it came from Moses, but to the law as perfected and accomplished by Jesus.

20. Except your righteousness shall exceed—What the scribes (learned students, teachers, and judges of the law) and Pharisees did not teach was insufficient to admit them to the kingdom of heaven. Instead of doing away with the requirements of the law, as the Jews charged, Jesus actually demanded more than the scribes, with all their loudly proclaimed devotion to the law. Compare Matt. 23. 2-3.

21. It was said to them of old time—This introduces a section (verses 21-48) wherein it is shown that the Old Testament and pharisaic view of life is inferior to that higher life which Jesus came to establish. This is done by means of six illustrations: (1) anger, (2) social purity, (3) divorce, (4) oaths, (5) retaliation, (6) universal love. Our lesson includes 1, 5, and 6.

Thou shalt not kill—The Jews conscientiously kept the letter of the sixth commandment and abstained from the act of murder; but the principle involved they disregarded, and therefore felt no compunctions if they chafed to be angry with their brother, or to hate him.

22. I say unto you—Inasmuch as the former precept had come from God, and Jesus claims for his injunction an equal authority, he assumes an equality with God.

Every one who is angry—All emotions of hatred and anger are sinful, even if they do not issue in acts of violence. This is the first of a threefold, cumulative characterization of the spirit of hate. It means unexpressed anger, as distinguished from the anger which breaks forth in contemptuous epithet (Raca, or "empty head"), and that which rashly employs a term implying lack of intelligence (Thou fool).

The judgment—There is also a threefold cumulative characterization of punishment. This first refers to the official trial of the murderer by the appropriate Jewish court, the penalty for guilt being death. The council is the supreme Sanhedrin of Jerusalem, with its seventy-one members. The hell of fire means the final divine judgment and its fearful consequences.

23. Thy gift at the altar—Jesus often appealed to the Jews' reverence for the temple, but went there himself only to teach. In this verse and the next he teaches that no act of worship is acceptable to God so long as the worshiper bears a grudge against his neighbor.

25, 26. Two interpretations are offered: (1) That a man must put away hatred from his heart if he would have the divine forgiveness; (2) that it is a matter of worldly prudence for a man to banish ill will if he would get along well with

law in the limitation it put upon the natural thirst for vengeance. This primitive idea of punishment, in degree and kind, was probably adapted to the cruder instincts of an earlier civilization (Exod. 21. 23-25).

29. Resist not evil—Jesus abrogates entirely the right of private vengeance. When a vindictive spirit is loose it will not stop at a bare justice of like for like. The only safety is in the denial of all human right to retaliation.

Turn to him the other—The figurative language must be kept constantly in mind. Jesus spoke as an Oriental to Orientals. Otherwise he would not have been heard. We must follow, not the literal words, but the essential principle. Certainly evildoers and impostors are not to have their way without restraint. But forgiveness and unselfishness must have their way. The meaning here is plain: a man must not be thinking continually of his rights, or act as if his chief aim was to avenge every slight.

26. Let him have thy cloak also—The outer garment as well as the shirt (coat). The second illustration of the unselfish temper. The general principle is that a Christian man must be ready to suffer wrong or part with his goods for the sake of peace.

41. Whosoever shall compel thee—From the custom of compelling the inhabitants of a village to carry baggage when troops passed their way. The inner spirit of the broad statement of the Master is to the effect that one must be willing to labor freely for the public good.

42. The great word of this verse is give. The love which gives and gives in the true spirit of brotherly service, is to replace the passion for executing vengeance in personal matters. A penurious disposition cannot stand before such an ideal.

44. Love your enemies—Jesus goes the old law one better. It did not say explicitly, Hate thine enemy (26). But it implied as much, and certainly that represents the general Old Testament idea of social duty. The Jews treated all foreigners with a haughty disdain which amounted to hatred. This national bigotry Jesus completely overrides in his plea for a universal good will which will unite all men in a common brotherhood. This is the logical outcome of verses 38-42.

45. Sons of your Father—God who treats all men lovingly, however they may treat him, sets his children an example of generous love.

46, 47. The demand is for that exceeding righteousness which is made by Jesus a condition of entrance into the heavenly kingdom (verse 20), and which is summed up in the next verse.

48. Be perfect—In love, as the Father in heaven is perfect in love. An absolute religious and social ideal, representing the summit of human attainment toward which all should strive.

SAFE.

Bertha—"I'll tell you something in confidence, which you must keep a secret. I'm engaged to Mr. De Riche."

Daisy—"All right. I'll see that the report is spread thoroughly."

GIRLISHLY.

A girl gets mad if a young man tries to kiss her. And if he succeeds she stays mad if he doesn't keep it up.

great veal roast.—veal is the company meat,—and gave each maid her huge portion. They then were served with vegetables, and withdrew.

The soup, of course, came first, and the maids received their portion of that also, but in the kitchen. The door shut behind them, the unmarried daughter rose and served the guests.

The first course claimed the top plate, the second the next.

Words are absolutely inadequate to do justice to the variety and excellence of the small cakes, or tartlets, of Holland.

Each city has its own, and each baker guards jealously the receipts which have come down through the ages from father to son.

This hostess, in particular, set about introducing me to all varieties, and on one occasion, to amuse me, had twenty-four kinds of delicious confections of pastry, light as feathers, whipped cream, preserved fruits, almonds, "sugar, spice, and all things nice."

The hour for dinner that is most in favor is about half past five in the afternoon.

DIRE FATE THREATENS.

Something Terrible Prophesied to Happen John Bull.

That the New Year holds some terrible fate in store for John Bull is predicted, although in more or less vague terms, by the majority of those who profess ability to lift a corner of the veil of the future. The latest ill omen to scare superstitious people is that in 1910 Good Friday occurs on March 25, Lady Day, and that is supposed to forebode great evil.

When Good Friday falls in Our Lady's lap England shall meet with grave mishap

says an old saw. Strangely enough, when Good Friday and Lady Day have coincided there have been an unusual number of disasters. The events of 1864, for instance, include the Fenian outbreak, the killing of 250 persons by the bursting of a reservoir in Sheffield, 200 killed and wounded in Belfast riots, the loss of a warship in the China Sea and the burning of a steamer in the Indian Ocean, when ninety-one lives were lost.

In 1853, 1842 and as far back as 1796, also years on which Good Friday fell on Lady Day, an unusual number of grave disasters were recorded.

MORTIFYING.

It was in a very tearful state that Mrs. Banks came home from a call one day. She lost no time in beginning her explanation. "Tom," she said to her husband, "I am so mortified I don't know what to do."

"What's the matter?" asked Mr. Banks.

"I have been calling on Mrs. Smith. You know her husband, Major Smith? Well, I have just learnt to-day, to my horror, that Major isn't his title at all. Major is his first name."

"Why certainly. I always knew that. What is there so mortifying about it?"

"Nothing," said Mrs. Banks, with a groan, "only that I've been calling him 'Major' every time I've met him for the last six months."

move from span, let fat drip in your jar, all but two tablespoonfuls; stir in this one tablespoonful flour. Do this quickly, so as not to lump; let brown for a minute, stir in slowly two cupfuls of water, milk, or cream and let boil steadily for five minutes, not too fast. If too thick of lumpy put in a little more water, a pinch of salt and pepper. Stir most of the time so not to lump.

Sausage Cakes.—Make little pats an inch thick of sausage meat ready seasoned. Wrap each piece in mashed potato in which an egg has been mixed to bind it together. Roll in egg and bread crumbs and fry until meat is cooked. Delicious for luncheons or Sunday supper.

Veal Loaf.—Mince two and a half pounds raw veal, half pound fat salt pork, add two tablespoonfuls of butter, add three tablespoonfuls of milk, one cupful of fine cracker crumbs, two teaspoonfuls of salt, one teaspoonful pepper, one teaspoonful of allspice, one and a half teaspoonful of pulverized sage, three eggs. Mix, press into pan, bake two hours; baste every ten minutes with little hot water; when done and cold place on a dish. Garnish with lemon and watercress or parsley.

SEASONABLE RECIPES.

Oyster Patties.—One pint small oysters, one-half pint sweet cream, one tablespoonful flour, pepper and salt to taste. Let cream just come to a boil. Mix flour in a little cold milk, and stir into the hot cream. Add salt and pepper. Let the oysters come to a boil in their own liquor, skim carefully and drain off all the liquor. Add the oysters to the cream, and boil up once. Fill patties.

Pancakes.—One cup sour milk, one cup sweet milk, one teaspoon soda in sour milk, one teaspoon baking powder in flour, three eggs, three tablespoons melted butter, salt, flour enough for thin batter. Fine.

Pot Roast.—A piece of nice beef either cut in pieces or left in a piece. Fry out suet, put in the beef and brown; add an onion if desired after browning; pour in a pint of boiling water, cover, and let cook slowly until tender; add more water, if needed, about thirty minutes before serving; have three large tomatoes, skinned, cut in pieces, and thrown in. If the water is pretty well cooked down and the tomatoes can cook in the fat it is better. When done add water and make gravy. It is fine.

Veal Loaf.—Four pounds chopped veal, one-half pound salt pork chopped fine, four eggs, four tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs, one-half teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of sage, one-half teaspoonful black pepper; mix well and bake in a pan for three hours; spread butter over top before baking.

KITCHEN HINTS.

Making Tea.—If you once wash your tea before making you will not return to the old way. First scald the teapot, put in the tea, and pour half a cupful of boiling water over it; then pour off the water immediately. Let the leaves stand a minute or two until they uncurl, then pour on fresh boiling water and steep as usual.

To Cool Oven.—Do not open the doors of the oven to cool it, especially if there is anything already cooking in it, as the rush of cold air is apt to render it unappetizing; but place in it a pan of cold

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water, leaving the doors closed. It will quickly lower the temperature and the steam arising from it will prevent the food from burning.

Kitchen Bouquet.—Put half a cupful of granulated sugar in a saucepan and place on stove, stirring occasionally as it melts. It is not done until it smokes and is a dark brown in color. When it reaches this stage pour on a half cup of boiling water—hot coffee may also be used with good results—and set back where it will simmer until dissolved and about the consistency of thin syrup. Place in bottle or jelly glass, cover, and set away for use. It makes a splendid flavoring for cakes, caramel ice cream, custards, and may be used to color gravies or sauces, as it imparts a beautiful golden brown tint. The same thing exactly is sold at the grocery as kitchen bouquet and at a fancy price.

Cut Glass.—Wash well with a soft brush in warm suds made with a good soap. Rinse in good warm bluing water, let drain, and dry with soft towel or brush.

Mashing Potatoes.—When mashing potatoes heat the milk and they will be much more foamy.

VEGETABLE HELPS.

Turnips, onions, cabbage, cauliflower, watercress, and horseradish contain sulphur, purifying to the blood.

Potatoes salts of potash.

Spinach, one of the most valuable of vegetables, salts of potassium and iron.

Cabbage, cauliflower, and spinach are beneficial to anaemic people.

Tomatoes stimulates the action of the liver.

Asparagus benefits the kidneys, celery for rheumatism, neuralgia, and nervous disorders.

Lettuce for tired nerves. Carrots form blood and purify the skin.

DUMPLINGS.

Liver Dumplings.—Few people know what an excellent and also cheap dish can be made of liver, so here is one that is surely a "prize winner"; First, soak about a loaf of dry bread in water, now cup up and grind about one and one-half pounds of liver (calf's liver is best, one-half pound bacon, two onions, and a few leaves of parsley, celery, and leek tops, of fine flavor; then squeeze the water all out of the bread, and mix these ingredients all together, adding two eggs and flour enough to form dumplings. Drop into a kettle of (salted) boiling water, one at a time, from a large spoon, and boil about fifteen minutes. Take out into a dish and over this pour a seasoning of cracker crumbs fried in butter. Serve hot.

Chicken Dumplings.—Prepare chicken for stewing and cut in small pieces. Put plenty of water on. Then take one cup of rice, wash and salt. Then put in a small bag and tie the end with a string. Lay on top of the chicken. When done take out and put drop dumplings for fifteen minutes, boiling all the time. Then take out dumplings and make gravy. Here you have four dishes for your dinner.

LOW BIRTH RATE OF LONDON.

But the City is Healthier Than Other Large Cities.

Many of the facts in that compendium of statistics and valuable information concerning the health

SURVIVALS OF FETICH

SUPERSTITIONS HAVE BEEN HELD BY GREAT PEOPLE.

Macaulay Trod in the Middle of Paving Stones—Max Muller's Penny.

Among the portents of the great plague noted by Defoe was "running about to fortune-tellers, cunning men and astrologers." Sadly he reports that "this trade grew so open and so generally practised that it became common to have signs and inscriptions set up at the doors, 'Here Lives the Fortune-Teller, and the like.'" This was 250 years ago, in an ignorant age; enlightenment has marched so far and so fast since then that fortune-tellers, clairvoyants, "and the like" crowd the fashionable streets with their advertisements, says the Pall Mall Gazette. And nobody worth attention thinks it a portent. At a bishop's table one may hear fellow guests proclaim their belief in palmistry—it is classed among the sciences. Learned persons investigate the wonders of clairvoyance. A flourishing society of astrologers holds debates and issues literature. So great has been the progress of knowledge and culture since Defoe's time. It is very encouraging for the future.

Does anyone quite escape the snares of superstition? Not all are gross and palpable. There is a multitude of private observances, avowedly superstitious, to some of which most of us are devoted. One need not turn back so far as Bacon or Newton to find examples among

THE WISEST AND GRAVEST.

A man more absolutely governed by pure reason than Lord Macaulay could not well be found. But in his diary he refers to an after-dinner talk about the feeling which Johnson had—of thinking one's self bound to touch a particular rail or post and to tread in the middle of a paving stone. And he adds: "I certainly have this very strongly." Such a fancy is not vulgar nor undignified, like consulting a disreputable woman as an oracle, but is it less unreasonable?

In one of his Hibbert lectures, Max Muller said to the students: "Many of you, I suspect, carry a ha'penny with a hole in it for luck. I am not ashamed to own that I have done so myself for many years." The case was cited as an illustration of "survivals" from primeval fetichism; but on his own account Max Muller confessed that when sometimes he had left home without this ha'penny talisman, he felt "very uncomfortable" until his safe return.

Charles Dickens refused to lie down unless his bed were placed due north and south. He gave notice of the rule before arriving at a friend's house or a hotel, but a compass was always handy in his baggage to make sure, and the slightest error must be corrected before he would turn in. Little scenes are said to have occurred more than once when the host was stubborn. Miss Justin McCarthy has told how Parnell gravely checked her stirring coffee "the wrong way," and insisted that she should take another cup. A gentleman of Portrush sent Lord Roberts

AN OLD HORSESHOE

WHEN LONDONERS MARRY

HERE ARE STATISTICS OF THE GREAT METROPOLIS.

Some Figures Concerning the Government of the "Hub of the World."

Facts more amazing than anything in the "Arabian Nights" are included in London statistics for 1908-9, which were published recently by the London County Council.

They show how overwhelming the vastness of Greater London is becoming, how enormous its wealth is, and how its millions of inhabitants work, travel, marry, amuse themselves, and govern themselves.

POPULATION OVER 7,500,000.

The present population of Greater London is estimated at 7,537,196, of whom—

4,389 are councillors or guardians.

18,000 are policemen.

551 are magistrates.

664,294 are parliamentary electors.

43,698 are old-age pensioners.

148,644 are paupers.

NEARLY 1,000,000 HOUSES.

Its area is 443,419 acres, and it possesses:

991,383 houses.

2,151 miles of streets.

127 miles of tramways.

700 miles of omnibus routes.

15,848 acres of open spaces and parks.

IMMENSE WEALTH.

Its wealth, of which the following figures give some idea, is almost past computation:

Rateable value£ 44,323,704

Imports for the year . . . 209,672,562

Exports for the year . . . 74,768,238

These imports amounted to 32.4 per cent. of the total imports of the United Kingdom, and were brought to the Thames in no fewer than 22,531 ships.

SOME FOOD.

The bill of fare of London's inhabitants for the year included:

409,730 tons of dead meat.

193,820 tons of fish.

534,691 cattle and sheep.

AND THEN SHEE.

In addition there were imported for their consumption:

Butter, cwt. 1,350,807

Wheat, cwt. 17,344,600

Eggs, great hundreds . . 5,647,882

Rabbits 429,980

Condensed milk, cwt. . . 433,870

Bananas, bunches 943,421

Oranges, cwt. 7,854,964

Onions, bushels 1,623,803

Potatoes, cwt. 1,183,567

Rice, cwt. 2,888,287

Currants, cwt. 417,198

Dates, cwt. 305,136

Grapes, cwt. 281,757

Tea, lbs. 310,224,187

Wine, gals. 7,434,799

Raisins, cwt. 358,282

Lemons, cwt. 451,314

Lard, cwt. 353,360

Pickles, gals. 1,430,363

Tomatoes, cwt. 465,557

Cheese, cwt. 1,093,958

ALSO ON WATER.

In their houses, shops and factories they consumed 219,040,000 gallons of water daily, and their consumption of fuel and light for the year amounted to:

Coal, tons 6,572,857

THE MINDS OF CHILDREN

AMUSING STATEMENTS IN PUPIL'S ANSWERS.

Column of Peculiarities Gleaned in the Schools of Providence, Rhode Island.

Teachers in Providence, R. I., have been getting together the sayings of school children there. Some of them, printed in the Journal of that city, are both amusing and illustrative of the workings of the young mind.

One of the gymnastic teachers met a gentleman with his little boy on the street one day and spoke to the little fellow, who responded with a broad smile of delight at being noticed. The father asked who the lady was, and the boy astonished him by replying: "Oh, she's the in hell and ex hell woman," meaning inhale and exhale, terms used in teaching children to take deep breaths.

In a school not far from Providence a teacher the other day gave her bright young scholars an exercise in spelling, and to fasten the form of the words in her hopeful charges' minds, had them write short sentences in which the words occurred. Among other selections for the lesson were these: "Whose," "prove," and "egg." One promising and ambitious ten-year-old, after struggling with the task a while, looked up with a confident smile and handed in this fearful and wonderful production:

"I have a whose in my back yard."

"Ethel is very prove."

"I always have the toothegg."

WHOOPIING COUGH, "A MISTAKE."

One little embryo Christian Scientist asserted that he "had a mistake" when he was ill with whooping cough.

"You comb yourself like a lady," they say to the girl who has her hair put up. And one youngster was heard to remark that "Sara was small for her size."

"In one school the teacher had been telling the story of Jack and Jill, and how Jack fell down and broke his crown.

"What was it he broke?" she asked.

"The whole of his tooth," was the reply of one who had evidently had some experience in the dentist's chair.

On another occasion a little girl had been sent to bring the ink bottle which had been found leaking the day before. "This ink bottle isn't well yet," she exclaimed.

"Is she married?" a little fellow was asked concerning his teacher.

"Naw, she's a lady," he replied.

"Who knows all the bones in the body and knows how to put them back?" a teacher asked her class to which she was giving a lesson in physiology.

"God," exclaimed a little fellow, and it was not an easy matter to explain that a doctor knew as much as the Almighty about it.

One child who had been out to Roger Williams Park, was asked to describe the peacock he saw there. And this was his conception of the beautiful bird: "I saw a big chicken and he lifted a thing on his back as big as two umbrellas."

make gravy. Here you have four dishes for your dinner.

LOW BIRTH RATE OF LONDON.

But the City is Healthier Than Other Large Cities.

Many of the facts in that compendium of statistics and valuable information concerning the health of old London—the annual report of the London County Council Health Committee—issued recently, are striking. It states that, in 1903, there were 38,209 marriages, an annual rate of 15.9 per 1,000 persons living, and this was the lowest rate recorded since statistics had been available. A satisfactory feature is the gradual decrease in child-marriages. Marriages of minors were 3.2 per cent. in the case of males and 11.8 in the case of females, compared with 3.5 and 12.9 in 1907.

The birth-rate continued to fall in the metropolis, the official statistics for the past six years being:

	Per 1,000
1903	28.3
1904	27.7
1905	27.0
1906	26.5
1907	25.6
1908	25.2

A more pleasing fact is both the death-rate and the rate of infantile mortality show a decrease. In 1903 the death-rate was 13.8 per 1,000, compared with 19.2 the average in the years 1891-1900. The medical officer of health computes that this represents a saving of 26,205 lives, or a gain to the community of 1,066,770 years of "life capital."

London is by far the healthiest of the great capitals, and with two exceptions—Bristol and Leicester—the healthiest of the large towns of England. The death-rate of the capitals per 1,000 are as follows for 1908:—

London	13.8
Paris	17.5
Brussels	14.5
Copenhagen	16.4
Stockholm	14.7
St. Petersburg	28.6
Berlin	15.4
Vienna	17.6
Rome	18.5
New York	16.5

CRUCIFIED HERSELF.

An Italian Girl Inflicts Awful Tortures.

A strange story comes from Turin about the act of a servant girl who became possessed of a religious mania. The woman who employed the girl found her crucified on a bed. After an investigation the employer discovered that the girl, after placing a crown of thorns on her head and inflicting a severe wound in her chest, nailed her feet and her left hand to the bed boards and calmly spent the night suffering tortures.

When discovered the woman was exhausted from pain and loss of blood and was taken to a hospital in a dying condition. She admitted that out of love of the Saviour she had voluntarily crucified herself. Her reason for this, she said, was that she wished to share Christ's sufferings.

The doctors declare that the girl is hysterical and therefore insensible to pain, but the common people regard the case as miraculous.

baggage to make sure, and the slightest error must be corrected before he would turn in. Little scenes are said to have occurred more than once when the host was stubborn. Miss Justin McCarthy has told how Parnell gravely checked her stirring coffee "the wrong way," and insisted that she should take another cup. A gentleman of Portrush sent Lord Roberts

AN OLD HORSESHOE

when things looked ill in South Africa. Gratefully acknowledging it, the general added that he would keep this horseshoe in company "with one I picked up the day I entered the Orange Free State, and another I found at Paardeburg the day before General Cronje surrendered."

When Macaulay and Max Muller confess such weakness, we are not only permitted, but compelled, to suppose that few mortals are exempt. Of those who would laugh, in all sincerity, at the charge of superstition, a vast number are scrupulous to perform certain daily exercises in "the right way," as Mr. Parnell stirred his coffee. It may probably be the way approved in the beginning of things by Pithecanthropus erectus, moved by impulses which we laboriously seek to analyze at the present day; but they hold us in subjection still. What proportion of English men and women are careful to put shoe and stocking on the right foot first, and feel "uncomfortable," like Max Muller, if by chance they reverse the proceeding? We happen to know that this fancy is as old as imperial Rome, at least, for it is recorded that Augustus once put in his left shoe first, and thereby caused a mutiny of the Pretorians.

No harm comes of these absurdities. Sir Mountstuart Grant Duff was "not a little surprised to learn sometime ago, that a public man occupying one of the highest non-royal positions in Europe attributes much of the success he has had in life to the possession of

A MANDRAKE ROOT.

It shows the gentleman's modesty, a creditable trait of character. Professor Mahaffy was shocked to discover that "a woman of good family, educated, the wife of a M. P., had put an amulet on the leg of her child, just bitten by a dog." If the mother had faith she was spared a terrible anxiety, and if the boy shared her confidence the amulet may well have saved her life. After all, in any case it did no mischief. It is stated on the best authority that a deputation of farmers from Northumberland waited on Sir Thomas Lockhart in 1886 to beg a gallon of water in which his famous "Lee penny" had been dipped, wherewith to dose their sick cattle; from a date unknown such superstitions have been addressed to the representatives of the Lockhart family. One is almost sorry to hear that the deputation returned empty-handed. If they had been allowed to carry off a hogshead of the blessed water, neither they nor their cattle would have been a penny the worse. And it might have done the "humans" good, at any rate, by cheering them up. The mischief of superstition begins when a person credits another with occult powers and trusts her, or him, accordingly. For the individual who lays himself out for such confidence must be a scoundrel.

Anyway it is better to borrow trouble than it is to make it.

Lard, cwt.	353,360
Pickles, gals.	1,430,363
Tomatoes, cwt.	465,557
Cheese, cwt.	1,093,958

ALSO ON WATER.

In their houses, shops and factories they consumed 219,040,000 gallons of water daily, and their consumption of fuel and light for the year amounted to:

Coal, tons	6,572,557
Gas, thousand cub. feet	43,000,000
Electricity, units	85,615,474

FAVORITE AGES.

Some of the most interesting statistics relate to the ages at which Londoners marry. The favorite ages are:

Bachelors	25 and 21
Spinsters	21 and 25
Widows	30

Taking all classes, by far the most popular ages for marriage are twenty-one and twenty-five, only 383 persons of less than twenty years of age being married in London during the year.

POOR HAVE THE CHILDREN.

Another striking fact made clear by the statistics is that the birth rate is highest in the poorest districts. The following rates per thousand persons give some comparisons:

Hampstead	15.1
Marblebone	15.0
Kensington	19.0
Hammersmith	19.0
Bermondsey	31.7
Bethnal Green	31.7
Poplar	31.0
Shoreditch	33.0
Stepney	33.6

There was a noticeable decrease in the infant death rate during the year.

A RAILWAY SERVICE.

On an ordinary week day 8,556 trains run into London, and in one month 9,743,689 persons travelled to inner London from suburban stations. The passengers carried during the year by the railways, tramways, and omnibuses numbered 1,921,453,458.

AN OCCASIONAL LETTER.

Londoners despatched 922,800,000 letters and 24,947,000 telegrams during the year. The attendance at the public swimming baths reached 3,732,833, and 251,608 persons borrowed 6,934,097 books from the public libraries.

CHARITABLE WITH IT ALL.

The public charities for the year amounted to the enormous sum of £12,000,000, and, in addition, £3,754,320 was spent in maintaining paupers.

EVEN THE WEATHER EXCELS.

Even as regards its weather London excels other English towns, as the following figures for the year prove:

Birming- Man- London. ham.chester.	
Hours of sunshine	1,349 1,105 894
Inches of rainfall	23.1 28.9 33.9

NO SURRENDER!

The Stranger—"And who are the Murphys' ancestors?"

Mr. Murphy—"Ancestors! What's that?"

The Stranger—"I mean, who do the Murphys spring from?"

Mr. Murphy—"The Murphys spring from no one. They spring at them!"

Anything a boy can't eat or make a noise with doesn't interest him at all.

physiology. "God," exclaimed a little fellow, and it was not an easy matter to explain that a doctor knew as much as the Almighty about it. One child who had been out to Roger Williams Park, was asked to describe the peacock he saw there. And this was his conception of the beautiful bird: "I saw a big chicken and he lifted a thing on his back as big as two umbrellas."

A PUZZLED BOY.

The physical culture teacher is also indirectly responsible for the following bon mot. It is the custom in the city schools to tell the children to "sit at ease," meaning a relaxed position. And when an upright attitude is desired the teacher says, "Sit erect." One small youth pondered this in his mind, it is evident, for one day he announced to his mother that he did not see why his teacher said "cigarette" so often when she had told him that cigarettes were naughty and harmful.

In an examination in a private school the pupils were asked to name the different angles, and one wrote: "There are four different kinds of angles, the right, the left, the cute and the obtuse."

A question as to the productions of France brought out this answer from a girl: "Grapes, French styles, modest and tailor-made habits."

When asked how Robinson Crusoe finally left the island, one little girl replied: "In a hearse, I suppose."

A little boy, who had been struggling with his history lesson, asked the teacher, "Was Columbus deaf?"

"No, why do you ask such a question?" said the teacher.

"Cause my history says the King gave him a hearing."

AMAZING AND AMUSING.

A number of amazing and amusing statements are gleaned from examination papers received in the Public Schools.

One pupil replied to a question: "A biography is the story of a man's life."

The teacher, anxious to make an extra impression, asked: "Now, what is an autobiography?"

"That's the story of man's life that runs with an auto," was the reply after a moment's thought.

A High School pupil gave as an excuse for absence: "I couldn't come to school yesterday because grandma had athletic fits."

"Arithmetic is the process of shortening things you can't do in your head," was the lucid reply to another question.

"Name the parts of speech," brought out the astonishing reply: "Mouth, teeth, tongue, breath, windpipe, voice, palate, and bronchial tubes."

"In the reign of Diocletian marrying ceased," declared a girl in the history class to whom the word husbandry could have but one significance.

When asked to write about the climate near the Amazon River, one boy wrote: "The climate around the Amazon is so unhealthy that the inhabitants have to move away."

Excuses also often bring out the most ridiculous sentences; one recently received by a teacher: "Please Excuse George this morning, he had an earache all night from his ma."

Some Alcohol Questions

Is alcohol a tonic? No! Does it make the blood pure? No! Does it strengthen the nerves? No! Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes! Does it make the blood pure? Yes! Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes! Is it the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol? Yes! Ask your doctor about this non-alcoholic medicine. If he approves, your confidence will be complete. J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Dull boys! Dull girls! Dull men! Dull women! Heavy-headed! Downhearted! All very often due to constipation! Yet the cure is so easy.—Ayer's Pills. Ask your doctor.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 100 per line each insertion.

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TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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FOR WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, CATARRH, DIPHTHERIA

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Cresolene Antiseptic Throat Tablets, simple and soothing for the irritated throat, 10c.

Leeming, Miles Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada.



OTTAWA NEWS.

Two incidents occurred last week which will be notable in Canadian

paper, anxious at any cost to discredit an eminent public man, and the sincere, earnest, courteous opinions of leading Conservatives when doing honor to a great Canadian and political opponent.

The occasion was a banquet tendered the Premier by a non-political organization in Tory Toronto. A large proportion of those present were members of the Conservative party.

Tory Estimate of Premier.

Mr. W. K. McNaught, a supporter of Sir James Whitney, and member of the local House, used the following words:

"Sir Wilfrid has been in the limelight of Canadian political life for over a quarter of a century, and yet no breath of scandal has ever been connected with his name. During his career Sir Wilfrid has done much to elevate the public life of the country by his personal example, and has also performed such distinguished public service as to give him an assured place in history as a great Canadian."

Tory Papers Note This.

Will the Mail and the News pay particular attention to this, "and yet no breath of scandal has ever been connected with his name."

Mr. McNaught might truthfully have said—except by the Mail and the News. These papers have consistently spoken of him and depicted him in cartoons as being so closely connected with scandal in the volumes of the Tory press, and Mr. McNaught clearly states that such allusions are unworthy of belief, and that scandal having no other origin than the Toronto Mail and News is not to be regarded with any attention.

Tory Tribute to His Loyalty.

Mr. McNaught did not stop at this. He went on to pay a glowing tribute to the loyalty and sincerity of the Prime Minister. He said:

"The verdict of the historian of the future and of posterity would be that the Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was not only an honour to the French-Canadian people, but a true and Loyal British Subject, who did his duty to his country as he saw it: and was worthy to rank alongside of those other great pathfinders of Empire whose names all true Canadians delight to honor and revere."

Tory Papers Unreliable.

In addition to allegations of scandal the Tory papers alluded to have constantly, and do now, charge the Premier with disloyalty to the Empire. In fact, the Mail can see some ulterior motive behind an expression employed by the Prime Minister at the Ontario Club last week, and to bolster up the charge displays ignorance of history and terms that would be disgraceful in a ten-year-old boy.

To these sentiments McNaught gives a flat contradiction. He tendered an eloquent tribute to the loyalty of the Prime Minister, and added that every promise made by him had been faithfully redeemed.

This sort of thing affords food for thought. It proves what has been steadfastly maintained by the Liberal press, that the attempts to discredit

Simultaneously, with the passage of such order-in-council, a proclamation shall issue convoking Parliament to meet within fifteen days, if Parliament does not happen to be in session.

A naval college to be established to serve the same purposes as regards the navy, as the Royal Military College at Kingston performs for the Canadian militia.

Proposed Fleet.

The fleet intended to be created as a commencement of a Canadian navy will consist of four Bristols, one Boadicea and six destroyers of the improved rival class—eleven vessels in all. The initial cost of this fleet will be about \$11,500,000, and when completed the annual cost of up-keep will be about \$3,000,000.

From this it will be seen that the Government have adopted the larger of the two plans suggested by the Imperial authorities at the Defence Conference.

Built in Canada.

Sir Wilfrid stated that he hoped to commence construction without delay and that the work to a great extent would be done in Canada.

On March 29, 1909, the House passed an unanimous resolution in favor of a Canadian navy, and the proposals submitted by Sir Wilfrid Laurier are the logical outcome of that action. Subsequent to the passing of the resolutions members of the Government conferred with the Imperial authorities, and the above scheme for commencement of a navy was jointly agreed upon.

Borden Read A Reply.

Mr. R. L. Borden, leader of the Opposition followed Sir Wilfrid by reading a typewritten speech, and he appeared so unfamiliar with his manuscript that he might have seen it for the first time. To this speech three objections might be urged. First—He read it. Second—He did not read it well. Third—It was not worth reading.

Impractical Suggestions.

Mr. Borden directed his efforts to demonstrate that there was an emergency now, and that something of real use should be done. He therefore suggested the very course that would not be of use if the circumstances were as he stated them. He wanted a fleet unit, consisting of a Dreadnought and auxiliaries.

To be of any practical use this unit would have to be divided between the Atlantic and Pacific shores, therefore it would cease to be a unit.

Would Leave Pacific Unprotected.

To retain it as a unit would leave unprotected either the Atlantic or Pacific side of the Dominion. This would be directly contrary to the wishes of the home government upon whose views Mr. Borden relies for his opinions.

Would Sacrifice Autonomy.

Mr. Borden also suggests that an immediate cash payment be made to Great Britain or that one Dreadnought be built without delay. As to the former scheme, Canadians will never more consent to be taxed without representation, and as to the idea of building a Dreadnought, the reply is that a Dreadnought would not be a unit, therefore would not fill any of the conditions laid down by the Defence Conference.

Tory Opposes Borden.

Mr. Monk, leader of the Conservative party in Quebec, stated without any hesitation that he was opposed to any idea of a navy, and he took direct issue with the leader of the Conservative party on this question.

There the matter stands—the Liberal Government is willing to make a beginning in the formation of what may be a formidable navy in course of time. Mr. Borden wants to spend more money, and spend it in England, and acquire something that would be of very little use for Canadian defence.

CASTO

The Kind You Have Always Bought, in use for over 30 years, has been

and has been a *Char. H. Fletcher* *Sole* *Supervisors* *Alone* *no one*

All Counterfeits, Imitations and "J" Experiments that trifle with and en Infants and Children—Experience

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Grog, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor any substance. Its age is its guarantee, and allays Feverishness. It cures Colic. It relieves Teething Trouble and Flatulency. It assimilates the Stomach and Bowels, giving health. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTOR

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In Use For Over 30

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET

A TIRED MUSICIAN.

How Strauss Once Snubbed a Russian Court Dignitary.

When Johann Strauss took his orchestra to Russia he had some unusual experiences not generally vouchsafed to those who live outside an autocratic government.

One day he received the czar's commands to play before her at her summer resort and was told on arriving there that he would have to rehearse his program three times before the performance. He begged to know the reason for that, but no explanation was given him. These were her majesty's orders, and he could only comply. Still, his astonishment grew when he saw during the three rehearsals an empty court carriage drawn by a pair of horses slowly going back and forth in front of his orchestra.

Throughout the final performance the mysterious act was explained. The empress, having a sharp attack of gout, was obliged to recline in the carriage, her foot on a cushion, while the concert took place, and the object of rehearsal had been to accustom the horses to a full string band lest they should take fright and bolt with her.

At the end of the performance an exalted dignitary of the court bade Strauss follow him to a splendid grand piano, saying:

"Now be good enough to play me all the newest Vienna music."

Although he was pretty fatigued by his three rehearsals and state performance, Strauss thought it expedient to comply, but after he had played continuously for over an hour he stopped.

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OTTAWA NEWS.

Two incidents occurred last week which will be notable in Canadian history. The first was on the occasion of the banquet tendered the Premier by the National Club of Toronto.

Tory Tribute to Laurier.

This was a most significant incident. Every man who reads the public press, knows that the Conservative end of it, headed by the Toronto Mail and Empire and Toronto News, have constantly referred to the Premier as the head of a gang of grafters, a man not entitled to public support or general respect. It has been stated day in and day out, that the Laurier policy was one of extravagance at the public expense. That parasites had enriched themselves at the expense of the people, and that all this was done with the actual knowledge and connivance of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Tory Papers Defamed Him.

It has been stated time without number, that what was described as the "Laurier policy" was to permit dishonest men to fatten at the public crib. Elections, it was alleged, were won by unholy promises, bribes of public works, and by other disreputable means the Government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier was sustained in office.

People Imposed Upon.

Time and again the people have been implored by these Tory organs to pass into outer darkness Sir Wilfrid and all his works. No man in Canada public life has been accused more strenuously than the great leader of the Liberal party. No man has been held up to public obloquy and derision of tenor than the Prime Minister.

What the Papers Said.

Sir Wilfrid has been described to the people by the Conservative press as a man who winks at evil, so that he may profit by it—a man who maintains at Ottawa a bureau of dishonesty—one who is inherently dishonest for political profit, and who shuts his eyes to the dishonesty of his political colleagues. There is no offence in the gamut of political crime of which Sir Wilfrid has not been accused by the Conservative press, and he has been described as the very personification of corruption in all its forms.

Thus says the Tory press of Toronto.

Tory Press Rebuked.

Now then. What do the Conservative leaders of Toronto say and do? First, they tender him a banquet and shout themselves hoarse when he enters the dining room. They acclaim him with ringing cheers when he replies to the toast of his health, and more than this, they pronounce upon him a panegyric that left no doubt in the minds of any person present of its sincerity.

Note the Difference.

Mark the difference between the warped expressions of a political news-

in a ten-year-old boy.

To these sentiments McNaught gives a flat contradiction. He tendered an eloquent tribute to the loyalty of the Prime Minister, and added that every promise made by him had been faithfully redeemed.

This sort of thing affords food for thought. It proves what has been steadfastly maintained by the Liberal press, that the attempts to discredit the Government are confined to the party press, and that the party press in this regard does not reflect the views of the Tory party.

Another Tory Tribute.

The president of the club, Mr. J. T. Irving, also added his tribute. He said, alluding to Sir Wilfrid:

"We honor you for your wise leadership, for the utter absence of self-seeking or personal aims, for your honesty, and for your common sense."

Once more we have it upon the word of a political opponent, untrammelled and unprejudiced, that Sir Wilfrid is honored for his wise leadership and his honesty.

What the Mail Said.

Only the other day the "Mail and Empire," writing on the naval question, concluded with these words: "But it could not refuse were it not for the Laurier policy of separation."

Contrast the tribute to the loyalty of the Prime Minister tendered by representative members of the Conservative party, uttered before a large gathering of Conservatives, words cheered to the echo, with the false impression, written in the solitude of a back room, and circulated broadcast by a journal not too particular about its facts, so that political gain might peradventure result.

Don't Reflect Party Views.

The conclusion to which one is forced is that certain Conservative papers for their own purposes, think it wise to libel a public man and a dominant political party, without reason or evidence—also, the evidence is clear that these papers do not reflect the views of the party whose interests they are supposed to serve.

People Are Deceived.

It is unfortunate and regrettable that the people are so egregiously deceived in this manner—those who read in the Conservative press that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is the ally of grafters, boodlers and corruptionists, a man disloyal to the Empire and dishonest in his government. They may not be fortunate enough to read that leading Conservatives of Toronto have publicly stated that Sir Wilfrid is a man who would not countenance wrongdoing whose name has never been associated with scandal, who keeps his promises, and who is loyal to the Empire.

Naval Programme.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier made a preliminary announcement as to the naval programme, in the absence of Hon. Mr. Brodeur, Minister of Marine and Fisheries. The chief points were as follows:

The creation of a naval force, consisting of three classes—permanent, reserve and volunteer—for the protection and defence of Canadian coasts and trade.

The naval service to be under the administration of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

A naval board may be constituted to advise with the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

In case of emergency, war, invasion or insurrection the navy to be under the direct control of his Majesty. In time of peace to be under control of the Canadian Government.

The Governor-in-Council to have the power to place the native in active service in case of emergency, and place the same at the disposal of his Majesty for general service in the Royal Navy.

with the leader of the Conservative party on this question.

There the matter stands—the Liberal Government is willing to make a beginning in the formation of what may be a formidable navy in course of time. Mr. Borden wants to spend more money, and spend it in England, and acquire something that would be of very little use for Canadian defence.

They Don't Understand Position.

The idea of Canadian defence appears to occupy a secondary position in the eyes of the Conservatives. The Citizen of Ottawa, a Conservative paper, says, after finding fault with Sir Wilfrid's proposals upon the ground that they do not contemplate spending money enough: "In other words the cruisers will exist, not to protect Canada."

That is just what they are for, to protect Canada so that Great Britain will not be under the same necessity of doing so in case of war. Great Britain requires no protection from Canada. The whole point of the necessity of a Canadian navy is lost sight of by those who would rather find fault than commend a political opponent.

Sir Wilfrid Stands Firm.

This makes no difference. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will put into effect his own ideas; he will not be stampeded into anything foolish, neither will he sacrifice one iota of the autonomy for which our forefathers shed their blood. Sir Wilfrid realizes Canada's greatness now, his opponents may do so in the course of time.

Bank Deposits Increase.

That the people of Canada are prospering under the policy of the Laurier administration cannot be doubted. On December 31, 1908, the deposits in Canadian banks amounted to \$722,769,156, between that date and 30th November, 1909, the deposits rose to \$858,447,245. This is what Sir Wilfrid Laurier meant when he said that under a Liberal administration the people would know they were prosperous by the jingle of the money in their pockets.

The Planing Machine.

As to the original inventor of the planing machine there is perhaps scarcely a machine about which there has been more controversy than this, and there are many claimants to the honor. There are records, however, showing that Nicholas Forq, a French clockmaker, used a metal planer in 1751 for machining pump cylinders, apparently being under the impression that they could be made more accurately in this manner than by a revolving cutter.—Cassier's Magazine.

A HINT TO LADIES WHEN SHOPPING.

If you wanted anything badly, and when you got to the store were persuaded to take something else instead, when you came away wouldn't you feel a little disappointed? As if somebody had "got one over you"—and not for your benefit, mind, but for their own profit!

And when you proved that the something which was represented as being "just as good" as what you asked for was not as good—was not to be compared even with the real thing, wouldn't you feel still worse?

This is just the case about Zam-Buk. Like all good things it has many imitations. When buying it just ask for Zam-Buk, and see that you get it. The name is protected by law, and is clearly seen on each packet. Don't have anything else! Then you won't feel that somebody has made a few extra cents out of your lack of firmness.

At the end of the performance an exalted dignitary of the court bade Strauss follow him to a splendid grand piano, saying:

"Now be good enough to play me all the newest Vienna music."

Although he was pretty fatigued by his three rehearsals and state performance, Strauss thought it expedient to comply, but after he had played continuously for over an hour he stopped, saying, "I presume that will be sufficient?"

"I am not at all tired," coolly rejoined his excellency.

"But I am!" said Strauss and rose from the instrument.

PARIS RAGPICKERS.

An Occupation That Is Passed Along From Father to Son.

The ragpickers of Paris are born to their work, the occupation being passed from father to son for generations. Each ragpicker family has its own district, which is inherited by the children and grandchildren.

In spite of all the progress made in modern and elegant Paris barrels of waste are piled up on the streets in front of many buildings on beautiful boulevards in the early morning hours, and it is the privilege and in fact the mission of the ragpickers to examine this refuse.

They have use for everything, and but little is left after they have passed, their thoroughness being one reason why the system is still allowed. Every scrap of paper has its market; rags are gathered for paper manufacturers; shoes go back to leather dealers.

Old sardine and preserved meat tins are used for making playthings, old bones produce gelatin and glue, lemons and orange peels are greatly sought after and sold at the rate of a cent a pound to perfume and sirup manufacturers, old metals are highly prized, cigar stubs go to tobacco factories, and even stale vegetables are carted away.

The quarters of the ragpickers of Paris are just outside the confines of the city—sections carefully avoided by most people who do not belong to the guild. Every member of the family, from the oldest to the three-year-old, takes part in the sorting of the spoils, and it often happens that members of a family die either from poisoning from stale food or from a cut from one of the tins.—Popular Mechanics.

"A Nine Days' Wonder."

The memorable reign of Lady Jane Grey is said to have given rise to the phrase "A nine days' wonder." Lady Jane was proclaimed queen of England July 10, 1553, four days after the death of Edward VI. After the lapse of a period of nine days, on July 19, she relinquished her title to the crown, thus terminating her reign in the short space of a week and a half. A noted English historian says, "Thus we come to the end of the story of that short and troubled reign that from its length is said to have given rise to the now (1620) popular phrase, 'A nine days' wonder.'"

A Social War.

"See here, old man, every time my wife orders a gown your wife orders two gowns."

"Yes?"

"Whereupon my wife goes your wife one better."

"Well?"

"Can't we arbitrate this matter?"—Pittsburg Post.

That Kind of a Flower.

Ellie—That red headed girl is always on the go, but she is the flower of the family. Stella—A sort of "Crimson Rambler."—New York Press.

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STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO,) ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business at the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
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ways Bought, and which has been years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Ations and "Just-as-good" are but le with and endanger the health of —Experience against Experiment.

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s substitute for Castor Oil, Pare- thing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It m, Morphine nor other Narcotic its guarantee. It destroys Worms ss. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind thing Troubles, cures Constipation ssimilates the Food, regulates the giving healthy and natural sleep. ea—The Mother's Friend.

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Special Notice.

BETTER THAN SPANKING.

Spanking does not cure children of bed- wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box 831 Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

ATOP THE FREIGHT TRAIN.

Walking the Cars a Hair Raising Ex- perience For a Novice.

There came over me as I sat in the caboose that evening a wild desire to ride with the engineer in the cab. Planning to slip ahead along the half mile or so of train at the first stop, I made known my desire to our conductor over that part of the run.

"They'll be glad to see you," he told me. "You won't have any trouble get- tin' there. It's a mild evening!" He swung open the window of the lookout and called to his rear brakeman, "Jim- mie, run along with this here party." Jimmie pulled me through the window of the lookout before I clearly realized the entire plan.

It was a slippery path over the roofs of sixty cars to the big engine that was pulling us, and the wind that swept in from the shores of the ice- bound lake, along which the tracks ran for many miles, snapped sharply over those car roofs. Jimmie hung on to his lantern with one hand, to his con- voy with the other. Long miles over those slippery car roofs had brought

motive being one built by Peter Coop- er, who also acted as engine driver.

The horse, a gallant gray, was in the habit of pulling a car on a track paral- lel to that used by the locomotive. At first the gray had the better of the race, but when he was a quarter of a mile ahead Mr. Cooper succeeded in getting up enough steam to pass the horse amid terrific applause.

At that moment a band slipped from a pulley, and "though Mr. Cooper lacerated his hands trying to replace it the engine stopped, the horse passed it and came in the winner."

As there were no brakes on the ear- ly trains, they used to stop and to start with jolts which threw the pas- sengers across the car. The coupling was with chains, having two or three feet of slack, which the engine in starting took up with a series of fierce jerks. The shock on stopping was even worse and "never failed to send the passengers flying."

There were no whistles in the old days. Signals were given by pushing up the valve on the dome by hand and letting the steam escape with a loud hissing noise. On the New Castle and Frenchtown railroad when the signal was heard the slaves around the sta- tion would rush to the arriving train, seize hold of it and pull back with all their might while the agent stuck a piece of wood through a wheel.

There were so many collisions and explosions that some southern rail- roads introduced what they called a barrier car between the locomotive and the passenger coaches of the train. This barrier car consisted of a plat- form on wheels upon which were piled six bales of cotton, and it was claimed it would safeguard the passengers in two ways—it would protect them from the blowing up of the locomotive and would form a soft cushion upon which the passengers could land in the event of a collision. There is no record of how this experiment worked out.—American Cultivator.

Origin of the Word Canada.

On April 20, 1634, Jacques Cartier sailed from St. Malo, Brittany, with two ships and sixty-one men for Lab- rador, skirted Newfoundland, named Chaleur bay, crossed the eastern end of Anticosti and then headed for France again. The next year Cartier returned with three ships, thought he saw in the St. Lawrence the wished for passage to India and was only un- deceived by the freshness of the wa- ter on reaching the mouth of the Sa- guenay. Then was revealed the ma- jestic size of the continent, for, with the exception of the Amazon and the Orinoco, no American river gives one such a sense of power and grandeur. As the Frenchmen inquired the names of the Indian villages along the banks they were answered "Canada," a Mo- hawk word meaning village, but which was applied by the Frenchmen to the country.

A RESTRAINING HAND.

Its Action Followed by a Voice That Warned.

"Patrick H. McCarren once told me of a funny incident that happened in Rome," said a Brooklyn lawyer. "Mc- Carren said that on his first visit to Rome, after he had seen the Coliseum and the Forum, he visited the Ara Coeli church, the left of the Capiti- line hill. He climbed the grand stairway leading to the church, the finest open air stairway in the world. He pushed back the heavy leather cur- tain, and, entering, he found a service in progress. So he put his hat on the marble floor at his side and took a seat.

"After ten minutes or so he decided he would go and reached down for his hat. But a restraining hand was laid

Chrysanthemums.

Chrysanthemums stand fourth in commercial importance among flowers. Only the rose, the violet and the car- nation surpass them, and that chiefly because the chrysanthemum season is so short, while the others can be had from the florist nearly the whole year round. Greece gave us the name. Chrysanthemum means "golden flow- er." But the name was invented long before the big butter yellow globes were known in the accident. It re- ferred to the prevailing gold in the small varieties that were known. Strangely enough, the first chrys- anthemum brought into Europe was not gold, but purple. It was a small flow- er about two inches across, shaped like an aster. Somebody took it to Europe from China in 1790—and, presto, the modern history of chrysanth- emums was begun.—Argonaut.

Why He Could Beat McGregor.

Alexander Ure, the lord advocate of Scotland, is a keen golfer, and he has a good store of golfing tales. These he is always ready to relate, even if they tell against himself.

Playing on a certain course in Scot- land, he remarked incidentally to his caddie: "By the way, I played a round with Todd McGregor the last time I was here. Grand player, McGregor!"

"Aye," said the caddie, "but ye could bate McGregor the noo."

"Do you think so?" exclaimed the gratified lord advocate, being well aware of McGregor's prowess.

"Aye," drawled the caddie. "Mc- Gregor's deid."—Golfing.

How Customs Vary.

She—In some parts of Australia when a man marries each of the bride's re- latives strikes him with a stick by way of welcome into the family. He—Yes, and in many parts of America when a man marries each of the bride's re- latives strikes him with a loan by way of welcoming him into the family.—New York Times.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowl Laxative.

GAS ARC LAMPS

Its true, with Gas at 13c. per 100 cubic feet, we offer the best and cheapest shop light known.

A Gas Arc Lamp costs less than two cents per hour to burn, and it gives 600 actual candle power. Think of the advertising medium.

If you attract seven per- sons to your window each night you will obtain re- sults at a less cost than



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

compels everyone when suffering with headaches, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweller

Near Royal Hotel.

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

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It was a slippery path over the roofs of sixty cars to the big engine that was pulling us, and the wind that swept in from the shores of the ice-bound lake, along which the tracks ran for many miles, snapped sharply over those car roofs. Jimmie hung on to his lantern with one hand, to his conveyance with the other. Long miles over those slippery car roofs had taught him to regard it as no very serious business.

"This ain't nothin'," was his assurance. "It sometimes gets nasty when we get down to zero an' a blizzard comes a-rippin' from off over the lake. Sometimes you have to get down an' crawl on all fours. It wouldn't be much fun to be swept off the tops of those cars."

There was no disputing that, nor that the three lengthwise planks at the gable of the car roofs were not wide promenades. You jump from one to another to cross from car to car, and a man has got to have something of a gymnastic training and some circus as well as railroad blood in his veins to do it many times without dropping into one of the hideous dark abysses between them.

A hand out of the dark slapped me in the face. "Drop," said Jimmie, and, fearing possibly that I might not obey, he pulled me flat down upon the car roof.

"That was a 'telltale,'" he explained, and before I could ask further we were in a short reach of a tunnel, and I understood. We were whirled through that tunnel like a package in a tube, and if we had raised our arms we could have touched the flying roof of the bore. The smoke lay heavy in the place. It filled our eyes and nostrils.

"Not real nice," said Jimmie cheerily. "But no danger in the holes, save now and then an icicle gets a crack at your nut. You see, there ain't much use in arguin' the matter after that 'telltale' strikes you."—Edward Hungerford in Harper's.

THE HORSE WON.

A Race With a Locomotive When Railroads Were New.

In 1822 the first charter was obtained for a railroad in the United States. It was for a line from Philadelphia to a point on the Susquehanna river, but was never built. On the announcement of the project some one asked one of the Baltimore newspapers, "What is a railroad, anyhow?" The editor was forced to reply that he did not know, but that "perhaps some other correspondent can tell."

Seven years later on the little wooden track along the Lackawanna creek the first locomotive had its trial. The experiment was far from successful, and for a number of years afterward the trains on most of the railroads continued to be drawn by horses. The first locomotive on the Baltimore and Ohio had sails attached. So did the cars. These sails were hoisted when the wind was in the right direction so as to help the locomotive.

The rivalry between the railroads using locomotives and those using horses was very bitter. In August, 1830, an actual trial of speed was held between a horse and one of the pioneer locomotives which did not result in favor of the locomotive. The race was on the Baltimore and Ohio, the loco-

finest open air stairway in the world. He pushed back the heavy leather curtain, and, entering, he found a service in progress. So he put his hat on the marble floor at his side and took a seat.

"After ten minutes or so he decided he would go and reached down for his hat. But a restraining hand was laid on his, and he desisted. He knew, of course, that some churches don't like people to leave in the midst of a service.

"Ten or fifteen minutes more passed. The service still continued. Senator McCarren got impatient and again reached for his hat. But again the unseen hand restrained him from the rear.

"A little later, however, the senator quite lost patience. This was, he told himself, an important service, of course. Nevertheless he did not propose to miss his luncheon, and it would harm no one if he slipped out quietly.

"So a third time he reached for his hat, and the invisible hand a third time detained him. He persevered, however. The silent hand pushed, and his silent hand pushed against it. But just as he was conquering in the struggle a voice said in good American:

"Cheese it, boss; that's my hat you're taking."—Exchange.

His College Training.

"Has Biffie's son ever made any use of his college education?"

"I should say so. He was held up a few nights ago."

"Yes?"

"And he tackled his assailant low and threw him for a loss of four ribs. He learned that trick on his college eleven."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Out of the Ordinary.

Sapleigh—Bah Jove, you know, an idea has occurred to me— Miss Pert (interrupting)—Pardon me, Mr. Sapleigh, isn't that more than a mere occurrence? I should call it an event.—Boston Transcript.

A Pertinent Question.

A little boy whose sprained wrist had been relieved by bathing in whiskey surprised his mother by asking, "Did papa ever sprain his throat when he was a little boy?"

Talent is that which is in a man's power; genius is that in whose power a man is.—Lowell.



WISS SCISSORS

and Shears stay sharp whether you cut the heaviest felt or the lightest of muslin.

It does not cost a cent more when buying scissors and shears to be sure of their high quality and long service—you are insured of this when your purchase bears the trade mark.

J. WISS & SONS NEWARK, N. J. U.S.A.

It is on every pair of genuine Wiss Shears and Scissors and is your assurance of satisfaction—or you get a new pair—or your money back.

Popular Styles, 50c. to \$1.00 according to size.

Sold by M. S. Madole, Napanee.

If you attract seven persons to your window each night you will obtain results at a less cost than postage.

The Napanee Gas Co.



"THE BEL" 2004
Largest Winner of any Pacer on Grand Circuit, '08

Make Each Animal Worth 25% Over Its Cost

On $\frac{2}{3}$ of a Cent a Day

Nobody ever heard of "stock food" curing the bots or colic, making hens lay in winter, increasing the yield of milk five pounds per cow a day, or restoring run-down animals to plumpness and vigor.

When you feed "stock food" to your cow, horse, swine or poultry, you are merely feeding them what you are growing on your own farm. Your animals do need more feed, but something to help their bodies get all the good out of the feed you give them so they can get fat and stay fat all year round; also to prevent disease, cure disease and keep them up to the best possible condition. No "stock food" can do all these things. **ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC** can and does. It is

Not a "Stock Food" But a "Conditioner"

ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC contains no grain, nor farm products. It increases yield of milk from three to five pounds per cow per day before the Specific has been used two weeks. It makes the milk richer and adds flesh faster than any other preparation known. Young calves fed with **ROYAL PURPLE** are as large at six weeks old as they would be when fed with ordinary materials at ten weeks.

ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC builds up run-down animals and restores them to plumpness almost magically. Cures bots, colic, worms, skin diseases and debility permanently. Dan McEwart, the horseman, says: "I have used **ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC** consistently in the feeding of 'The Bel,' 2004, largest winner of any pacer on Grand Circuit in 1908, and 'Henry Winters,' 2004, brother of 'Allen Winters,' winner of \$30,000 in trotting stakes in 1908. These horses have never been off their feed since I commenced using Royal Purple Specific almost a year ago, and I will always have it in my stables."

Royal Purple STOCK AND POULTRY SPECIFICS

One 50c. package of **ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC** will last one animal seventy days, which is a little over two-thirds of a cent a day. Most stock foods in fifty cent packages are given but once a day, and last half again as long. A \$1.50 pail containing four times the amount of the fifty cent package will last 280 days. **ROYAL PURPLE** will increase the value of your stock 25%. It is an astonishingly quick fattener, stimulating the appetite and the release of food, assisting nature to digest and turn feed into flesh. As a hog fattener it is a leader.

It will save many times its cost in veterinary bills. **ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC** is used by 70 days, or a pail costing \$1.50 will last twenty-five hens 280 days, which is four times more material for only three times the cost. It makes a "laying machine" out of your hens. Ever/ package of **ROYAL PURPLE STOCK SPECIFIC** or **POULTRY SPECIFIC** is guaranteed.

Just use **ROYAL PURPLE** on one of your animals and any other preparation on another animal in the same condition: after comparing results you will say **ROYAL PURPLE** has them all beat to death, or else back comes your money. **FREE**—Ask your merchant or write us for our valuable 32-page booklet on cattle and poultry diseases, containing also cooking recipes and full particulars about **ROYAL PURPLE STOCK AND POULTRY SPECIFICS**.

If you cannot get Royal Purple Specifics from merchants or agents, we will supply you direct, express prepaid, on receipt of \$1.50 a pail for either Poultry or Stock Specifics.

Make money acting as our agent in your district. Write for terms.

For sale by all up-to-date merchants.

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Royal Purple Stock and Poultry Specifics, and Free Booklet are kept in stock by T. B. WALLACE.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.) Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby is now a healthy child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is unwell send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantor. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT Coleman's Paste A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

Only Medicine That Did Any Good

After Suffering Tortures For Years, This Lady Found Happy Relief In "Fruit-a-tives".

Frankville, Ont., June 11th, 1908.

"I have received most wonderful benefit from taking 'Fruit-a-tives.' I suffered for years from headaches and pain in the back, and I consulted doctors and took every remedy obtainable without any relief. Then I began taking 'Fruit-a-tives' and this was the only medicine that ever did me any real good. I took several boxes altogether, and now I am entirely well of all my dreadful headaches and backaches.



MRS. FRANK EATON

I take "Fruit-a-tives" occasionally still, but I am quite cured of a trouble that was said to be incurable. I give this testimony voluntarily, in order that others who suffer as I suffered may try this wonderful medicine and be cured." (Signed) MRS. FRANK EATON.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50 or trial box, 25c—or sent post-paid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

"ANOTHER'S SHOES."

A Phrase That Had Its Origin in an Ancient Custom.

The expression "stepping into another's shoes," like many another common phrase, had its origin in an ancient custom.

The old Norse law required that a person to be adopted must step into a previously prepared shoe. This shoe was made from the skin taken from the right hind leg of a "three-winters-old bull."

The skin was flayed from above the hock, and out of this the shoe was made. The person to be adopted stepped into this shoe, taking into his arms one at a time, it is presumed, the younger sons of the man making the adoption. If there were also sons who were of age they stepped into the shoe afterward, by this sign showing their consent to the adoption.

A man in this way could adopt an illegitimate son, making him his lawful heir, but in that case the father was obliged to step into the shoe first. If there were any full grown sons, they stepped into the shoe afterward; if there were no full grown sons, then the next of kin did the stepping, and without his consent, by the way, this special adoption could not be made.

Witnesses to the ceremony in the use of the shoe were required to establish its legality.

It will be seen that this was considered an important ceremony, and since so much "shoe stepping" was done it is not strange that the expression as now used passed into common speech.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A PADEREWSKI STORY.

The Great Musician's First Important Engagement in Paris.

Paderewski's first really important engagement as a pianist was in Paris. He was engaged to play in the drawing room of a lady famous for her musicals, and his fee, which seemed to him enormous, was \$20. He managed to persuade the humane agent to pay him in advance, and when Paderewski had redeemed his dress suit from pawn and paid for shoes, gloves, tie and other essentials he had no money left for cab hire, so he was forced to walk to the scene of his engagement.

The music loving audience inspired him. He played with feeling, passion and mastery of his instrument as never before. His success was instant and unmistakable. The poor player had suddenly become the lion of the hour, his dream had become a reality, and fame and fortune were assured him.

At last after disengaging himself from his admirers he turned to leave, when his hostess, remembering with regret the smallness of the fee for so marvelous a performance, offered him her carriage for his return home. But Paderewski's pride came to the rescue. In his courteous yet reserved way he made a formal bow, and, saying, "No, thank you, madame; my own is waiting," he stepped out for his long walk homeward.—Pearson's Weekly.

SCARED THE OLD SAVAGE.

Ruse That Saved Dr. Felkin From King Mtesa of Uganda.

When the well known African traveler Dr. Robert Felkin was staying with the bloodthirsty King Mtesa of Uganda many years ago the king, out of gratitude for his visitor's medical treatment, wished to cut off his head. On Dr. Felkin representing that the treatment was not finished and that if interrupted it would cause Mtesa's death the latter granted him a reprieve until he was quite recovered. Then, however, nothing availed, and the execution was determined upon.

Emin Pasha, who was a friend of Dr. Felkin, had instructed him most accurately about the state of affairs in Uganda and the court of King Mtesa and had revealed to him an important state secret—namely, where Mtesa's powder store was hidden. Dr. Felkin remembered this at the right moment and as a last resort threatened that if Mtesa killed him he would bring down a flash of lightning upon his powder store. Mtesa replied incredulously, "Tell me where it is," whereupon Dr. Felkin whispered in his ear, "It is concealed under your harem."

Mtesa turned pale and allowed Felkin and his companions to live. The "lightning maker's" authority increased when next day a flash of lightning happened to strike near the harem.

Fooled the Town.

University students have long enjoyed a reputation as practical jokers, but there has been nothing quite so successful as the famous sultan of Zanzibar hoax of some years ago at Cambridge. One day the mayor of the town received the following wire from one Henry Lucas, Hotel Cecil, London: "The sultan of Zanzibar will arrive at Cambridge at 4.27 for a short visit. Could you arrange to show him buildings of interest and send carriage?" The mayor rose to the occasion, and in due course four dark complexioned gentlemen with turbans and voluminous trousers arrived at Cambridge. The mayor and corporation entertained them right royally, but to their chagrin they discovered a few hours later that the interesting orientals were simply a quartet of undergrad-

PURIFIED HIS BLOOD

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills Healed Mr. Wilson's Sores

When the sewers of the body—bowels, kidneys and skin ducts—get clogged up, the blood quickly becomes impure and frequently sores break out over the body. The way to heal them, as Mr. Richard Wilson, who lives near London, Ont., found, is to purify the blood. He writes:

"For some time I had been in a low, depressed condition. My appetite left me and I soon began to suffer from indigestion. Quite a number of small sores and blotches formed all over my skin. I tried medicine for the blood and used many kinds of ointments, but without satisfactory results. What was wanted was a thorough cleansing of the blood, and I looked about in vain for some medicine that would accomplish this.

At last Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills were brought to my notice, and they are one of the most wonderful medicines I have ever known. My blood was purified in a very short time, sores healed up, my indigestion vanished. They always have a place in my home and are looked upon as the family remedy."

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills cleanse the system thoroughly. Sold by all dealers at 25c a box.

DIDN'T KNOW HIM.

He Was Not in the Colored Porter's Hall of Fame.

A southerner noted for the liberality of his tips stopped at a Baltimore hotel where negro porters predominated. His name was speedily known to every member of the serving fraternity and his every wish anticipated. Soon after his arrival he sent his card to a friend who made his home in the hotel, but whose temperament happened to be quite the opposite of that of his open handed caller—retiring, not given to "tipping" or any other form of sociability and who therefore lived almost unknown to those about him.

The old dandy who received the card studied it for a full minute.

"Scuse me, colonel," he said, "but I don't leebe nobody by dat name come here dis mawning."

"This morning?" returned the other. "Of course not! Mr. Blank has lived here for months. You know my name well enough, and I haven't been here a day. Do you mean to say you can't remember a man who has made his home here since some time last winter?"

"Sense me, colonel, sah," began the old man deferentially, "but you must know, sah"—as if uttering the subtlest compliment—"dat dere's gemmans what can make demsels more notorious in one day, sah, dan odder gemmans does in a year, sah!"—Youth's Companion.

THE SETTING SUN.

When Vulcan Sailed It Round the Ocean So It Could Rise Again.

The ancients had some queer theories whereby they sought to explain the rising and setting of the sun. They thought the earth to be flat and were greatly puzzled to know how the same sun which plunged into the ocean at a fabulous distance in the west could reappear the next morning at an equally great distance in the east. A number of remarkable theories were advanced, and every one of them was wrong.

Mythologists of old asserted that after the sun had dipped in the western ocean at sunset (the Iberians and other ancient nations actually imagined that they could hear the hissing of the waters when the glowing globe was plunged therein) he was seized by Vulcan and placed in a golden goblet. This strange craft, with its astonishing cargo, navigated the ocean by a northerly course so as to reach the east again in time for sunrise the following morning.

THE KNIGHTS OF COURT POW WOW.

I was invited to a caucus Up at S. Casey's store, I did not think it secret. But a guard stood at the door. Before I could be admitted I had to tell from whence I came, Give in my occupation, And also my full name.

I was reported to the inner guard, And there I had to wait, To see who had proposed me And also on what date; He found it was by the Major, A man of great renown An ex-soldier of His Majesty Who resided in the town.

He said I could be admitted But I would have to vow, Not to reveal the objects And the aims of this Pow Wow; They put a rope around my neck, A bran sack o'er my head, And then up to the altar Like a stray sheep I was led.

I swore I would obey the rules And mandates of the order, I swore I'd help protect our homes From foes across the border; The oath said I could give short [weight]

Do anything in reason, For I certainly was justified In trying to keep even.

And when the bran sack was removed, I saw a wine glass and a lance Lying on the altar;

Each man held out his left arm, And calling out his name, Three drops of blood fell in the glass From each pulsating vein.

First Wesley Hall, the hog buyer, Who always gives good weight, Then A. E. Loucks, the gentleman, And Green, from New York State; Then gentleman Vanalstine And Pringle, who files the saws, Then Dennison, the ice man, Who used to make by-laws.

Vanalstine, the carpenter, With Rooney close in line, Bold Major, my conductor, With quick march he kept time: Then honest John, the undertaker, Who is the dead man's friend, Yet passed him by while here on [earth]

And snatched him in the end. Thirty drops of blood fell in the [glass]

This dose I had to drink. I drank the gore of every man And never made a wink; You are a brick cried every man, Your nerve we do admire, Then I saw the dead man's friend Stick a poker in the fire.

We will have to brand you like a [calf]

The dead man's friend replied, I stood the test, for it was the last That was to be applied; Then I was taken by the hand And given a kindly greeting, The dead man said you're qualified To vote at any meeting.

The meeting it was opened, The dead man filled the chair, The roll was called, the minutes [read,

Every officer was there; Then Hall got up to give a spell, He said, hogs were going higher, Then A. E. Loucks jumped to his [feet]

His eyes were filled with fire. He said he would not stand for it, For pork it should come down, I've been eating bran and butter- [milk]

I will have to leave the town: Vanalstine, the gentleman, Said he thought A. E. was right, And would back him in his argument And was ready for it fight.

Green said the question was out of [order], And there would surely be a row If we were going to let the farmers

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that it can do all—got anything

the next of kin did the stepping, and without his consent, by the way, this special adoption could not be made.

Witnesses to the ceremony in the use of the shoe were required to establish its legality.

It will be seen that this was considered an important ceremony, and since so much "shoe stepping" was done it is not strange that the expression as now used passed into common speech.—Chicago Record-Herald.

OSTRICH BATTLES.

The Great Birds, as Strong as Horses, Box With Their Feet.

Ostriches battle for supremacy with as much ferocity as stags, bulls, buffalo and other animals. An ostrich fight is amusing, inasmuch as it amounts practically to a boxing match with the feet, wherein the combatants lightly dance around each other.

There is, however, this difference—if any human boxer could hit as hard with his hands as can an ostrich with its feet the championship would be decided by a single blow. In sparring the ostrich stands on one foot, with the other foot and the wings raised, the bill wide open and the neck distended. He strikes with the force of a trip hammer.

Sometimes on an ostrich farm a keeper will become involved in such a mixup, in which event it is not infrequently the case that the human emerges from the scrap with a broken leg, arm or head.

Under modern training an ostrich equals a horse in power and indeed can perform many of the "stunts" whereof his equine colleague is capable. In one respect, however, he excels the horse, for by the aid of its wings the ostrich can leave behind the swiftest running thoroughbred. In harness an ostrich has at Hot Springs, Ark., paced in about a horse's time.—Harper's Weekly.

Cambridge at 4:27 for a short visit. Could you arrange to show him buildings of interest and send carriage?" The mayor rose to the occasion, and in due course four dark complexioned gentlemen with turbans and voluminous trousers arrived at Cambridge. The mayor and corporation entertained them right royally, but to their chagrin they discovered a few hours later that the interesting orientals were simply a quartet of undergraduates who had played an immense practical joke upon the town.—London Spectator.

The Seat of Punctuation.

At the time Colonel Roosevelt was carrying on his simplified spelling movement in Washington there was a meeting of educators at Battle Creek, Mich., and they visited the great sanitariums there. They were shown through, and particular stress was laid by the guide on the success that attended operations there on enlarged and diseased colons, it being claimed that here was the seat of most disease. There was a banquet that night, and one of the visitors opened his speech like this:

"Washington, as we all know, is the seat of spelling reform; but, I take it, Battle Creek is bound to be the seat of punctuation reform, for, as we were told today, you come here with a colon and you depart with a semicolon."—Saturday Evening Post.

A Duke at Church.

There was a certain old duke who used to sit up in the left hand gallery with his duchess, believing himself to be incog. One Sunday a too officious steward, on seeing the old nobleman take a back seat, hurried up to him and said, "Will not your grace have a better seat?"

"Come along, Maria!" said the old duke. "We're discovered!" And he immediately walked out with the duchess and never showed his face inside the church again.—London Tatler.

Mythologists of old asserted that after the sun had dipped in the western ocean at sunset (the Iberians and other ancient nations actually imagined that they could hear the hissing of the waters when the glowing globe was plunged therein) he was seized by Vulcan and placed in a golden goblet. This strange craft, with its astonishing cargo, navigated the ocean by a northerly course so as to reach the east again in time for sunrise the following morning.

Among the more sober physicists of old, as related by Aristotle, it was believed that in some manner the sun was conveyed by night across the northern regions and that darkness was due to mountains which screened off the sunbeams during the voyage.

Anticipation.

Lieutenant Shackleton, tells how when in the antarctic wastes he and his companions sustained their spirits and their bodies as well when supplies had to be cut down to a minimum by dwelling upon the glorious eating they would have on returning to headquarters. The value of such mental sustenance has long been recognized by up to date commanders. There was the German officer in the war of 1870 who sustained the daggling spirits and weary legs of his men by shouting: "There is a brewery inside that town! Let us get there before anybody else!" History relates that the men did get there with remarkable speed. Equally shrewd was that Japanese commander in the Manchurian war who, seeing his men exhausted with thirst and knowing full well the wonderful properties of pickled plums, cried out, "Two miles from here there is a forest of plums." The anticipated plums went far to relieve their parched mouths.

What West Point Does For Its Cadets.

What West Point does for its cadets is precisely this: It takes its youth at the critical period of growth; it isolates them completely for nearly four years from the vicious influences that corrupt young manhood and from the atmosphere of commercialism; it provides absorbing employment for both mental and physical activities; it surrounds them with exacting responsibilities, high standards and exalted traditions of honor and integrity, and it demands a rigid accountability for every moment of their time and for every voluntary action. It offers them the inducements of an honorable career and a sufficient competence as a reward of success, and it has imperative authority for the enforcement of its conditions and restraints.—Colonel Charles W. Larned in National Magazine.

Silver Service.

"Can I get the silver service for the fire department?" inquired a young man at the free library.

"The what?" asked the girl at the desk.

"The silver service for the fire department—the questions they ask you when you take the silver service examinations, you know."—Newark News.

Knew What She Was Doing.

Pastor—I was sorry for your wife during the sermon this morning, doctor. She had such a dreadful fit of coughing that the eyes of the whole congregation were fixed upon her.

Doctor—Don't you be unduly alarmed. She was wearing her new hat for the first time.

His Stroke of State.

She—I'll wager you have told lots of other girls that you loved them. He—Well, if such has been my misguided career it is now in your hands to put a stop to it.

Without foresight judgment falls by its own weight.—Horace.

are said he would not stand for it. For pork it should come down. I've been eating bran and butter—[milk]

I will have to leave the town: Vanalstine, the gentleman, Said he thought A. E. was right, And would back him in his argument And was ready for to fight

Green said the question was out of [order].

And there would surely be a row If we were going to let the farmers Have all to say in this pow-wow: But the dead man ruled against him He once was a farmer, too: For if the farmer grew the pork He had a right to eat it, too,

Let them do without, said Pringle, Or let them pay the price, If pork was to high to suit them They had better live on rice: Rooney says the calf season is coming You can live on chicken and tongue:

Just fast a few days longer, The calves are beginning to come.

Then Casey brought up his grievance He said retired farmers were killing the [place]. You're a liar, cried Wesley Vanalstine: I am hit Casey a smash in the face: Loucks grabbed Pringle and Rooney, And stacked them up on the floor, While the dead man, myself and the major

Slunk silently out of the door.

The fate of the fenian from York State, I am almost ashamed to tell, He was to Green to escape by the door [way]:

So into the cistern he fell: The farmers wiped up the floor with the [merchant],

Pringle and Rooney they shared the [same fate],

If you want to hear the result of next meeting

Just buy an Express next week —J. G. Loucks.

Spoiling a Poet.

"He has been spoiled as a poet." "How so?" "A judge recently gave him thirty days in default of a ten dollar fine." "How does that spoil him as a poet?" "Oh, it gave him an exaggerated idea of the value of his time."—Pittsburg Post.

A Ready Compliment.

She—Some day I want to show you our family tree. He (looking at her admiringly)—I should like to see it. am sure it must be a peach.—

New Amberol Records by Slezak



Leo Slezak, the great tenor, now sings for you in the Edison Phonograph the same famous arias from the Grand Operas that the New York audiences pay \$5.00 a seat to hear. Just how great a singer Slezak is, is told in the following remark, quoted from the New York World the morning after a recent appearance of Slezak at the Metropolitan Opera House: "Caruso now has a rival."

Slezak has made ten records for the Edison, comprising the principal tenor songs from the more prominent roles of his repertoire—so that, while the New York opera goer pays \$5.00 a seat to hear Slezak in one opera, with the Edison Phonograph and Amberol Records you get Slezak at his best in his ten best roles, including Otello, Lohengrin, Tannhauser, Rhadames in Aida and Rodolfo in La Boheme.

Only on Amberol Records can you get a full length rendering of these great arias—and only on the Edison Phonograph do you get Amberol Records. Hear these great Slezak Records at any Edison dealer's today.



Edison Phonographs \$16.50 to \$240.00 Edison Standard Records 40 Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long) \$5.65 Edison Grand Opera Records 85 and 1.25

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Amberol Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us.

National Phonograph Co., 100 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N. J., U. S. A.

PURITY

Take Your Choice

196 POUNDS
98 POUNDS

Western Canada

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AFTER SUFFERING YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Fox Creek, N.B.—"I have always had pains in the loins and a weakness there, and often after my meals my food would distress me and cause soreness. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me much good. I am stronger, digestion is better, and I can walk with ambition. I have encouraged many mothers of families to take it, as it is the best remedy in the world. You can publish this in the papers." — Mrs. WILLIAM BOURQUE, Fox Creek, N.B., Canada.



The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every such suffering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.

His Unlucky Day.

Even the least superstitious are often struck by the misfortunes which attend some persons on certain dates. A large firm in the city has in its employ a living instance of the fact. On June 12 an employee lost his left arm by coming in contact with machinery. The accident disabled him for his then employment, and he was given that of a messenger. On another June 12 he was run over in the Strand while on an errand. Result, a broken leg. The next accident was a fall on the stairs in the firm's buildings—again June 12—the right arm broken this time. The fourth mishap on another anniversary broke three ribs. The firm took the case into consideration and issued an order that in future the employee was to take a holiday on that date, an order with which he has now complied for several years.—London Chronicle.

His Second Thought.

A politician named Blank got a place for a clerk during one of the sessions of the legislature of his state. The clerk was very grateful, says the Saturday Evening Post. At the end of the session he came around to Blank and said: "Mr. Blank, I want to tell you how much I am indebted to you for your kindness in getting me the place I have had. It meant more to me, Mr. Blank, than you may think. I thank you from the bottom of my heart. Also I want to say, Mr. Blank, that if there ever comes a time when I can do anything for you—anything at all—you are to command me. I will do anything you may ask me to do. I am at your service."

RICHMOND MINUTES.

Selby, Jan. 11, 1910.

Part of the council Elect met at Selby to organize. The members present were Messrs. C. H. Spencer, Erastus R. Sills and Fred Sexsmith.

In the absence of the Reeve and Councillor McCutcheon, it was moved by C. H. Spencer and seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that the council adjourn to meet on the 17th instant at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. Carried.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Tp. Clerk.

Selby, Jan. 17th, 1910.

The council met at Selby.

The members present were Chas. Anderson, Reeve, and Councillors C. H. Spencer, E. R. Sills, Alf. McCutcheon and Fred Sexsmith. The Reeve presiding.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Moved by C. H. Spencer and seconded by E. R. Sills, that E. J. Sexsmith receive \$9.02, being an error in the Assessment of Swamp No. 1 drain, and that James Vankoughnet receive \$8.86 the same being an error in the Drainage Assessment of Swamp No. 1. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer and sec. by E. R. Sills, that Zephemia Dean be charged \$17.27, error in Assessment on Swamp No. 1 drain. Carried.

Moved by Alf. McCutcheon, sec. by E. R. Sills, that Wm. Cornwall be refunded \$2.00 Statute labor, he having performed the same. Carried.

A communication was received and read from the Hospital for sick children in Toronto asking aid. Laid on the table.

A communication was received and read from the General Hospital, Kingston, asking aid. Laid on the table.

Moved by Alf. McCutcheon, sec. by E. R. Sills, that Carleton Woods be refunded \$3.00, the same being an error in his Statute labor. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer, sec. by E. R. Sills, that the Reeve and Treasurer be authorized to loan to Union School Section No. 14 the sum of \$1500.00, at 5 per cent per annum interest. The loan to be paid back in five annual instalments. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer, sec. by Alf. McCutcheon, that King W. Scott be paid \$7.00 for wood furnished N. I. Huyck. Carried.

Moved by Fred Sexsmith, sec. by E. R. Sills, that the account of Herrington, Warner and Grange amounting to \$3.00, re, legal advice be paid. Carried.

The printing account of the Napanee Express for 1909 was laid on the table.

Moved by C. H. Spencer, sec. by E. R. Sills, that Joseph Driver be refunded \$3.51 charged against his lands in 1907 for the cleaning out of Swamp No. 1 drain, he not having received notice as required by law. Carried.

Moved by C. H. Spencer, sec. by E. R. Sills, that Mrs. Mowers receive a grant of \$6.00, she being in indigent circumstances. Carried.

Moved by Alf. McCutcheon, sec. by Fred Sexsmith, that the Collector's time be extended to the next meeting of the council. Carried.

Moved by Alf. McCutcheon, sec. by E. R. Sills, that in view of the repeal of County By-Law No. 23, which said By-Law provided for maintenance of the poor by the several municipalities. Be it therefore resolved that all regular paupers receiving aid from this Township be sent to, either the House of Industry or House of Providence in Kingston and that further supplies to said persons be discontinued from this date. Carried.

Moved by Fred Sexsmith, sec. by E. R. Sills, that the following accounts be paid: Napanee Express, printing contract, \$77.50; Horace R. Paul, work in Robin road Section in 1909, \$5.48. Carried.

Moved and seconded that the council extend their sympathy to the Reeve and family in their sad bereavement in the loss of a friend and father, the late Thomas Anderson. Carried.

The following officers were appointed by by-law: For Assessor, Walter Russell; for Auditors, Frank Van Vlack, R. D. Martin; and for the Board of Health, Chas. Anderson, Reeve, A. Winters, Clerk, Wm. E. Spencer, Vincent Storms and R. J. Delong.

Moved and seconded that the council adjourn to meet on the 1st Monday in February 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m. Carried.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Tp. Clerk.

LINCOLN'S LESSON.

The Way He Learned to Tell When a Thing Is Proved.

Abraham Lincoln was once asked how he acquired his wonderful logical powers and his acuteness in analysis.

Lincoln replied: "It was my terrible discouragement which did that for me. When I was a young man I went into an office to study law. I saw that a lawyer's business is largely to prove things. I said to myself, 'Lincoln, when is a thing proved? That was a poser. What constitutes proof? Not evidence; that was not the point. There may be evidence enough, but wherein consists the proof? I groaned over the question and finally said to myself, 'Ah, Lincoln, you can't tell.' Then I thought what use is it for me to be in a law office if I can't tell when a thing is proved?"

"So I gave it up and went back home. Soon after I returned to the old log cabin I fell in with a copy of Euclid. I had not the slightest notion of what Euclid was, and I thought I would find out. I therefore began at the beginning, and before spring I had gone through the old Euclid's geometry and could demonstrate every proposition.

HENRY CAVENDISH.

A Recluse, He Lived Far From the Madding Crowd.

Henry Cavendish, the famous natural philosopher and chemist, was a recluse who astonished England.

A son of Lord Charles Cavendish and a nephew of the third Duke of Devonshire, possessed of enormous wealth, the subject of universal admiration because of his scientific attainments, he preferred the solitude of his study and the company of his books to the pleasures society could offer him.

For many years he lived at Hampstead in a large, roomy house, attended by a number of female servants, who, however, were strictly enjoined to keep out of his sight. If a domestic by the merest chance came into the presence of Cavendish she was instantly dismissed.

Every morning the philosopher would leave a note on the hall table naming what he wanted for dinner. No one saw him place the note there; but, accustomed to the strange customs of the establishment, the meal would be prepared, and only the remains of the repast signified the presence of the

A CHOIR LEADER

Tells How Peruna Rid Him of All Catarrhal Troubles.



PE-RU-NA SCORES

Another Triumph in Canada.

"A Relief to Breathe Freely Once More."

MR. G. W. MARTIN, Hartford, Conn., choir leader at St. Paul's Episcopal church, writes:

"Peruna is a wonderful remedy for catarrhal troubles.

"I have been troubled with catarrh for a great many years, and always trying something for it, but was able only to secure temporary relief until I used Peruna.

"Only five bottles rid my system of all traces of catarrh, and I have not noticed the slightest trouble for several months.

"My head was stopped up, my breath offensive, and it is a relief to be able to breathe freely once more."

Ask your Druggist for a Free Peruna Almanac for 1910.

A RUSSIAN PRISONER.

Experience of a Man Who Was Chained to a Wheelbarrow.

In writing of the Schlessenburg prison in McClure's Magazine David Soskice tells of a prisoner who was chained to a wheelbarrow:

"Schedrin had been condemned to hard labor in the convict mines of Siberia and for an attempt to escape from there had been sentenced to be chained to a heavy wheelbarrow. When the order came for his transfer from Siberia to St. Petersburg no conveyance could be found large enough to contain him, the wheelbarrow and the convoy of gendarmes. Yet, as the wheelbarrow had become a part of the prisoner, the gendarmes were afraid to leave it behind. It was therefore decided to place Schedrin with his convoy in one cart and the wheelbarrow behind in another. For several months, day and night, Schedrin and the gendarmes galloped through Siberia upon a troika (a three horsed cart or sledge, while another sped behind them upon which the wheelbarrow reposed, causing the deepest amazement among the peasants in the villages through which they passed.

and said: "Mr. Blank, I want to tell you how much I am indebted to you for your kindness in getting me the place I have had. It meant more to me, Mr. Blank, than you may think. I thank you from the bottom of my heart. Also I want to say, Mr. Blank, that if there ever comes a time when I can do anything for you—anything at all—you are to command me. I will do anything you may ask me to do. I am at your service."

Blank thanked the man, and he started to go. As he reached the door he turned and said, "Of course, Mr. Blank, I would prefer that it should be something honorable."

Could Fill the Bill.

Superintendent—What we want is a night watchman that'll watch, alert and on the qui vive for the slightest noise or indications of burglars, some body who can sleep with one eye and both ears open and is not afraid to tackle anything. See? Applicant—I see, boss. I'll send my wife around.—Lippincott's.

Teck It Back.

"I give you my word, the next person who interrupts the proceedings," said the judge severely, "will be expelled from the courtroom and ordered home!"

"Heeray!" cried the prisoner.

Then the judge pondered.—Judge.

More than we use is more than we need and only a burden to the bearer.—Seneca.

Gave It Back.

Mrs. A. (maliciously)—You were such a charming debutante, my dear, fifteen years ago. Mrs. B.—Was I? I only remember you made such a lovely chaperon for me when I came out.—Boston Transcript.

He Wondered.

Indignant Customer—I want to return this jewel box. It's not ivory as represented. Dealer (musingly)—Now, I wonder if it can be possible that elephant had false teeth.—Cleveland Leader.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

a law office. I can't tell when a thing is proved?

"No I gave it up and went back home. Soon after I returned to the old hotel I told in with a copy of Euclid. I had not the slightest notion of what Euclid was, and I thought I would find out. I therefore began at the beginning, and before spring I had gone through the old Euclid's geometry and could demonstrate every proposition in the book. Then in the spring when I had got through with it, I said to myself one day, 'Ah, do you know when a thing is proved?' and I answered, 'Yes, sir, I do. Then you may go back to the law shop,' and I went."

Tombs of Abelard and Heloise.

Of the hundreds of thousands who make a pilgrimage to Pere Lachaise on All Saints' day few doubt the authenticity of the most famous tombs. One in particular is never questioned—that of Heloise and Abelard, the story of whose unhappy love is so grandly told by Pope. This monument is the work of Alexander Leconte, the sculptor, and dates toward the end of the revolution. The tomb was built by Leconte with fragments of a chapel of the convent of the Paraclete at Nogent-sur-Marne, of which Heloise was the abbess. Leconte managed to bring some glass from the windows of the old chapel, and two medallions which adorn the tomb the sculptor purchased from a religious house in Paris. This is all that is genuine about the tomb.—London Globe.

That Headache!

"This is such a beautiful treat," said the impecunious man at the matinee where they went on her pass, "that I want to take you to dinner afterward if my headache gets better."

"Is your headache getting better?" she asked him after the second act.

"It's terrible," said he. "I can hardly see."

After the third act she again approached the subject. "How does your headache seem to be getting?" she queried solicitously.

"Worse and worse," he frowned.

When the performance was over he held his head with both hands. "My head aches so," he moaned. "I'm afraid I'll die of it."

"I know it," said she as they walked on home.—New York Press.

out of his sight. It is a domestic by the merest chance came into the possession of Cavendish she was instantly dismissed.

Every morning the philosopher would leave a note on the hall table naming what he wanted for dinner. No one saw him place the note there; but, accustomed to the strange customs of the establishment, the meal would be prepared, and only the remains of the repast signified the presence of the master of the house.

When Cavendish died in 1810 he left behind him nearly a million pounds sterling, besides a lasting reputation as a scientist and writer on natural philosophy.—London Telegraph.

A Joke of Mark Twain's.

Probably few people are aware that the theatrical godfather of that famous actor Mr. William Gillette was Mark Twain, who was a fellow townsman and a friend of his father. Mark Twain in referring to the matter said that when he used his influence to get young Gillette on the stage he thought he was playing a great joke on the management, for he did not think Gillette had the slightest aptitude for acting. But it turned out to be no joke after all. "I don't know," said Mark Twain, "which I like better—having Gillette make a tremendous success or seeing one of my jokes go wrong."

One Thing He Hadn't Done.

Howell—You are getting absentminded. Powell—Well, I never yet have blacked my teeth and put tooth powder on my shoes.—New York Press.

before decided to place Schedrin with his convey in one cart and the wheelbarrow behind in another. For several months, day and night, Schedrin and the gendarmes galloped through Siberia upon a troika (a three horsed cart or sledges), while another sped behind them upon which the wheelbarrow reposed, causing the deepest amazement among the peasants in the villages through which they passed. Upon the arrival of the prisoner in SS. Peter and Paul he was once again chained to the barrow, and only after he had been six weeks in the Schlusseburg was he finally detached from it and given freedom of movement within the narrow confines of his cell.

"When they unchained me," said Schedrin subsequently, "I could not get enough movement. I wanted to run and run, and it seemed to me that I could never stop. How strange it is that men who can enjoy perfect freedom of movement never realize the wonderful happiness that is theirs!"

The Glad Hand.

"What do you mean by the 'glad hand'?"

"Anything," answered Mr. Bloochips, "that will beat three of a kind."—Washington Star.

A Dull Point.

Blabbs—Sunshine is always talking about his point of view. Slobbs—Yes, but unfortunately it isn't sharp enough to penetrate anything.—Philadelphia Record.

Let us watch our beginnings, and results will mirror themselves.—Clark.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE, No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.									
Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6				
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.				
Lve Bannockburn	0	.....	.....	1:40	.....			
Allans	5	.....	.....	1:50	.....			
Queensboro	9	.....	.....	2:05	.....			
Bridgewater	14	.....	.....	2:25	.....			
Arr Tweed	20	.....	.....	2:45	.....			
Lve Tweed	.....	6:50	.....	3:05	.....			
Soco	23	.....	.....	3:15	.....			
Larkins	27	.....	.....	3:30	.....			
Marlbank	33	.....	.....	3:45	.....			
Erinsville	37	.....	.....	3:55	.....			
Tamworth	40	8:05	.....	9:10	4:15				
Wilson	44	.....	.....	.....	.....
Enterprise	46	8:25	.....	9:30	4:35				
Mudlake Bridge	48	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moscow	51	8:37	.....	9:42	4:47				
Galbraith	53	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arr Yarker	55	8:48	.....	3:00	5:00				
Lve Yarker	.....	.....	.....	3:02	5:05				
Camden East	59	.....	.....	3:15	5:38				
Thomson's Mills	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh	61	.....	.....	3:25	5:44				
Strathcona	63	.....	.....	3:35	5:58				
Arr Napanee	69	.....	.....	3:50	6:15				
Lve Napanee	.....	.....	.....	.....	6:35				
Arr Deseronto	75	.....	.....	.....	6:55				

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.									
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 6				
		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.				
Lve Deseronto	.....	7:00	.....	.....	.....	
Arr Napanee	9	7:20	.....	.....	.....	
Lve Napanee	.....	9:10	.....	.....	.....	
Strathcona	15	8:05	.....	12:15	4:40				
Newburgh	17	8:15	.....	12:25	4:50				
Thomson's Mills	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
Camden East	19	8:30	.....	12:35	5:00				
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	.....	12:50	5:15				
Lve Yarker	.....	9:00	.....	.....	.....	
Galbraith	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moscow	27	9:20	.....	1:07	5:45				
Mudlake Bridge	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
Enterprise	32	9:38	.....	1:20	5:58				
Wilson	34	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tamworth	38	10:00	.....	1:40	6:20				
Erinsville	41	10:10	.....	.....	6:30				
Marlbank	45	10:25	.....	.....	6:45				
Larkins	51	10:45	.....	.....	7:05				
Stoco	55	11:00	.....	.....	7:20				
Arr Tweed	58	11:15	.....	.....	7:35				
Lve Tweed	.....	11:30	.....	.....	.....	
Bridgewater	64	11:50	.....	.....	.....	
Queensboro	70	12:05	.....	.....	.....	
Allans	73	12:20	.....	.....	.....	
Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	.....	.....	.....	

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.									
Stations	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6					
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.					
Lve Kingston	0	.....	.....	4:00					
O. T. R. Junction	8	.....	.....	4:10					
Glenvale	10	.....	.....	4:20					
Murvale	14	.....	.....	4:39					
Arr Harrowsmith	19	.....	.....	4:53					
Lve Harrowsmith	23	8:10	.....	.....			
Harrowsmith	19	8:21	.....	.....			
Frontenac	30	.....	.....	.....		
Arr Yarker	35	8:45	.....	5:20					
Lve Yarker	36	9:17	3:12	5:25					
Camden East	30	9:24	3:15	5:38					
Thomson's Mills	31	.....	.....	.....		
Newburgh	32	9:33	3:25	5:48					
Strathcona	34	9:43	3:35	5:58					
Arr Napanee	40	9:59	3:50	6:15					
Lve Napanee	40	.....	.....	6:33					
Arr Deseronto	48	.....	.....	6:55					

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.									
Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5					
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.					
Lve Deseronto	.....	7:00	.....	.....			
Arr Napanee	9	7:20	.....	.....			
Lve Napanee	.....	9:10	12:00	4:25					
Strathcona	15	8:05	12:15	4:10					
Newburgh	17	8:15	12:25	4:30					
Thomson's Mills	18	.....	.....	.....		
Camden East	19	8:30	12:35	5:00					
Arr Yarker	23	8:45	12:51	5:15					
Lve Yarker	.....	9:00	.....	.....			
Frontenac	30	9:25	.....	5:25					
Arr Harrowsmith	35	9:40	.....	5:45					
Lve Harrowsmith	34	.....	.....	6:10					
Harrowsmith	30	9:10	.....	.....			
Murvale	35	.....	.....	.....		
Glenvale	40	.....	.....	.....		
G. T. R. Junction	48	9:20	.....	.....			
Arr Kingston	48	10:00	.....	.....			

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.									
NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.					
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS.			
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton	Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee		
15 a.m.	2 35 a.m.	7 00 a.m.	8 35 a.m.	6 00 a.m.	7 25 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	10 10 a.m.		
10 "	8 10 "					11 20 a.m.	11 40 a.m.		
50 "	10 50 "	1 40 p.m.	3 00 p.m.	9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.	12 25 p.m.	12 40 p.m.		
30 "	10 50 "								
50 a.m.	12 10 p.m.	5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	3 45 p.m.	4 06 "		
25 p.m.	1 45 "								
30 "	4 50 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 50 "	8 00 "		
50 "	7 10 "								
15 "	8 35 "					7 00 "	7 20 "		
						7 15 "	7 35 "		
Daily. All other rains run dail Sundays excepted.									

AWFUL RAILWAY WRECK

Passenger Train From Montreal to Sault Ste. Marie Plunges Into Spanish River.

A despatch from North Bay says: A terrible accident occurred on Friday afternoon on the "Soo" branch of the C. P. R., 37 miles west of Sudbury, when express No. 7, en route to Sault Ste. Marie, was derailed, taking heavy toll in death and injury among the passengers.

The express was speeding along with a good passenger list, when, without warning of any kind, several of the cars left the rails and plunged down a steep embankment, two of the cars going into the Spanish River, adding death by drowning to the horrors of the tragedy. A dining car is partially submerged and a first-class car is almost wholly under water.

It is impossible to obtain a correct estimate of the dead, reports varying all the way from 35 to 45. The number of injured will total between 50 and 70.

Fourteen passengers were enjoying lunch in the dining car when the accident happened, but it is stated that they all got out safely. About 26 passengers were in the first-class car, which is partially submerged, and how many are dead will not be known until the diver, who is being rushed on a special train from Sault Ste. Marie, arrives at the scene.

Twenty passengers at least were in the second-class car, which took fire and was burned, adding additional horror to the terrifying spectacle. How many escaped from the fiery furnace of death is not known as yet, as there is no telegraphic communication with the wreck at present.

When the cars left the rails, tearing loose from the front part of the train, the crash of timbers, the groaning of girders and shrieks of twisting steel was speedily followed by cries of injured passengers, as the water of the Spanish River filled the doomed cars.

The train was just approaching the large steel bridge spanning the river when the accident happened, and the cause, whether a broken rail or a broken truck, may never be known, as the track is torn up.

Physicians were hurried to the scene from Sudbury as soon as word was received, and a wrecking train, with General Superintendent Gutulus, made a record time from North Bay. Arrangements were made to rush a diver on a special train from Sault Ste. Marie to recover the bodies from the submerged cars.

The injured were rushed to Sudbury Hospital, where one, Mrs. Houde, of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., died. All the others will recover.

The engine, baggage, express, mail and one second-class car remained on the rails, while one second-class, one first-class, the diner and a sleeper left the rails, plunging down the embankment. The first-class car and diner went into the river. The sleeper and second-class car remained on the ground, but the second-class car was burned.

Engineer Trelford and the train crew, with the assistance of

J. Henault, Matheson, Ont., died in Sudbury Hospital, Jan. 22; Tatorf Hoppe, Mrs. C. Houde, "Soo," Ont., drowned in diner; George McIlhenney, North Bay, Ont., C. P. R. fireman; George McLaughlin, Barrie, Ont., farmer 22 years old, from Anton Mills, Ont., several ribs fractured on right side, suffered from shock, died night of Jan. 22 in Sudbury Hospital; Nick Nikolanko, 150 Walley Street, Lawrence, Mass., died on way to hospital; John Resback, North Bay, C. P. R. fireman; S. J. Saunders, Orillia, Ont., commercial traveller, drowned in diner; body taken to Sudbury; Zonnun Spinkzie, going to Chisholm, Man., died in Sudbury Hospital Jan. 22; T. H. Watt, Renfrew, or some place in Montana, drowned; body taken out of diner and sent to Sudbury; unknown man, Italian or French; — Bosenza, foreigner; Rev. Mr. Childerhose, North Bay, Ont., Superintendent of Presbyterian Missions; R. A. Booth, 13 Laurier Avenue, Toronto; C. J. Robertson, Arnprior, travelling auditor; C. P. R.: Patrick Kinchan, Bruce Mines; Clara Tees, aged 4, Bruce Mines; E. G. Bemmels, Lisbon, North Dakota; elderly woman, unidentified; middle-aged woman, unidentified; Thomas Aussant, Blind River, Ont.; unidentified boy, 12 years old; Hiram Johnston, Montreal, president of the Hiram Johnston Co., Limited; unidentified woman, unidentified woman, unidentified boy, 10 years old; Dr. Whitehead, Powassan, Indian, medicine vendor; Geo. McDougall, Copper Cliff; Mrs. Stankie, Shawville, Que.; Joseph Kelly, Leavenworth, Wash.

MISSING.

C. Carey, Montreal, C.P.R. air brake inspector; Wm. Lavery, C. P. R. fireman, North Bay.

DIED AFTER ARREST.

Charles E. Boivin Collapses in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Charles E. Boivin, a sometime newspaper reporter, died suddenly at the police headquarters on Thursday just after he had been arrested on a charge of theft. Deputy High Constable Lambert brought Boivin in on a charge of failing to account for \$3,880 which he was alleged to have collected as agent for the Sauvageard Insurance Company. Boivin was much worked up over his arrest, and was in a state of collapse when he arrived at the station. He lapsed into unconsciousness, and died before medical aid arrived. For ten years Boivin was Quebec correspondent of a French paper here, and came to Montreal a few months ago. Previously he was engaged in newspaper work at Fall River.

WINNIPEG SEES COMET.

One of First Class Visible There

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Jan. 25.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$1.25 to \$1.30 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and \$1.20 to \$1.25 outside, in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.60 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.10 to \$5.20, and strong bakers', \$4.90 to \$5, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.12, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.10 Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed, \$1.06, and No. 2 white and red, \$1.07 outside.

Barley—No. 2, 55c outside; No. 3 extra, 55 to 56c; No. 3, 50 to 52c, and feed 48c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, 37½ to 38½c outside, and 39½ to 40c on track, Toronto. Canada West oats, 41½c for No. 2, and 40½c for No. 3, Bay Ports.

Peas—85 to 86c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 67c outside.

Buckwheat—52c high freights, and 53c low freights.

Corn—New No. 2 yellow, 75 to 75½c, Toronto, and selected No. 3 at 73 to 73½c Toronto.

Bran—\$1 in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$22.50 to \$23, in bags, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$2.50 to \$4 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—Car lots outside, \$1.65 to \$1.70, and small lots here at \$1.50 to \$2.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2.25 to \$3; extracted, 10½c per lb.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$13.50 to \$14, and No. 2 at \$12 to \$12.50 on track, Toronto.

Straw—\$7.50 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—47 to 50c per bag on track for Ontarios.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed 17 to 18c per lb.; ducks, 13 to 15c; geese 12 to 13c; chickens, 13 to 14c, and fowl, 10 to 11c.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 23 to 25c; tubs and large rolls, 21 to 22c; inferior, 18 to 20c; creamery, 27 to 28c, and solids, 26 to 26½c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots of new laid, 32c per dozen, and storage, 25c per dozen.

Cheese—12½c per lb. for large, and at 13c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 14½ to 15c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$27 to \$27.50; short cut, \$29 to \$29.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 15½ to 16c; do., heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 14 to 14½c; shoulders, 13 to 13½c; backs, 19 to 21c; breakfast bacon, 17½ to 18c.

Lard—Tierces, 15½c; tubs, 16c; pails, 16½c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—Oats, No. 2 Canadian Western, 45½ to 46½c; No. 2, 44½ to 45½c; Ontario No.

YOUNG FOLKS

TOOTHPICKVILLE SCHOOL.

Juanita came back from the kitchen with her store of things that she had begged from Tilly. She looked them over with brightening eyes.

"I'll have a lovely school," she told herself.

She took three toothpicks from their box and stuck them into a plump red cranberry.

"There," she said, standing the first scholar on the table, "you are Bobby Cranberry! Don't you forget your name!"

The next was Beatrice, Bobby's sister, and then there were Henrietta and Mabel and Egbert and Jack and Lorraine, all belonging to the same family. She now stuck the toothpicks into raisins. There was Virginia Raisin, with her two brothers, Henry and John, besides little Paul and Pauline, the Itain twins. Then came three Walnut children, two Prune boys, Imogen Fig and Arabella Gumdrops—whose home had been in Tilly's apron pocket. This completed the list of scholars.

Juanita ranged them on the table, looking at them with great satisfaction.

"I guess the doughnuts are done by this time," she decided, and ran down-stairs to the kitchen.

"Yes," answered Tilly; "he's cooling by the pantry window. Isn't he a handsome fellow?" as Juanita brought out the fat brown cake. "He'll make a fine teacher!"

"But, Tilly, it isn't he!" cried Juanita. "It's going to be Miss Doughnut—let me see, Miss Victoria Doughnut!"

"Oh, that's it, is it?" said Tilly. "All right! It's light as a feather you'll find her."

"Why, Tilly, I'm not going to eat her—not now, anyway! She's going to teach the Toothpickville School. You come up and see them when you get your cakes fried—they look awfully cute! Aunt Ruth and I played it when she was here, and it's lots of fun. Thank you for this!" she called back, and then skipped on, to convert Miss Victoria Doughnut into a school-teacher that could properly stand.

It took four toothpicks to make her stand, for the young lady was plump as well as feathery.

"Now," began Juanita, "Bobby Cranberry, you may spell cat."

"C-a-t," squeaked a little voice.

"Yes, that's right," Juanita responded. "You may stay at the head of the class, Arabella Gumdrops," addressing a very red little scholar, "spell cow."

"K-o-w," came in piping tones.

"No, that is very wrong," and Miss Doughnut was made to shake a toothpick whip in the face of the ignorant Arabella. "If you don't spell the next word better, I shall eat you up! Now try cap."

"K-a-p."

"No, that isn't right!" declared the teacher. "You don't know anything, and I shall do just what I said I would, and I hope your punishment will make the rest of the scholars study their lessons."

Forthwith Arabella Gumdrops disappeared, legless, in Juanita's mouth, and the spelling proceeded

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Passengers from the eastbound "Soo" express are being transferred around the wreck, as the bridge is considered unsafe, which will cause considerable delay to traffic.

DEATH LIST TO DATE IS 32.

A despatch from Montreal says: Following is the official list of the dead in the wreck at Spanish River, issued by the C. P. R. on Monday night:

Father Chailion, Dorval, Que.

more medical aid arrived. For two years Boivin was Quebec correspondent of a French paper here, and came to Montreal a few months ago. Previously he was engaged in newspaper work at Fall River.

WINNIPEG SEES COMET.

One of First Class Visible There on Thursday Night.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A remarkable phenomenon appeared in the western sky here on Thursday evening, when a comet of the first class suddenly appeared shortly after sundown. It had a tail measuring twenty-two degrees, equal to about thirty-five million miles. Great interest was aroused generally, as the majority thought it was Halley's comet which had suddenly made its first appearance. The strange visitor was plainly visible for upwards of an hour.

OVERLOADING THE CAUSE

Many Vessels Go Far Beyond the Limit of Safety.

A despatch from Detroit says: That overloading of vessels is the cause of the largest percentage of accidents on the Great Lakes was brought out by speakers at Wednesday night's meeting of the Great Lakes Protective Association here. To relieve owners of strongly constructed ships from paying enormous losses to lower grade ships, a classification committee similar to that of the Lloyds was recommended.

disasters. A. A. Wright, of the Dominion Marine Association, said: "Many vessels on the lakes are loaded far beyond the safety limit, owing to their hatch constructions. At the bottom of the trouble is the anxiety of the owner to get the maximum load and the greatest number of trips, and the captain who is trying to beat his competitors and make the best time. As it is, we have all got to contribute for the other man's disasters."

NEARLY FOUR MILLIONS

Annual Increase in Ontario Crops as Result of Drainage.

A despatch from Toronto says: The remarkable value to Ontario of the extensive underdrainage operations going on in the Province is set forth in an agricultural report just issued by the department. Each acre that has been so drained, it points out, produces on an average about \$20 more per year than for merely.

Ontario in 1905, according to the latest report of the Bureau of Industries, was \$161,077,000. Thus drainage of all the cleared land needing it might increase Ontario's field crop about 57.4 per cent. At the present rate it would take 100 years to complete the drainage.

The total number of acres drained during the years 1905-1909, says the report, is 193,490, the product of which, at \$20 increase per acre, would be worth \$3,869,800 more each year than before being drained.

"But that does not tell the whole story of the possibilities of underdrainage," adds Prof. Day. "Ontario has 2,250,000 acres of slash land and 2,750,000 acres of swamp, marsh and waste land, or 5,000,000 altogether, much of which remains in this comparatively useless state only because it would be too wet for cultivation. On much of the slash and marsh a comparatively small amount of labor would do the necessary clearing, and underdrainage would reclaim the land and make it equal to the best. The swamp, too, when cleared, would yield to drainage in the same way. Thus an immense area could be added to the arable land of the Province."

14 to 16; shoulders, 13 to 13 1/2; backs, 19 to 21; breakfast bacon, 17 1/2 to 18c.
Lard—Tierces, 15 1/2c; tubs, 16c; pails, 16 1/2c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—Oats, No. 2 Canadian Western, 45 1/2 to 45 3/4c; No. 2, 44 1/2 to 44 3/4c; Ontario No. 2 white, 43c. Ontario No. 3 white, 42c; Ontario No. 4 white, 41c. Barley—No. 2, 63 to 69c; Manitoba feed barley, 53 to 55c. Flour—Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10; straight rollers, \$5.10 to \$5.20; straight rollers, in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$22.50 to \$23; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$22; Manitoba shorts, \$23; pure grain mouille, \$21 to \$23; mixed mouille, \$27 to \$29. Cheese—Westerns, 11 1/2 to 12c; easterns 11 1/2 to 11 3/4c. Butter—Choice creamery, 25 1/2 to 26c, and fresh receipts 24 1/2 to 25c. Eggs—Selected new laid, 40 to 42c; selected No. 1 stock, 30 to 32c, and No. 1 candled, 27 to 28c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Jan. 25.—Spring wheat—Stronger; No. 1 Northern, carloads store, \$1.17 1/2; Winter, No. 2 red, \$1.25; No. 2 white, \$1.25. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 65 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 67 1/2c; No. 3 corn, 67 1/2 to 68 1/2c; No. 4 corn, 66 1/2 to 67 1/2c; No. 3 white, 68 1/2c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 live, track, 88c.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.23; No. 3 red, \$1.18 to \$1.24; No. 2 hard, \$1.10 1/2 to \$1.13; No. 3 hard, \$1.09 to \$1.12; No. 1 Northern, \$1.12 to \$1.13; No. 2 Northern, \$1.11 to \$1.12; No. 3 Spring, \$1.08 to \$1.10 1/2. Corn—No. 2, 64 1/2 to 64 3/4c; No. 2 white, 65 1/2 to 66c; No. 2 yellow, 65 to 65 1/2c; No. 3, 63 1/2 to 63 3/4c; No. 4, 62 1/2 to 63c; No. 1 yellow, 62 1/2 to 63c; No. 2 yellow, 63 1/2 to 64c; No. 4 white, 61 1/2 to 62 1/2c. Oats—No. 3, 48c; No. 3 white, 47 1/2 to 48 1/2c; No. 4 white, 46 1/2 to 47 1/2c; standard, 45 to 46c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—Prime beefs sold at 5 1/2 to near 6 1/2c per lb.; pretty good animals 4 1/2 to 5 1/2c; common stock, 3 to 4c per lb., and the lean canners at about 2 1/2c per lb. There were about an equal number of milch cows and springers on the market. The former were in active demand at from \$20 to \$60 each. Calves sold at 3 to near 6c per lb.; sheep about 4 1/2c per lb.; lambs, 6 1/2 to a little over 6 1/2c per lb. Good fat hogs 9c per lb.

Toronto, Jan. 25.—Picked choice well finished steers and heifers were bought for butchers' purposes up to \$5.85; ordinary to choice butchers' sold freely at \$5.25 to \$5.60. Cows were strong, selling up to \$5 for the finest grades. There were a few export cattle on offer, which sold at \$5.85 to \$6.15. Milkers and springers were in fair demand at prices current for the last two months. The large run of sheep and lambs caused a little weakness. Hogs were weak, although a large number were sold at \$8.40 f.o.b.; selects are still quoted at \$8.45 f.o.b. and \$8.50 fed and watered.

eat you up! Now try 'em."

"K-a-p."

"No, that isn't right!" declared the teacher. "You don't know anything, and I shall do just what I said I would, and I hope your punishment will make the rest of the scholars study their lessons."

Forthwith Arabella Gumdrops disappeared, legless, in Juanita's mouth, and the spelling proceeded without further loss of pupils. For a time the reciting was good. After that came numbers, and unlucky Tom Walnut, upon saying that two and three made six, promptly vanished in the way of Arabella; and Imogen Fig, who found that the sum of four and four were ten, left the schoolroom like the others, although she departed in a more leisurely fashion.

The Raisin children, the Walnuts and the Prune boys met the same happy fate, till the Cranberry girls and boys were all that were left to Miss Doughnut's charge. Finally Bobby, the most attractive, also disappeared, and his brothers and sisters soon followed. Miss Victoria was travelling the same road, when Tilly's face was thrust in at the half-open door.

"O, Tilly, why didn't you come quicker?" cried Juanita, in sudden dismay. "I told those children I'd eat them up if they didn't have their lessons, and of course I had to keep my word! They wouldn't study, or anything!"

"And where's the teacher?" said Tilly, laughing, eyeing Juanita's half-eaten hand.

"Why," answered the unabashed Juanita, "she had to follow the children to keep track of them. If you had come a little sooner," she added, generously, "I'd have let you have some of the scholars—it was a delicious school!"—Youth-Companion.

BETTING ON THE RACES.

Young Vancouver Man is Guilty of Embezzlement.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Fred Hart, a trusted official of the Dominion Trust Company, on Thursday morning pleaded guilty to embezzlement of \$1,000 from the company last September. Hart moved in society, attended races at Minor Park last September, and his lawyer's plea for clemency was that the temptation to play the ponies had been too strong for his client. When the bookies had got all his money he had used the firm's funds with the hope of recouping himself. There are several other charges against Hart, but the company were contented with judgment on one. The Magistrate reserved sentence.

TOP OF HEAD BLOWN OFF.

Young Man Accidentally Shoots Himself Near Stratford.

A despatch from Stratford says: Roy V. Shore, 21 years old, was found dead in his father's barn on Thursday afternoon. He had left the house at noon with the intention of shooting sparrows, and when discovered it was found that the top of his head had been blown away by the discharge of the gun. The unfortunate young man had evidently slipped on the barn floor and, in doing so, accidentally set off the gun.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Toronto's fire losses last year totalled \$740,931.

Mr. George McL. Brown has been appointed European manager of the C. P. R.

Ten thousand Italians are needed for railway construction work in British Columbia.

The British Columbia Legislature was opened on Thursday, and Mr. D. M. Eberts was elected Speaker.

Ottawa City Council has voted for a reduction in the number of licenses from 67 to 58, and shop licenses from 26 to 21.

Mrs. Bell of Montreal was shown to have taught her eleven-year-old son to steal, and the boy was sent to the reformatory.

Rubber manufacturers and jobbers decided at a meeting at Montreal on a general increase in prices.

Morris Hickey, a Windsor butcher who failed, left an insurance policy with Judge McHugh for the benefit of his creditors, and the proceeds will, it is expected, satisfy all claims.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Lloyd-George, speaking at Bangor, said the Government would have a good working majority.

Mr. Asquith, speaking at Leven, said he regarded the vote of the great industrial centres as a verdict against Tariff Reform.

Mr. Redmond has announced that it is not the intention of the Nationalists to embarrass the Government by demands for home rule until the Commons have settled with the Lords.

It has come to light in Liverpool that a woman serving a sentence there for breaking the windows of the jail is Lady Constance Lytton, a prominent suffragette, who was recently released from prison.

UNITED STATES.

Two women and a man were murdered in a flat in New York's east side, on Thursday.

An unknown man murdered a jeweller in a Brooklyn store and then committed suicide, on Thursday.

Four girls and one man lost their lives in a fire in a shortwaist factory in Philadelphia, on Wednesday.

Louis Paulhan, the French aviator, flew 23 miles across country near Los Angeles and returned without landing.

GENERAL.

A new comet, which can be seen in the day time, has been discovered by Prof. Drake of Johannesburg.

GOOD BANK STATEMENT.

That for December Shows the

FARMS FOR SALE.

**\$10,000.00
FOR SALE.**

The finest position and one of the best farms in Lennox and Addington adjoining Deseronto. 120 acres in a good state of cultivation, ample buildings, 3 houses, bank barn, sheep shed and stables, plenty of water and conveniences, magnificent view of bay and river. Must be sold at once. Thousand down, balance spread over 10 years. Could well be divided between two friends.

Beautiful 1-2 section, 12 miles north of Saskatoon, Sask., close to Canadian Northern Railway and elevator, N 1/2 S23, township 24, R3 west of 3. Price asked \$4,000. Make best bid and do it quick. Must be sold.

\$3500 Close to corporation of Hamilton, 25 acres, on line of electric railway, suitable for peaches, pears, apples, etc. Beautiful situation.

\$7500 Norfolk County, choice farm of 150 acres, 10 miles south-west of Simcoe, solid brick residence, 10 rooms, ample barn, abundant water, also tenant house and barns. Terms.

JOHN N. LAKE, or WM. E. DYER,
114 King West, Toronto.

HEALTH

"THAT TIRED FEELING."

An able English medical writer has lately written a most interesting paper bearing the title, "On Being Tired," in which he offers what may serve as an excuse for many who have been dismissed with the diagnosis, "lazy."

It is a scientific fact, proved by exhaustive experiments with delicate recording instruments, that fatigue has a chemical basis; the body manufactures its own fatigue-toxins more rapidly than they can be thrown off; and it is quite possible that there are persons who inherit a special tendency toward this unfortunate form of manufacture, and that they are the persons described as "born tired."

There are others who, although not "born tired," fall into a condition where they either manufacture their toxins of fatigue too rapidly, or, through some fault of metabolism, fail to throw them off fast enough.

Many such sufferers would find themselves helped, as if by miracle, if submitted to a course of treatment tending to thorough purification of the liver and intestinal system, and for this reason the treatment advocated by Metchnikoff of keeping the intestinal tract under the daily influence of doses of lactic acid, either in tablet form, or in milk treated with it, may cure cases of "permanent tiredness" that have resisted other treatment.

It is small wonder that those who suffer from chronic fatigue should be found very irritating to their fellows, for the reason that work is the only thing they seem to balk at. When the idle British workman says, "I eat well, I drink well, I sleep well, but when I see a job of work coming along, I'm all of a tremble," it is natural to think a thrashing is the best solution. But modern science steps in and says, "No, keep the thrashing till the last. First examine his eyes, his heart, his digestive system; put his body in perfect condition, cure him of poisoning himself, make him well, for few really well persons are lazy."

In that form of chronic fatigue caused by a weak heart muscle, much good may be done by a sys-

FOUR NEW DREADNOUGHTS

The Ships Are to Represent Improvements on the Original Warship.

It is reported, on what appears to be good authority, says The Manchester Guardian, that the Admiralty has placed orders for the building of two battleships of the Dreadnought type, but representing improvements upon the original, and that a conditional offer has been made to the Thames Ironworks Company to accept their tender for the construction of a third. A fourth vessel which has been ordered is a cruiser-battleship similar to the Lion, recently laid down at Davenport.

Messrs. Vickers, Sons & Maxim have received the order to build the cruiser-battleship. This vessel will have a replacement of about 22,000, and will have turbine engines capable of giving her a speed of thirty knots an hour. The Vickers firm is already building the turbine machinery for the Lion.

The Press Association confirms this statement, and adds that as order for a battleship of the Dreadnought type, but larger, has been placed with Sir W. Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., of Newcastle and Manchester. Orders for turbine engines and boilers have been placed with Messrs. Hawthorn, Leslie & Co., Newcastle. A similar vessel and machinery has been ordered from Messrs. Beardmore of Clydebank. The armaments of the three ships definitely ordered have been allotted in equal proportions between Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., and Vickers, Sons & Maxim. Each battleship will be 600 feet long and 65 feet broad, and will be armed with ten 12-in. guns, which will be available for use on either broadside. The Admiralty order for the Type is estimated at £2,500,000.

IMMIGRANTS TO BE CULLED

Importation of Boys and Girls of Defective Type Should Be Discouraged.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Province of Ontario deported 263 "undesirable persons" during the year 1908, according to the official report on prisons and asylums, issued the other day. In the two previous years, 87 and 19, respectively, were the figures.

The report says: "An analysis of the admissions proves most strikingly the importance of carefully scrutinizing those who come to our shores."

"How some of them can pass any thorough system of inspection is a mystery: the genera paretics, the precocious dement, the obvious degenerate all slip by and reach us in a surprisingly short time. Surely it would be wisdom and good economy on the part of the Federal authorities to have some of their medical inspectors trained in psychiatry. Even a mere tyro

in the study of psychiatric problems would be able to detect the weak spots in many of those who at present safely run the gauntlet of port of arrival inspection."

"The importation of boys and girls of distinctly defective type should be absolutely discouraged. Our experiences with these weaklings make us realize how great a menace they are, and how careful we should be to have a thorough examination of their antecedents made before admitting them. Better still would be to exclude them altogether, and when I say this I voice the opinion of many of those who have had to deal with these questions practically."

Mr. S. A. Armstrong, Deputy Provincial Secretary, submits charts which show the alarming proportions of English and foreign-born inmates of Ontario's prisons and asylums.

Fashion Hints.

SEEN IN PARIS SHOPS.

Ermine is being more used than for many seasons past.

Fashion is evidently trending toward full sleeves.

Carved ivory hatpins are smart with white evening hats.

Short length dresses continue to be popular.

Blouses of chiffon to match the

by some of the most daringly fashionable women of Paris.

Crystal and gold bangles are used for outlining designs in lace on many handsome gowns.

Sealskin in combination with the soft shades of panne velvet is seen in many a dressy hat.

Turbans of fur, with dull gold trimmings and flowers of tarnished metal, are worn for evening.

Bands of chinchilla are used as trimming to some of the handsome evening scarfs of messaline.

Tiny pink satin roses, with rose leaves, too, are to be had in the shops for trimming evening gowns.

The turban fad shows indications of being overdone, and it is being eschewed by some of the careful dressers.

GENERAL.

A new comet, which can be seen in the day time, has been discovered by Prof. Drake of Johannesburg.

GOOD BANK STATEMENT.

That for December Shows the Country is Prospering.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The December bank statement, just issued, reveals a substantial addition to the country's prosperity. While the notes in circulation as compared with the month of November show a decrease of \$5,000,000, and the current deposits a shrinkage of a similar amount, the savings deposits show an increase from \$490,253,823 in November to \$499,062,024 at the end of December. This increase is to be taken as an indication of the extent to which the results of the harvest have been placed in the modern stocking. As for the decrease in note circulation, it is said to be due to the fact that several of the banks took advantage during November of the recent Act of Parliament legalizing increased circulation for the purpose of facilitating crop movement, and then evidently returned to normal circulation.

The statement shows that the amount represented by call and short loans by the banks upon the security of stocks and bonds increased by \$5,675,545. Current loans, too, increased by nearly \$2,500,000, standing at the end of the month at \$592,741,812. On December 31st the chartered banks of Canada had at rest or reserve \$77,847,333.

ENGINE CHANGED ITS MIND.

Turning Suddenly About Crashed Into Roundhouse.

A despatch from Nelson, B. C., says: The engine of the Slocan city train was left at the coal pit ready to run on Wednesday, when suddenly it started and ran swiftly into the C. P. R. roundhouse where a number of mechanics were busy at other engines. W. H. Torrey, boiler-maker's helper, was badly crushed and died a few minutes after his arrival at the hospital. J. H. Jackson has a broken wrist. Torrey leaves a wife and several children. The cause is unknown, although it is supposed there was either a leaky throttle or that some one tampered with the engine. There will be an inquest.

A REMARKABLE RIDE.

Russian Lieutenant's Remarkable Journey With One Horse.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The Minister of War has received a report of the arrival in Riepin, Plotsk Province, of Lieut. Shikutski, after a trial ride of 2,403 miles without change of horses. Both horse and rider finished in excellent condition. Lieut. Shikutski, a Uhlai officer, using an ordinary officer's mount, rode from Riepin to St. Petersburg to attend the annual festival of the Military Order of St. George, of which he is a chevalier, and return, averaging a little over forty-eight miles per day. He was fifty days en route.

natural to think a thrashing is the best solution. But modern science steps in and says, "No, keep the thrashing till the last. First examine his eyes, his heart, his digestive system; put his body in perfect condition, cure him of poisoning himself, make him well, for few really well persons are lazy."

In that form of chronic fatigue caused by a weak heart muscle, much good may be done by a system of living which tends to strengthen the heart and improve the circulation, for a muscular system imperfectly fed by the blood cannot be in good condition.

In such cases exercise should be graduated and increased very slowly from day to day, and may be much helped by some form of tonic treatment. Many persons whose laziness takes the form of balking at reading or writing or other concentrated mental effort recover as if by magic when properly fitted with glasses.—Youth's Companion.

BURGULARS FIRED FIRST.

Montreal Saloon-Keeper "Wings" Midnight Visitor.

A despatch from Montreal says: "Stand back or I shoot," said the robber. "Well, I'll give you shot for shot," replied Julien Martineau, raising his revolver, which missed fire, while two bullets from the marauder's weapon whizzed past him and shattered a large mirror. At 3 o'clock on Thursday morning robbers broke in the back door of the saloon owned by Julien Martineau on Notre Dame street. After a further exchange of bullets one of the robbers was hit, and his companions carried him off and made good their escape. They secured a few dollars.

FLOCKING TO CANADA.

Immigration Continues to Increase Many From States.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The immigration into Canada for December was 8,673, as compared with 4,960 for December, 1905. The total immigration for the nine months of the fiscal year, April to December, was 158,929, as compared with 121,555 for the same period of last year, an increase of 21 per cent. For the calendar year 1909 the immigration was 184,281 and for the calendar year 1908 it was 148,700. The immigration from the United States during this period was 90,996, as compared with 57,121.

BURNED IN HIS SHACK.

Settler's Charred Body Found Near Moose Jaw.

A despatch from Moose Jaw, Sask., says: Martin Rach was burned to a crisp in his homestead's shack south of Moose Jaw, in the district known as "The Gap." Rach was in the city a few days ago on legal business, and a brother came to town on Friday and reported that he had gone over to Martin's homestead and found the shack burned to the ground and only the charred remains of his brother left. He can give no idea as to how the fire started. The police will investigate the case.

SEEN IN PARIS SHOPS.

Ermine is being more used than for many seasons past.

Fashion is evidently trending toward full sleeves.

Carved ivory hatpins are smart with white evening hats.

Short length dresses continue to be popular.

Blouses of chiffon to match the suits are in full vogue.

Striped flannel, linen, and madras are used for morning shirt-waists.

Suede shoes in grays, browns and blues as well as blacks, are seen.

Round collars are increasing in size and bid fair to develop into capes.

Three yards is the regulation length of the chiffon or net evening scarf.

Paris milliners are now experimenting with medium sized picture effect hats.

The frock of chintilly lace is an old time favorite that is again to the fore.

The natural colored chamois glove is having a considerable favor for street wear.

Many of the new dinner and evening gowns show chiffon tunics bordered with fur.

In embroidered linens, the new jabots are flat and either single, double or triple.

Handsome lorgnette chains of gilt are set with pearls, the result being most effective.

Large handbags are now out of style. The newest are small and made of undressed kid.

Tigerskin coats are being worn

metal, are worn for evening.

Bands of chinchilla are used as trimming to some of the handsome evening scarfs of messaline.

Tiny pink satin roses, with rose leaves, too, are to be had in the shops for trimming evening gowns.

The turban fad shows indications of being overdone, and it is being eschewed by some of the careful dressers.

Petticoats and princess slips are being made of the thinnest materials and without a pleat or gather.

ELK LAKE FIRE SWEPT.

Twenty Stores on East Side of Town Destroyed.

A despatch from Elk Lake, Ont., says: Fire destroyed over half the east side of Elk Lake early on Sunday morning. The flames originated in a pool room, a man having knocked over a gasoline stove. The loss is over \$100,000, with practically no insurance. About twenty stores were destroyed and many people are homeless.

PICKED UP SEVERED ARM.

New Brunswick Lad Carried Full Length of Platform.

A despatch from St. John, N. B., says: An English boy named White fell under a C. P. R. train at Harvey Station and had one arm cut off on Thursday. He picked up the severed member and carried it the whole length of the station platform. He was brought to the hospital here and may recover.

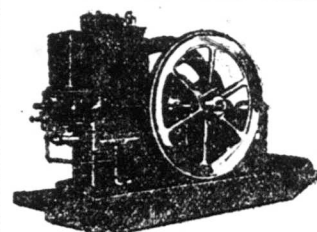
DEPORT THE BLACKHANDERS

Government Taking Power Under Mr. Oliver's Bill.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The immigration bill introduced by Hon. Mr. Oliver in the Commons on Wednesday gives the Government power, if deemed advisable, to absolutely prohibit the entrance of Asiatics, and also to deal summarily with members of such organizations as the Black Hand, Mafia or Chinese Highbinders. Provision is made for the deportation of any person not a Canadian, who by common repute belongs or may be suspected of belonging to a secret society or organization which extorts money or attempts to control anyone by blackmail. It is understood that in order to prevent the rumored further influx of Hindus the Government contemplates raising the money qualification now required of each Asiatic, other than Chinese or Japanese, on entering Canada to \$500. It is now \$200.

FAIRBANKS - MORSE

Semi-Portable or Skidded Engine



Equipped with Evaporator Tank.

Designed especially for general farm work.

Built in 5 and 8 H.P. Sizes.

Specially Adapted for Work in Cold Weather.

8 H.P. Semi-Portable Engine with Evaporator Tank.

These Engines are the same as the Standard Horizontal Evaporator Engines, except that they are mounted on skids with gasoline tank placed in base of the engine, where it is well protected, making a very neat, compact, self-contained outfit, as can be seen from the illustration above of the 8 h.p. Gasoline Engine. Send for catalogue W.S.

THE CANADIAN FAIRBANKS COMPANY, Limited,
MONTREAL, ST. JOHN, N. B., TORONTO, WINNIPEG,
CALGARY, VANCOUVER

THE DOCTOR SAID HE COULD NOT LIVE

An Almost Fatal Illness Following an Attack of LaGrippe.

The danger from grip is seldom over when the characteristic symptoms, the fever, the headache and the depression of spirits, pass away. Grip leaves behind it weakened vital powers, thin, watery blood, impaired digestion and over-sensitive nerves—a condition that makes the system an easy prey to pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism, nervous prostration and even consumption. Too much stress cannot be laid on the importance of strengthening the blood and nerves during convalescence, and for this purpose no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which contain the elements necessary to enrich the blood and restore weakened nerves. Mr. James L. Whitman, Mulgrave, N. S., says:—"Following a severe attack of LaGrippe I was completely prostrated. The doctor who attended me said that my whole system had gone wrong. My heart was affected, my kidneys weakened, digestion impaired, and to make the trouble worse I had a hemorrhage of the bowels, and nearly bled to death. The doctor said I could not live, and told my wife to tell me that I had better settle up my worldly affairs. I did not care to live, my sufferings were so intense. I could not sleep, my ankles and feet were swollen, and my complexion very yellow. Friends came to see me for the last time, and one of these, more hopeful than the others, persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. While I had but little faith that they would help me I decided to try them. Quite soon they seemed to benefit me, for my appetite improved and my heart became stronger. Continuing the use of the Pills it was not long before I was able to be out of bed, and after using fifteen boxes I am in good health for a man of my age. The doctor and those who knew of my case look upon me as a living wonder, as none of them expected me to get better."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NOT INTENTIONAL.

The little girl was very fond of pleasant days, and at the close of a heavy rainstorm petitioned in her prayer for fine weather; when, the next morning, the sun shone bright and clear she became jubilant, and told her prayer to her grandmother, who said, "Well, dear, why can't you pray to-night that it may be warmer to-morrow, so grandma's rheumatism will be better?"

"All right, I will," was the quick response, and that night, as she knelt, she said, "Oh Lord, please make it hot for grandma!"

HER ONLY COURSE.

Lady Anne Lindsay, the author of the old poem, "Auld Robin Gray," was not only a delightful conversationalist, but she was a great storyteller.

This gift made her not only a welcome guest abroad, but a valuable

THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP ;

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER I.—(Continued.)

With that nobility of mind which was one of the young man's minor defects, he had almost come to believe for an instant in the chance assertions of a valet and an office boy, but was already regretting having considered them seriously, and that he should have distressed his best friend by reviving disagreeable associations instead of congratulating him on a marriage of which he heartily approved.

His usual hour for repairing to the Avenue de Friedland had gone by, and he found that having dedicated so much time to the affairs of others it was high time he should be engaged a little with his own.

He left his uncle's to make his daily visit to Dr. Villagos.

The liveried servants of Madame Yalta's mansion had become familiar with this assiduous visitor, and gave him every day the same welcome. A colossal porter received him at the entrance, announced him by a stroke of the bell, and passed him on to the valet de pied, who introduced him into one of the salons on the ground floor.

He had scarcely entered when M. Villagos appeared. He had an anxious expression, and Maxime feared he brought bad news of his patient.

"Well," he asked impatiently, "have you come to tell me of a relapse?"

"No; thank God, she is doing well; her strength is returning, and I may pronounce that the countess is safe; that is, she is cured of her ailment, but I am not entirely reassured."

"You mean that you fear some imprudence? I hope, my dear doctor, you will use your authority to prevent it."

"My authority cannot be stretched so far as to give her repose of mind. She is filled with a thousand fancies, such as you would never guess and will hardly believe when I have indicated them to you, not knowing Madame Yalta as I do. She is a woman who throws herself passionately into everything, and interests herself in misfortunes which in no way concern her. Thus, you made known to her, it seems, that your uncle's secretary loved Mademoiselle Dorgeres, that she loved him, and that he had been sent away."

"I beg pardon; it was the countess who spoke of it to me. I even sought to undeceive her."

"You did not succeed. She is persuaded this young man's misfortunes are unmerited. M. de Carnoel's father was formerly known to the father of the countess. That was enough to make her espouse the cause of the son. She is ignorant of what has passed at M. Dorgeres', she merely pictures to herself two lovers who are unhappy, and has made a vow to undertake their cause. She has all the folly of a Don Quixote. She would redress the wrongs of human

many objects of art and but little furniture; nothing was conventional; there was neither ante-chamber, nor boudoir, nor salon. Braving the prejudices which impose upon the rich the obligation to inhabit a mansion arranged after unvarying rules, she had sacrificed everything to fancy. "This is something uncommon," Maxime murmured, as he followed his conductress. "The habitation is made after the image of the adorable persons whom fools call eccentric."

To tell the truth, however, he expected to find her in some recess furnished after the fashion of the day.

The femme de chambre opened a door softly, and instead of announcing him, motioned him to enter. He did so, and found himself in a semi-obscurity in which he failed at first to distinguish objects clearly, so that he remained on the threshold without venturing to advance.

The room into which he was introduced was oval, and was lighted from above. The walls were of polished faience, in oriental style, and all around the room extended a large divan; in the centre were enormous baskets of flowers and bushes of camellias, which seemed to have their roots in the ground. There was no sign of a chimney place, nevertheless a soft warmth was diffused through the room and a penetrating perfume. It resembled much more nearly a harem than the apartment of an invalid. The astonished Maxime saw the door close behind him, and supposed the waiting-woman had left him alone to give notice to her mistress.

He advanced, however, and when he had passed the massive shrubbery, suddenly found himself face to face with Mme. Yalta. She was half reclining on a sort of stage formed of piled-up cushions—a Turkish couch—and covered up to the shoulders with a white bear skin.

Paler than of yore, but more beautiful, perhaps, with the beauty which revealed itself only to men capable of appreciating the brightness of her glance, and the strange irresistible charm of this speaking face.

"I was looking for you," she said, and her voice moved him profoundly. "You are welcome." And she extended a charming hand which Maxime did not dare to kiss but pressed warmly.

"If you could know how happy I am to see you once more," he exclaimed.

"I know it," replied the countess, "and I beg you to believe that if I did not receive you sooner it was because the doctor absolutely forbade it. But I gave him notice this morning that I meant from today to resume my habits, and by way of beginning I wish to see a friend again. Would you believe that he opposed it? Had I listened to him you would not be here. But you are here. Sit down and let

Mlle. Dorgeres. And I have lived—I have suffered, while she is still at this age which cherishes illusions. Ah! well, it is precisely this contrast which makes me wish to become her friend. I have gained at some expense an experience of life which I should love to make use of in contributing to the happiness of a pure girl whom I had learned to love as a sister."

"My cousin would be proud to hear you speak so, and let me assure you, madame, that she is worthy of the interest you feel. But let me remind you that she enters the world by the common door through which pass all our rich bourgeoisie, all the heiresses. She is out to be married."

"What! her father has consented to accept M. de Carnoel?"

Maxime bit his lips. He had spoken hastily, and saw too late that he had already broken his promise to M. Villagos.

"No, madame," he replied with visible embarrassment. "My cousin marries her father's partner, a charming young man who is my intimate friend—Jules Vignory."

"And she loves him?"

"Undoubtedly; Alice would not be forced into marriage, and has made a perfectly free choice."

"Are you certain? You told me yourself she loved M. de Carnoel."

"She believed so. At nineteen a young girl may easily deceive herself as to her real sentiments," said Maxime, with a forced smile.

The countess was looking at him out of her large, bright eyes, and seemed to try to penetrate to the depths of his soul. There was silence which ended by placing Maxime at his ease. He was desperate at having been led to this subject in spite of himself, and was sending M. de Carnoel to all the devils.

"I am going to speak with you frankly," resumed Madame Yalta, slowly. "You have not forgotten, I suppose, our conversation—one very cold day?"

"How should I forget? That was a marked day in my life, for it was the day I had the happiness of speaking to you for the first time," said Maxime, glad to revert to these personal recollections.

"Then you remember that I had become acquainted with certain facts through my protegee Georget?"

"Madame," he said, "Georget has talked at random like the child that he is. He was fond of my uncle's secretary; he imagined the young man was to marry my cousin, and was grieved at his leaving the house."

"He left because M. Dorgeres banished him. You gave me to understand that he was guilty of some unworthy act. Georget has told me more. He told me that a theft had been committed at M. Dorgeres', and that M. de Carnoel was suspected."

Maxime started.

"You see I am well informed," the countess continued. "I know all that has transpired. I know that the safe was opened with a false key, and a casket taken belonging to a Russian named, I believe, Borisoff. I know, too, how the theft was discovered. Georget was there, and heard all. The cashier called M. Dorgeres, who, on learning that his secretary had left precipitately the night before, did not hesitate to pronounce the young man guilty. You see I know all."

Except the affair of the severed hand," thought Maxime. "If she knew that she would certainly tell

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A GOOD COUGH MIXTURE.

Simple Home-Made Remedy That is Free From Opiates and Harmful Drugs.

An effective remedy, that will usually break up a cold in twenty-four hours, is easily made by mixing together in a large bottle two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whisky. This mixture will cure any cough that is curable, and is not expensive, as it makes enough to last the average family an entire year. Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure is prepared only in the laboratories of the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

BIBLICAL CHRONOLOGY.

Recent Discovery in Egypt Throws Light on Question.

Valuable light on the perplexing question of Biblical chronology is believed to have been thrown by a discovery recently made in Egypt and described by E. B. Knobel in a paper read before the Royal Astronomical Society of England. In the book of the prophet Jeremiah it is recorded that after the overthrow of the Jewish monarchy of Nebuchadnezzar a number of the principal inhabitants who were left fled into the land of Egypt. Some of these, it would appear from the recently translated papyri, founded an important colony at the first cataract—Syene, the modern Assouan, where a little later they built a temple.

Some papyri, discovered at this place and translated recently by Prof. Sayce and Mr. Crowley contain contracts dated according to both the Egyptian and Jewish calendars. As the Egyptian calendar is perfectly well known, it is now possible to reconstruct the Jewish calendar, and this task Mr. Knobel has achieved, showing that the Jewish calendar in use at the time of these papyri was one derived, not from actual observation of the first appearance of the new moon, but from calculation.

This calculation was clearly based upon a knowledge of the fact that nineteen solar years contain an exact number of lunar months, a fact made use of in the "golden number" of the Episcopal prayer-book tables for finding Easter. The discovery of this cycle is usually ascribed to Meton, the Greek, but it is now clear that it was in regular use among the Jews long before his time.

A lad recently applied at a factory where there was a boy wanted used to filing. "Well," said the foreman, "what can you file?" "Oh!" replied the boy, "I can file anything." "Can you file smoke?" asked the foreman. "Yes, sir, if you will screw it in the vice for me," was the lad's quick rejoinder. He got the job.

CURED HIS LAME BACK.

West Fort William, Nov. 7th, 1908

"I have been troubled with a lame back for the past twenty years and have used plasters and ointments without effect. At last I tried Gin Pills, which proved just the thing, and I would highly recommend them to anyone who has a strained or lame back."

H. HARKNESS.

Gin Pills act directly on the kidneys—relieves the pain—neutralizes uric acid, which is generally formed when there is kidney trouble.

Try Gin Pills yourself before buying the

GERMAN GIRL AT HOME.

Is Patriotic, a Capable Housewife and Needlewoman.

The German girl is an excellent needlewoman, and accomplishes wonders of fine embroidery for her friends. She is also a capable housewife, and looks forward to a lifetime of cooking without any dismay, for even in households where the circumstances are easy the preparing of food for the fastidious palate of the lord and master usually devolves on a member of the family. Our Teutonic sister takes little regular exercise and has no aptitude for games, but she is frequently a good walker, with plenty of staying power, and during the spring months will go for long walking expeditions with her friends.

The German girl is patriotic, and she worships the army in all its officers. She is extremely musical and has a genuine appreciation of classical performances. Her energy in improving her knowledge of English, with every person of that nationality whom she chances to meet, is worthy of praise. Unfortunately it is continued at the expense of those who are visiting her Vaterland for the express purpose of learning the language; but this side of the question she fails to perceive, although her own indignation would be unbounded were she to meet with similar treatment in England.

COVERED WITH ECZEMA.

Yet Zam-Buk Cured Him.

Mr. A. M. Brooks, of Wellington street, Steelton, says:

"Ten months ago I contracted eczema, which at first appeared on my neck, later spreading to my chest and body. I began doctoring, but instead of the disease being checked it showed signs of becoming worse; and my neck, chest, and my whole body was soon in a frightful condition. The skin actually peeled off, leaving the flesh raw.

"I suffered cruelly from the terrible itching and soreness, and was completely confined to the house. Not seeing or feeling any improvement, I next resorted to the ordinary salves and ointments recommended for skin diseases, but although I gave each preparation a fair trial, none seemed powerful enough to bring about a cure until I began using Zam-Buk.

"From the first application of Zam-Buk I had some relief, and as I persevered with its use daily the soreness was by degrees drawn out and the intense itching and aching completely vanished. In the end it worked a complete cure."

If you suffer from any skin disease don't make the above mistake, and try all sorts of things before Zam-Buk. Get Zam-Buk first! Eczema, ulcers, abscesses, poisoned wounds, cuts, cold sores, scalp sores, face eruptions, chaps, red, rough patches—all are healed and cured by Zam-Buk. Best balm for babies' rashes. All druggists and stores at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

THE RIGHT TERM.

"I wonder that dentists call their offices dental parlors."

"Why shouldn't they?"

"A more appropriate term would be drawing-rooms."

Free to Our Readers.

Write for Free Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48p. Illustrated Eye Book Free.

Tea That is Always Fresh

"SALADA" is grown in the finest tea gardens of the Island of Ceylon, picked every day and reaches you not later than fifteen weeks after being gathered. Its native purity and fine flavour are preserved in air-tight sealed "SALADA" packets. You are guaranteed tea of unvarying good quality.

"SALADA"

Ask your grocer for a package to-day. You'll like it.

SHE WASN'T SUPERSTITIOUS.

"Mary, Mary!" cried Mrs. Johnson to her maid, "what shall I do? I've just had a most dreadful accident, and don't know what's going to happen. I've broken my new hand-glass, and you know how unlucky it is to break a looking-glass. It means seven years' unhappiness."

"Lor', mum," replied Mary, "don't you set no heed on that. Look at me; I'm not fretting, and I've just broken the large pier-glass in the drawing-room."

Relief for the Depressed.—Physical and mental depression usually have their origin in a disordered state of the stomach and liver, as when these organs are deranged in their action the whole system is affected. Try Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They revive the digestive processes, act beneficially on the nerves and restore the spirits as no other pills will. They are cheap, simple and sure, and the effects are lasting.

RACE FOR LIFE.

Irate Doctor (finding bottle of quack medicine)—"Why didn't you tell me you were taking this wretched stuff?"

Patient—"Well, it was my mis-sus, sir. She says, I'll dose you with this, and doctor he'll try his stuff, and we'll see which'll cure you first."

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

Fortunate is the husband who is allowed to spend a little of his own money.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blood, blood-letting or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

A man is rich in power if he is able to do without the things wealth will buy.

AN Woman Know what is to have violent pain. Some take one thing and some another. Our advice is to place "The D & L Mental Plaster" over the seat of the pain; it will do more to give you comfort than anything.

"So your wife always lets you have the last word in an argument?" "Certainly," answered Mr. Meekton. "It is necessary for me to have the last word in order to show that I agree with her perfectly."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from

WEAK LUNGS

RESTORED BY PSYCHINE.

"PSYCHINE" has restored thousands of people to buoyant health and strength whose condition had been regarded as hopeless. It is a tonic and flesh-builder, containing remarkable properties as a blood purifier and germicide. It will strengthen and heal the weak lungs, force out the phlegm, and drive away the cough, no matter of how long standing.

"PSYCHINE" tones up the whole system and drives out disease, heals the decayed tissue and restores lost energy. Its use daily will prevent and ward off that most subtle disease consumption.

Write for a Free Sample.

For Sale by all Druggists & Dealers, 50c & \$1 per bottle.

Dr. T. A. S. UN LIMITED, TORONTO

PSYCHINE

PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN

STOCKS.

TO INVESTORS—YOUR ORDERS TO buy or sell Stocks will receive my personal attention. S. M. Mathews, Broker, 43 Scott St., Toronto.

EDUCATIONAL.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system—constant practice; careful instruction; few weeks complete course; tools free; graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly; write for catalogue Moler Barber College 221 Queen East, Toronto.

NEW TERM

Now open. Enter any time. Your training will be thorough and will bring you excellent results if secured at the British American Business College, Y.M.C.A. Bldg., TORONTO. Write for catalogue. T. M. WATSON, Principal.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—RELIABLE PARTNERS TO do machine knitting for us at home: \$7 to \$10 per week easily earned; wool, etc., furnished free; distance no hindrance. For full particulars address the Dominion Knitting Co., Dept. W. Orillia, Ont.

AMBITIOUS representation wanted in every locality to sell "Modern" specialties. Secure your territory now. Turn time into gold! \$5.00 to \$10.00 a day can be easily made. Write to-day. Modern Goods Co. of Canada, Owen Sound, Ont.

WANTED—LOCAL AND GENERAL Agents—Liberal contracts to good men; apply by letter. Continental Life Insurance Company, Toronto. Correspondence confidential.

MARLATT'S HAIR

Promoter

50c. & \$1 per bottle. 43 Bathurst St., Toronto.

CALVES—Raise Them Without Milk. Booklet Free. Steele, Briggs Seed Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

CURED HIS LAME BACK

West Fort William, Nov. 7th, 1906

"I have been troubled with a lame back for the past twenty years and have used plasters and ointments without effect. At last I tried Gin Pills, which proved just the thing, and I would highly recommend them to anyone who has a strained or lame back."

H. HARKNESS.

Gin Pills act directly on the kidneys—relieves the pain—neutralizes uric acid, which is generally formed when there is kidney trouble.

Try Gin Pills yourself before buying the regular 50c. boxes. Write National Drug & Chemical Co., (Dept. W L) Toronto, for free sample.

CORRECT.

"What is the plural of man, Johnny?" asked the teacher of a small pupil.

"Men," answered Johnny.
"Correct," said the teacher.
"And what is the plural of child?"
"Twins" was the logical, but unexpected reply.

Time tries all things, and as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup has stood the test of years it now ranks as a leading specific in the treatment of all ailments of the throat and lungs. It will soften and subdue the most stubborn cough by relieving the irritation, and restore the affected organs to healthy conditions. Use will show its value. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

LITERARY CONTAMINATION.

Mother—Johnny, you said you'd been to Sunday school.

Johnny (with a far-away look)—Yes, mamma.

Mother—How does it happen that your hands smell of fish?

Johnny—I carried home the Sunday school paper and the outside page is all about Jonah and the whale.

PILES CURED at HOME by New Absorption Method

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P. 719, Windsor, Ont.

It costs a young man more to educate himself than it cost his father to educate him.

"A Graveyard Sough" is the cry of tortured lungs for mercy. Give them mercy in the form of Allen's Lung Balm, which is used with such good effect even in consumption's early stages. Never neglect a cough.

WHY HE CRIED.

The sympathetic neighbor asked, "Is your little brother ill this morning, Johnnie? I heard him crying in the most heartrending manner."

"No, not exactly," Johnnie explained, "but Willie pulled down a jug of molasses on himself in the pantry, and mother has been trying to comb his hair."

Gunson—"Another increase in your family, eh? Son or daughter?"
Bilbee (gloomily)—"Son-in-law."

stores at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

THE RIGHT TERM.

"I wonder that dentists call their offices dental parlors."
"Why shouldn't they?"
"A more appropriate term would be drawing-rooms."

Free to Our Readers.

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and sells for 50c. Try It in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

THE PHILOSOPHER OF FOLLY.

"There's nothing in a name," says the Philosopher of Folly. "They told me Smith was an 'easy-going' man, but he stayed in my office an hour to-day when I wanted to work."

Every mother knows a lot of good rules for raising other people's children.

Misadventures in All Lands are friends of Painkiller. Hundreds of letters testify to the fact. For accidents and sudden emergencies, such as sprains, cuts and bruises, they find it invaluable. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller."—Perry Davis—50c and 50c.

A REASON.

Friend—"Great Heavens, man! Do I find you reduced to playing a cornet at the street-corner to make a living?"

Blagg—"I ain't doing this to make a living. My wife won't let me practice in the house."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE PINKETTS Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

DANGEROUS BEASTS.

The teacher had been telling the class about the rhinoceros family. "Now name some things," said she, "that are very dangerous to get near to and that have horns."
"Automobiles!" replied little Jennie Jones, promptly.

It Keeps the Muscles Pliant. — Men given to muscular sports and exercises and those who suffer muscular pains from bicycle riding will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil something worth trying. As a lubricant it will keep the muscles pliant and free from pains which often follow constant use of them, without softening or impairing their strength. For bruises, sprains and contusions it is without a peer.

Customer—"I haven't any change with me this morning; will you trust me for a postage-stamp until to-morrow?" Clerk—"Certainly, Mr. Luff." "But suppose I should get killed or—"
"Pray don't speak of it, Mr. Luff. The loss would be but a trifle."

Bad Blood

Is the direct and inevitable result of irregular or constipated bowels and clogged-up kidneys and skin. The undigested food and other waste matter which is allowed to accumulate poisons the blood and the whole system. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills act directly on the bowels, regulating them—on the kidneys, giving them ease and strength to properly filter the blood—and on the skin, opening the pores. For pure blood and good health take

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

Some take one thing and some another. Our advice is to place "The D & L" Mouth Plaster over the seat of the pain; it will do more to give you comfort than anything.

"So your wife always lets you have the last word in an argument?"
"Certainly," answered Mr. Meekton. "It is necessary for me to have the last word in order to show that I agree with her perfectly."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Maud—"Belle doesn't wear French heels any more. Her husband won't let her." Ethel—"I said she would lower herself by marrying him."

HORSE OWNERS! USE

CAUSTIC BALSAM.
A safe, speedy and positive cure for all sores, cuts, scratches, etc. The safest, most reliable remedy ever used. Relieves all diseases of the horse. It is the only remedy to produce more or less. Send for descriptive circulars.

THE LAWRENCE WILLIAMS CO., Toronto, Can.

CARPET DYEING

and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the British American Dyeing Co. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address: Box 180, Montreal.

FURS

Do you trap or buy Furs? I am Canada's largest dealer. I pay the highest prices. Your shipments solicited. I pay mail and express charges; remit promptly. Also largest dealer in Beehives, Sheepskins, etc. Quotations and shipping tags sent free.

JOHN HALLAM, TORONTO

MAPLEINE

HOTEL TRAYMORE

ON THE OCEAN FRONT.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.



A magnificent ten-story fire-proof addition is just being completed, making this famous hotel the newest and most up-to-date of Atlantic City Hotels. A new feature is the unusual size of the bed rooms, averaging 18 feet square.

Every room commands an ocean view, bath attached with sea and fresh water. Crystal-glass in every chamber. Temperature regulated by Thermomats, the latest development in cheap heating. Telephone in every room. Golf privileges. Capacity 600. Write for illustrated booklet.

CHARLES O. MARQUETTE, TRAYMORE HOTEL COMPANY, Manager. D. S. WHITE, President.

\$500 GASOLINE LAUNCH

23 Feet Long by 6 Feet Beam.

12 h.p. Fairbanks-Morse Marine Double Cylinder Engine

Very strong Hull, built for heavy seas. Boat fitted with Conboy Automobile Top and large wicker chairs. Complete outfit of tools, etc., all in first-class order. In use only a short time.

This Boat is Being Sold at a Sacrifice at Above Price

Box 28, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Be easily made. Write today. Modern Goods Co. of Canada, Owen Sound, Ont.

WANTED—LOCAL AND GENERAL Agents—Liberal contracts to good men: apply by letter. Continental Life Insurance Company, Toronto. Correspondence confidential.

MARLATT'S HAIR Promoter

50c. 50¢ per bottle. 33 Bathurst St., Toronto.

CALVES Raise Them Without Milk

Booklet Free. Steele, Briggs Seed Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

HOPE FOR THE DEAF IN ACQUICOM— In use throughout the world. Write for catalogue. General Acoustic Co. of Canada, Ltd., 423 Yonge Street, Toronto.

IODINOL

The famous new discovery of the age, positively, quickly, completely relieves and cures Croup, Thick Neck, Scleritis, Swellings, Bunions, Quinsy, etc. \$1.00, or 6 for \$5.00, mailed on receipt of price by LYLE MEDICINE CO., Toronto



Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 50¢ for 1 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

January Clearing Sale

Below you will find listed a few of the great bargains to be picked up at our sale:

	Sale price
75 pair ladies' 65c Rubbers, all sizes	50c
220 pair ladies' 80c Maple Leaf Rubbers	60c
150 pair men's light city rubbers, sizes 6 to 9	69c
Men's \$4.00 Gold Bond Boots	2.98
Men's \$5.00 Walkover Boots	3.75
Ladies' \$3.50 Pat. Colt Button and Lace Boots	2.39
Ladies' \$2.50 Kid Boots	1.98

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

January Sale

PRICES REDUCED
25 to 50 per cent.

on Ladies', Men's and Boys' Underwear, Toques, Mufflers, Mitts, Gloves, Boys' Sweaters, [Cardinal and Navy only], Knitted Shirts, Flannel Shirts,

To clear these lines out clean we will give **EXTRA SPECIAL** Prices during this month.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.
No work done on Sunday.
GIVE US A CALL.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.
We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Karn-Morris Pianos and Organs.

I have taken the agency for Napanee and district for the above well known Pianos and Organs and would be pleased to communicate with parties thinking of purchasing same. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices right.

C. A. WISEMAN,
John St.
Napanee.

5 tf

Vanilla 5 cents an ounce at Jessop's Pharmacy. Try a 3 ounce bottle for 15 cents.

Robert Gee, a Tamworth farmer, about sixty years of age, dropped dead, on Thursday last at his home, of heart failure.

Mr. John Laird had the misfortune to fall and break his wrist while working at the G. T. Station on Wednesday. He will likely be laid up for some weeks.

An engineer of the Railway Commission has examined the Belleville bridge across the bay, and pronounced some of the piers in need of repairs to make the bridge perfectly safe.

We Lead, Others Follow.

Following are the prices which prevail at the E. End Barber Shop. Hair cut, 15c, Mass e, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trimmed, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class.
J. N. OSBORN,
Prop.

Next Historical Meeting.

The next regular meeting of the Lennox and Addington Historical Society will be held in Historical Hall on Friday evening February 11th, at 8 o'clock. Prof. G. H. Needler of the University of Toronto, will give a lecture on "The German Empire and its People". This should be a very interesting meeting. It is open for the public and every one will be welcomed.

Opera house Wednesday and Thursday, Feb. 2nd & 3rd, Chimes of Normandy, Chorus of 40 Voices.

Something Worth Knowing.

The Simkins Steel Range has new and special features, not found in any other stove. Best heater, best baker, takes less fuel, and sold on approbation. Please call at my house and see it.

S. W. PRINGLE, Agent.
249 Centre street,
Napanee.

Installation.

On January 12th, 1910, the following officers were duly installed in Napanee Council, No. 146, C. O. C. F., by Friend Alf Knight, P. C. C.

Friend W. H. Hunter, C. C.
" P. I. Abrams, V. C.
" J. N. Osborne, Recorder.
" E. G. Grimshaw, Ass.-Rec.
" D. H. Preston, Treas.
" A. A. Albertson, Prelate.
" G. E. Garrison, Marshall.
" W. D. Hunter, Warden.
" Jos. J. Snider, Guard.
" F. Peacock, Sentry.

Friend D. H. Preston was elected Grand Council Representative.

Died at Newburgh.

The death occurred on Wednesday of last week of William Anderson, Newburgh, one of the oldest residents, in his eighty-ninth year. The late Mr. Anderson was born in Fredericksburgh but since early boyhood had resided in the township of Sheffield, until two years ago, when he removed to Newburgh. He had been a sufferer from an ailment of long standing, and for some months had been confined to bed. He is survived by a widow, three sons, John, in Prince Edward county, William, in Sheffield, and Robert at home, and one daughter, Mrs. Wright. Mr. Anderson was a life-long member of the Methodist church.

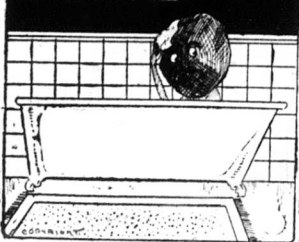
A. S. Kimmerly is selling 20 granulated or 22 lbs. sugar \$1; 8 lbs. best rolled oats, 25c; good flour \$2.00 per 100; 7 bars Comfort soap, 25c; 22 nutmeg 5c; 50 clothes pins 5c; granulated sugar \$4.75 per 100; Pierce's Favorite perscription 85c a bottle.

A Guarantee.

A copy of the beautiful picture entitled "The Soul's Awakening," size 10 x 24 inches, ready for framing, is still guaranteed to all who renew their subscriptions or become subscribers to The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. Too much cannot be said of this lovely picture. It deserves all that has been said of it and more too. A copy should be in every home in Canada and those who fail to make sure of a copy now will regret it later. It is safe to say that no one who has a copy would care to sell it for twice what he paid for The Family Herald for the year and the picture. One dollar pays a whole year's subscription to that great Weekly, and the picture is presented to each subscriber. Don't miss it.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

COAL



CLEAN COAL

doesn't need to take a bath before it's put in your coal bin or before it's shovelled into the furnace.

COAL WE SELL IS FREE FROM DIRT.

When we deliver a ton of coal and you pay for a ton, you're getting exactly what you bargained for.

THERE'S NO COAL SOLD CLEANER THAN OURS.

CHAS. STEVENS.

Office, West Side Market Square, 'Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-tf

CAMBRIDGE'S BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY



Try our Home-made Bread

Make Your Hens Lay Now

when eggs are bringing fancy prices, by feeding them

Mica Crystal Grit.
Crushed Oyster Shells
Granulated Poultry Bone

Buy your supplies from

FRANK H. PERRY.
Phone 130.

Where are the

STOCK - FOODS

of a few short years ago.

Their name was legion. It has been a survival of the fittest.

The International Stock Food

has stood the test of time. Once used always used.

Your hens will lay if you give them International Poultry Food.

We carry a full line of the International Remedies, and each one is backed by the International Spot Cash Guarantee.

See our Display in the West Window.

M. S. MADOLE,



Try our Home-made Bread

Call at our store for a fresh loaf for your next meal, or phone 96 and we will have our delivery call at your home, and once you try our bread you will be a steady user.

Try our Pastry

made fresh daily and of the purest and best ingredients.

Oysters

We sell lots of them because they are giving entire satisfaction to our many customers.

We also invite you to our LUNCH ROOMS where you will be made welcome at all hours.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Next door Robinson Co.

*Phone 96.

Napanee.

HIGHEST PRICE!

PAID FOR

Clover and Timothy Seed

—Also—

Farmers' Dried Apples.

—AT—

Symington's Seed Store

Dundas Street,
Napanee, Ontario.

THOS. SYMINGTON.

WINTER TERM!

—AT—

Peterboro Business College

Opens Monday, Jan. 3

1910.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION

Write Now for Literature

GEO SPOTTON.

J A McKONE,

President.

Principal

Kingston Business College
Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA.

**"Highest Education at
Lowest Cost."**

Twenty-Sixth year.
Fall term begins August 30th.
Courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand,
Teleg. Civil Service and English.
Our graduates get the best positions.
Within a short time over sixty secured
positions with one of the largest railway
corporations in Canada at good salaries.
Enter any time.
Call or write for information.

H. F. METCALFE,

Principal.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

backed by the International Spot
Cash Guarantee.

**See our Display in the
West Window.**

M. S. MADOLE,

'Phone, 13.

D. McCLEW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
Books Audited, Accounts Collected
MONEY TO LOAN.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY, of New York.

Assets \$340,000,000.

THE FIDELITY and CASUALTY
COMPANY, of New York.

Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or
ANY SICKNESS.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies,
including:—

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
INSURANCE CO.

Cash Assets \$35,000,000.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES—and other
live stock against loss by death from
accident, disease, fire and lightning;
also disablement allowances.

FIDELITY BONDING — Employers
Liability, Boiler and Fly-Wheel, Burg-
lary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance,
Motor Boats, Automobiles, etc.

CALL OR WRITE.

OFFICE, Grange Block, John Street,
Napanee, P. O. Box 136.

The

Belleville Business College

has thousands of graduates throughout
Canada and the United States. It has
furnished four teachers for the largest
American Business Colleges and two are
teachers in Canadian Colleges. Every
member of the Spring Class obtained good
positions. Over one hundred graduates
have good positions in the City of Belle-
ville. Write for our new Catalogue with
photographs of spring classes.

Address the

BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Limited.

Box B, Belleville, Ont.

50

F. E. O'FLYNN, B.A., Managing Director

**MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS.**



IN BUYING A MONUMENT

be sure to select granite that will hold
polish, LETTERS CLEAN CUT.

I use granite for bottom bases. Time
has proven that limestone will disintegrate
in a few years.

Thousands of memorials erected by me
in the past thirty years.

38-3m

V KOUBER, Napanee.

Robert Gee, a Tamworth farmer,
about sixty years of age, dropped dead,
on Thursday last at his home, of heart
failure.

Mr. John Laird had the misfortune
to fall and break his wrist while work-
ing at the G. T. Station on Wednes-
day. He will likely be laid up for
some weeks.

An engineer of the Railway Com-
mission has examined the Belleville
bridge across the bay, and pronounced
some of the piers in need of repairs to
make the bridge perfectly safe.

The senior and junior collegiate
hockey teams go to Belleville on
Saturday to play the Belleville high
school teams. The return matches
will be played here the following
Saturday.

Mr. W. J. Jewell has secured the
contract of remodelling the Aylsworth
store, a new front, metallic ceilings,
enclosed show windows, and other im-
provements will be effected in readi-
ness for occupation by McIntosh Bros.

**Don't forget Chimes of
Normandy, Wednesday &
Thursday evenings, Feb'y.
2nd and 3rd.**

The W. C. T. U. expect their Dom-
inion organizer, Mrs. Hyslop here on
Sunday, Feb. 6th. to give us some
stirring addresses. Mrs. Hyslop is an
able and pleasing speaker. The public
both men and women are cordially in-
vited to hear her. Particulars next
week.

At Wallace's you can get 6 lbs. best
Sulphur 25c, 6 lbs. best Salts 25c, gen-
uine N. and R. Butter color 15 and 25c,
3 packages of Diamond, Dyola or any
other dye 25c, Whooping cough re-
medy 25c, Compound Bland's Iron
Tonic pills, 100 in a bottle 25c, all of
Huffman's remedies. Everything fresh
and good at Wallace's Drug Store, Nap-
anee.

Mrs. Perry T. Ham, widow of the
late P. T. Ham, Esq., passed away
very suddenly on Friday morning last.
She had complained for a few days of
neuralgia but no one expected the end
was so near. A stroke of apoplexy
was the immediate cause of her death.
Mrs. Ham celebrated her eightieth
birthday a couple of weeks ago and
was in good health at that time. De-
ceased survived her late husband by a
short year. Mrs. Ham was a native of
this district, but up to a about six
years ago was a resident with her hus-
band, of Kansas city, Mo. Two
daughters, Miss Sadie Ham at home,
and Mrs. T. T. Bower, Winnipeg, Man.
remain. The funeral took place on
Monday.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**



RUSH IS OVER

We regret that owing
to the Christmas rush
we were compelled to
close our optical depart-
ment, and disappoint so
many of our customers.
We are now open for
business, and this de-
partment will have best
attention. Start the
new year right by hav-
ing your eyes properly
fitted by

H. E. SMITH.



what he paid for the Family Herald
for the year and the picture. One dol-
lar pays a whole year's subscription to
that great Weekly, and the picture is
presented to each subscriber. Don't
miss it.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scatches, Bar-
ber's itch, and every form of con-
tagious Itch on human or animalst
ured in 30 minutes by Wolford's
Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold
by—T. B. Wallace

Run On a Mexican Bank.

Mexico City, January 25.—A run on
the United States Banking Co. started
an hour before the closing time.
Twenty accounts, aggregating 200,000
pesos, were withdrawn. The National
Bank of Mexico and the Bank of Mon-
treuil have placed James Forsyth, as-
sistant manager of the Mexican branch
of the Bank of Montreal, in charge of
the affairs of the United States Bank-
ing Co. Most of the stock of the latter
institution is held by Canadians.
President George I. Ham, a former
Napanean, is one of the heaviest stock-
holders. It is reported that the United
States Bank recently borrowed 5,000-
000 pesos from the Bank of Montreal
and the National Bank of Mexico, and
lent this sum to a local corporation.
This corporation was unable to meet
the obligations when due.

Mexico City, Jan. 26.—The United
States Banking Company suspended
Wednesday, following its failure to
make the clearing-house settlement of
yesterday's business. The bank had
been given until 9.30 o'clock this morn-
ing to make the settlement, which it
had not been able to make at the close
of business yesterday. The directors
say that the suspension was voluntary
and for the protection of depositors.
They hope to be able to pay the latter
in full. The suspension is attributed
to the payment by President Ham of
drafts of the Mexico Packing Com-
pany, aggregating \$2,000,000, which
were not accepted in London. It is es-
timated that nearly \$3,500,000 was
withdrawn during the run. It is said
that the bank almost met the emer-
gency, but the failure of the Bank of
Montreal to provide more funds precipi-
tated the suspension.

10c Packag Free.

Wallace's Drug Store is giving away
free 10c package Seven Sutherland Sis-
ters Hair Shampoo. Everybody should
get one. We sell that Dry Shampoo,
Orris and Therox. T. B. Wallace,
Phm. B.—The Prescription Druggist.

LAST CUT

—in—

Overcoat Prices.

The balance of our Overcoat stock has
been marked down to clear before stock-
taking.

33 Men's Coats Left to Clear

\$9.00 values now	- \$5.50
10.00	- 6.50
12.00	- 8.50
15.00	- 10.50

Boys' Overcoats clearing 1/2 off.
50c Men's Heavy Mitts now 30c.
\$1 00 " " 75c.
50c all-wool Toggles now 40c.
20 per cent off balance of Heavy Wool
Underwear.

SALE OF MEN'S SHIRTS, SIZE 14 1/2

We are overstocked in this size and to
clear quick have marked all values up to
\$1.25, to clear at 75c.

Graham & VanaIstyne.

Napanee, Ont.

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Black and Blue

Serge Suits

prove as serviceable as any
Suits one can buy.

In this class of goods we
are offering some

Extra good bargains

which we know will
appeal to you.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.



YOU ARE PROUD
of your Wife and Children.

Why don't you bring them to us
to be photographed?

We will give you a Picture that
will make you prouder still.

The Berkley Studio

Next door to Post Office, Napanee.

Sale, Supper and Song.

The Womans Missionary Society and Mission Circle of the Western Methodist Church are busy preparing for their sale, supper and concert to be held in the lecture room of the church, on Tuesday, Feb. 8th, and cordially invite the public from town and surrounding district to be present. Supper to be served from 5.30 to eight. Concert immediately following. 25c for supper and concert.

The Ladies' Musical Club.

Each season the Napanee Ladies' Musical Club give their annual concert, and for this event neither trouble nor expense is spared to make it the musical event of the season. The best artists procurable are secured and the artists secured this year were in no way behind those secured in former years for the annual concert. The Brahms Trio and Miss Wilson came well recommended, and those present had the pleasure of listening to a programme at once strictly high-class as well as pleasing and enjoyable. All the numbers on the programme were beautifully rendered, each of the artists proving themselves masters of instrument and voice. While the Ladies' Musical Club do not expect to

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, January 30th.

Pastor Rev. G. W. McCall will preach both morning and evening.

PERSONALS

Patterson's Chocolates are good. Try their 25 cent box. It's a winner. Jessop's Pharmacy.

W. S. Herrington, K. C., was in Newburgh, on Tuesday.

Mr. Albert H. Scouten, Violet, was in Napanee, Saturday.

Mr. Hartley Lapum, of Montreal, arrived in town last Sunday to visit his parents.

Miss Clara Cairns left for Toronto, Monday, to visit friends.

Mr. W. F. Hall, made a business trip to London, Monday.

Mrs. Sidney Warner, who has been spending a month in Toronto, came home with Mr. A. E. Lang, on Friday last.

Mr. Sidney Sproule, Odessa, was in Napanee last Monday.

Mr. James Ferguson is spending this week in Syracuse, N. Y.

Mr. Wm. Ferguson, Indian Head, Sask., visiting friends in Napanee, left for home last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson, Bridge St., are both reported better. Mrs. Thompson came down to the dining room for dinner on Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary J. Osborne has been on the sick list, but is improving.

Mr. R. Osborne and Miss Blanche Peters were the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Peters, on Monday last, at Hayburn.

Mr. W. D. M. Shorey has passed his third year examination at the Law School, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, obtaining sufficient marks to entitle him to write for honors at Easter. He stood seventh on the list.

Mrs. T. Bower, of Winnipeg, is the guest of her sister, Miss Sadie Ham having come to attend the funeral of her mother.

Mr. H. M. Deroche is still confined to his home through illness.

Mrs. J. L. Madill is visiting friends in Prescott and Montreal.

Mr. Fred A. Perry, Chambers is enjoying a trip to New York, Providence, and Boston.

Mr. F. D. Marsh attended the Ottawa winter fair last week.

Miss Allie Craig was spending a few days in Toronto this week.

Miss H. M. Paul, Port Simpson, B. C. is visiting her mother at Newburgh.

Miss Edith Hooper, Lindsay, is the guest of Mrs. H. T. Forward, Piety Hill.

Mrs. Wilson, of Glenora, left on Saturday last for England to visit her sister, Mrs. Sale.

Mrs. H. A. Lake, of Liverpool, England, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Martha Finkle, and other friends in Napanee, for the past ten weeks, left for Providence on Thursday.

Mr. Robert Thompson and sister, expect to occupy their new home, about the first week in February.

Mrs. Thomas Pearson, of Napanee, left on the 20th of January for Oswego, N. Y., where she will visit her sisters, and mother, Mrs. John Burren.

Miss Edith Scott, Slash Road, leaves on Monday next for a visit of several months with her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Guess Copperhill Tenn.

M. Ernest Madden successfully passed his second year examinations at the Law School, Osgoode Hall, Toronto.

Miss Grace C. Lloyd, formerly of Napanee, has been accepted as a nurse-in-training in the hospital at Cohoes, N. Y.

Mr. F. C. Lloyd has disposed of his business to Mr. Thompson and leaves for Victoria, B. C. on Feb. 7th.

Miss Sadie McNichol and Miss Dot

Trinity Church.

Anniversary will be held on March 6th and 7th. Special arrangements are being made for Sunday service and Monday evening concert.

Napanee Defeats Kingston.

The Kingston curling teams were defeated in Napanee, on Tuesday, 41 shots to 27. Both Kingston rinks were defeated, but win the round, by fifteen shots, as they defeated Napanee in Kingston, 46 shots to 17. The following were the players:—

Kingston—A. B. Williams, W. J. Driver, J. S. Asselstine, R. D. Sutherland, skip—18.

Napanee—G. M. Taylor, A. Battle, W. Maybe, C. H. Edwards, skip—19. Kingston—T. Burns, W. P. Hedley, S. S. Corbett, T. M. Asselstine, skip—9.

Napanee—F. C. Bogart, J. Allison, M. Graham, U. M. Wilson, skip—22.

Installation of Officers.

District Deputy Donnelly and suite, of Deseronto, installed the following officers in Napanee Lodge, No. 86, I. O. O. F., on Tuesday evening:

J. P. G.—Matthew Taylor, N. G.—A. F. Chinneck, V. G.—Elwell Bell.

Fin. Secy.—E. H. McLaughlin. Rec. Secy.—Guy Chapman.

Treas.—G. B. Joy, R. S. N. G.—E. J. Pollard.

L. S. N. G.—Jas. Pringle, R. S. V. G.—O. S. Davis.

L. S. V. G.—Edgar VanBlaricom, R. S. S.—W. H. Shane.

L. S. S.—H. E. Boyle, I. G.—H. Cline.

O. G.—G. W. Boyes, War.—Frank Dean.

Con.—John Derry, Chap.—F. W. Vandusen.

After installation a light lunch was tendered the brothers at Steacy's restaurant.

Don't forget the full pound package Violet Imported French Talcum Powder, perforated top for 25 cents. Jessop's.

WILTON.

Mrs. R. Storms is quite ill.

Mrs. T. Mills and Mrs. Birdsall left on Friday for a visit with Mrs. W. Jordan, Campbellford.

Miss Eva Gallagher was accompanied home from Brewer's Mills, this week, by Miss Dillon and Mr. Anglin.

Mrs. Byron Caton, Odessa, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Simmonds. Rev. W. S. Boyce spent last week with his mother at Norham.

ODESSA.

There will be a recount of the local option ballots, by Judge Madden, in the town hall, Odessa, on February 1st, at 10 a. m.

A number of people from Kingston and other outside places took advantage of the fine night, to attend the enjoyable "at home" and dance, held by the Foresters here, on Wednesday night, and the affair netted about \$65, which speaks well for the management. This, we understand, is to be held by the I. O. F. annually, hereafter.

George W. Lucas was elected president of the township Agricultural Society for the ensuing year. The society made a fine showing, financially for 1909.

BATH.

A grand concert will be given in the near future, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church. One notice will be given later.

One of our citizens was in the terrible wreck on the C. P. R. last week. Jos. F. Johnston, who travelled for a firm in Belleville, was in the first-class car and was seriously injured in the back and leg, but at last reports was improving, but is still in the Hospital. He was one of three who escaped from the ill-fated car, the rest being all killed.

G. A. Wartman attended county council in Napanee this week.

Robert Mott, who has been poorly for a few days, is around again.

D. B. Rutnan and wife are visiting friends near Yarker.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Lighting struck a barren spot on a Texas farm and revealed an oil well that has a flow of 200 barrels a day.

Six hundred thousand persons in the Pittsburgh district will abstain from eating meat for a month in an attempt to force down the price.

Hon. G. E. Foster's suit against the Toronto Globe, which was to have been heard, on Friday, was postponed at the request of the plaintiff's counsel.

British Columbia Liberals are reorganizing, and propose to hold a Provincial convention during the coming summer and invite Sir Wilfrid Laurier to attend.

Mr. A. W. Campbell, Deputy Minister of Public Works for Ontario, has been appointed Deputy Minister of Railways at Ottawa, to succeed Mr. M. J. Butler.

An Italian named Merino shot and killed Foreman Frank Marano at a railway camp near Grafton and wounded two other Italians. Merino was arrested near Colborne.

Joseph Dextester, Tyendinaga, arraigned in court on the charge of assaulting Mrs. David B. Hill, a young married woman of the Mohawk Reserve, pleaded guilty and after some consultation the matter was settled.

That Harry Thaw is a bankrupt and that his estate is subject to the bankruptcy laws, is held by Referee William R. Blair, Pittsburgh, who handed down an opinion permitting the sale of Thaw's property to his sister, Alice Copeley Thaw.

On Saturday afternoon, while crazed with zealous rage, through being jilted, Joseph Schell, barber, stabbed, perhaps fatally, his former sweetheart, Margery Harvey, and Nettie Bennett, her chum and roommate, in their room at 75 Shuter street, Toronto.

The Old Homestead Canning Co., Picton, one of the independent concerns and owned by Richardsons, of Kingston, is to go into the new merger of Ontario canneries. H. W. Richardson admitted that his factory would be in the merger which he regarded as a first-class arrangement. It will be a benefit to the trade, will save expenses, will control output, will produce the best of goods and will not increase present prices. There will be no water in the stock. The concerns will be taken over at their real valuation and stock given in the merger for the property. The merger comprises, with three or four exceptions, the biggest canners in Ontario. The Farmers' Canning Company of Bloomfield, the Burlington Canning Company, and the Essex Canning Company are the independents. Canners at Belleville, Bloomfield, Brighton, Napanee, Mountain View, Oshawa, Picton, Port Hope, Trenton and Wellington are in the new consolidation—Kingston Whig.

THE BABY TURTLE.

He Has to Paddle His Own Canoe From the Moment of Birth.

Just so soon as a baby turtle emerges from the egg off he scuttles down to the sea. He has no one to teach him, no one to guide him. In his curious little brain there is implanted a streak of caution based upon the fact that until a certain period in his life his armor is soft and no defense against hungry fish, and he at once seeks shelter in the tropical profusion of the gulf weed, which holds within its branching fronds an astonishing abundance of marine life. Here the young turtle feeds unmolested while his armor undergoes the hardening process.

Whatever the young sea turtle eats and wherever he eats it, facts not generally ascertained, one thing is certain—it agrees with him immensely. He leads a pleasant sort of life, basking in the tropical sun and cruising leisurely in the cool depths.

Once he has attained the weight of twenty-five pounds, which usually occurs within the first year, the turtle is free from all danger. After that no fish or mammal, however ravenous, however well armed with teeth, interferes with the turtle.

When once he has withdrawn his head from its position of outlook into the folds of his neck between the two shells intending devourers may struggle in vain to make an impression upon him.—Harper's Weekly.

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The Warden.
At the opening meeting of the County Council on Tuesday afternoon, Mr. Smith Gilmore, Reeve of Sheffield Township, was unanimously elected Warden for 1910. Mr. Gilmore is not a strong party man, but one to be depended upon to give everyone a square deal, and under his able leadership the county council may be depended upon to handle the affairs of the county in a business like manner. On assuming the chair Mr. Gilmore heartily thanked the members of the council for the honor conferred on him. He felt the responsibility of the position and claimed the hearty support of all the members. Matters of importance would come before the council for consideration, the heating of the county buildings, the county roads, and other matters. He hoped good men would be appointed to the chairmanships of the various committees, so that the work of the council might be smoothly and efficiently despatched.

Jessop's Myrrh Tooth Paste at 15c. per tube, preserves and whitens the teeth.

Historical Meeting a Success.
The meeting of the Historical Society on Friday evening was a success and although the attendance was affected by the bad weather a goodly number were present. Rev. G. W. McCall gave a paper on "Early Methodism in these Parts", which gave an interesting story of the growth of that great church in the old country. Prof. A. E. Lang of the University of Toronto, gave a fine lecture on "The Elements of our National Life." Prof. Lang is certainly master of his subject and it is unfortunate that he did not have more time to give the lecture. His explanation of the origin of the immigrants that are coming to Canada in such crowds was well worked out and his conclusions were most interesting. It is safe to say that nearly all of his listeners agreed with him. Prof. Lang has promised the Society to give another lecture next season. He will be given a hearty welcome. The President thanked Messrs. McCall and Lang for the work they had done. The meeting closed with "God Save the King".



Reaching the People

A prominent real estate dealer in Toronto says that he gets better and quicker results from the Classified Want Ads. than from any other kind of publicity. He states that the results are out of proportion to the small expense involved.

There is a moral in that for you if you want to reach the people.

Copyright 1909 by W. H. McCurdy

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Miss Sadie McNichol and Miss Dot Clapp, of Toronto, are visiting Mrs. J. H. Clapp.

Mrs. Will H. Boyle gave an "At Home" on Saturday afternoon and entertained at cards on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Dr. C. M. Stratton entertained on Tuesday afternoon, (cards.)

Dr. D. J. Smith, of Napanee, left for Florida, Friday, Jan. 28th, 1910. He sails by steamer from New York next Tuesday.

Mr. W. J. Diamond, Tamworth, was in town on Thursday.

Mr. A. E. Paul was in Bath on Thursday.

Mr. E. R. McBride, Belleville was visiting the J. J. Haines store a couple of days this week.

Master Martin Ketcheson is home from Kingston General Hospital, where he went for treatment for an attack of appendicitis caused by falling off a horse.

Valentine Post Cards at Jessop's, new styles and beautiful cards. Come and see them.

BIRTHS.

MALONEY.—At Deseronto, on Monday, Jan. 17th, to Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Maloney, a daughter.

MAHRIAGES.

ANDREWS.—GREER.—At Napanee, on Tuesday, Jan. 24th, 1910, by the Rev. F. T. Dibb, Mrs. Anna Greer, of Napanee, to David Andrews, of Oswego.

DEATHS

HAM.—At Napanee, on Friday, Jan. 21st, 1910, Rebecca Ham, relict of the late Perry T. Ham, aged 80 years, 11 days.

Long Night Coal Oil.

If you have never used Pratt's Astral Coal Oil, we would suggest that you try one gallon. It has a pleasant odor, will not smoke the chimneys, and is clear in color. Sold at The Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.—Fred L. Hooper.



WISS SCISSORS

and Shears stay sharp whether you cut the heaviest felt or the lightest of muslin.

It does not cost a cent more when buying scissors and shears to be sure of their high quality and long service—you are insured of this when your purchase bears the trade mark.

J. WISS & SONS
NEWARK, N. J.
U.S.A.

It is on every pair of genuine Wiss Shears and Scissors and is your assurance of satisfaction—or you get a new pair or your money back.

Popular Styles, 50c. to \$1.00 according to size.

Sold by
M. S. Madole, Napanee.

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Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

Good Groceries should always be purchased in preference to inferior goods.
We keep none but the best.

S. CASEY DENISON.

'Phone 101.

New Telephone Directory!

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada is about to issue a New Telephone Directory

For the District of Eastern Ontario, including NAPANEE.

Orders for new connections, changes of firm names, changes of street addresses or for duplicate entries should be handed in at once to

MISS E. M. SCOTT, Local Manager.

Robert Light

DEALER IN—

MANUFACTURER OF—

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
and Cedar Posts.

Tanks, and all
kinds of Sash
Factory & Plan-
ing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

Letter Heads
Statements
Bill Heads
Envelopes
Cards

The Napanee Express Job Department does anything and everything in the way of high-grade commercial printing. Our assortment of job type is complete, our press facilities of the best, and our workmen true typographical artists. This tells all the story of our facilities for doing job printing of the right kind at right prices.

**Cards
Envelopes
Bill Heads
Statements
Letter Heads**